JHANSI.

Supplementary notes and statistics to

VOLUME XXIV

OF THE

District Gazetteers of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh



ALLAHABAD:

Printed by the Superintendent, Government Press, United Provinces. $1\ 9\ 1\ 6\ .$

DISTRICT GAZETTEER

FOR

JHANSI DIVISION.



Agents for the sale of United Provinces Government publications.

IN ENGLAND.

- Mall, London.
- Constable & Co., 10, Orange Street, Leicester Square, London, W. C.
- P. S. King & Son, 2 and 4, Great Smith Street, Westminster, London, S. W.
- Kegan Paul, Trench, Trübner & Co., 68-74, Carter Lane, E. C., and 25, Museum Street, London, W. C.
- Grindlay & Co., 54, Parliament Street, London, S. W.

- Henry S. King & Co., 65, Cornhill, and 9, Pall | Bernard Quaritch, 11, Grafton Street, New Bond Street, London, W.
 - B. H. Blackwell, 50 and 51, Broad Street, Oxford.
 - Deighton, Bell & Co., Limited, Cambridge.
 - T. Fisher Unwin, Limited, 1, Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C.
 - W. Thacker & Co., 2, Creed Lane, London, E. C.
 - Luzac & Co., 46, Great Russell Street. London, W. C.

ON THE CONTINENT.

Ernest Leroux, 28, Rue Bonaparte, Paris. | Martinus Nijhoff, The Hague, Holland.

IN INDIA.

Thacker, Spink & Co., Calcutta.

Newman & Co., Calcutta.

- S. K. Lahiri & Co., Calcutta.
- R. Cambray & Co., Calcutta.
- Messrs. Butterworth & Co., Limited, Booksellers, 6, Hastings Street, Calcutta.

Higginbotham & Co., Madras.

- V. Kalyanarama Aiyar & Co., Madras.
- G. A. Natesan & Co., Madras.

Thompson & Co., Madras.

S. Murthy & Co., Madras.

Temple & Co., Madras

Cambridge & Co., Madras.

Thacker & Co, Limited, Bombay.

A. J. Combridge & Co., Bombay.

D. B. Taraporewalla, Sons & Co., Bombay.

Radhabai Atmaram Sagoon, Bombay.

Sunder Pandurang, Bombay.

Rai Sahib M. Gulab Singh & Sons, Mufid-iam Press, Lahore.

Superintendent, American Baptist Mission Press, Rangoon.

Mesers. Students & Co., Cooch Bihar.

A. M. and J. Ferguson, Ceylon.

Rai Prag Narain Bhargava Bahadur, Proprietor, Newal Kishore Press, Lucknow.

Messrs. Wheeler & Co., 15, Elgin Road, Allahabad

Ram Dayal Agarwala, Bookseller, 184, Katra Road, Allahabad.

N. B. Mathur, Superintendent, Nazair Kanun Hind Press Allahabad.

Corrections to be made in the Gazetteer of Jhansi district.

Page 7 lines 4 and 5.—For "that part . . . Bundel-khand" read "the Jhansi Division.

Page 6, line 6.—Add after 'Punchh,' and footnote, now in Jalaun district.

Page 10, line 5.-For 'thirty' read 'sixty'.

Page 10, line 14.—For 'after a course miles' read "after a course on the border of or through the district of nearly 140 miles.

Page 10, lines 20-22.—For 'and the cascade . . . spectacle," read "At Bandron 6 miles N. W. of Jakhora are the falls known as Karkarao. Here the Betwa cuts its way through a long dyke of volcanic rock, purple brown in colour and showing the normal prismatic structure. Except during the rains the whole river runs through a narrow gorge close to the Gwalior bank to a sort of cauldron perhaps twenty yards square out of which the water passes by two openings, the larger ten feet, the smaller three feet wide; from these openings there is a fall of fifteen feet into a deep pool followed by another gorge. The falls face east; and close to them is another passage, dry when the river is at its ordinary cold weather level, leading to another pool called the Baoli, over which is a natural arch."

Page 10, last line.—Omit second 'o' in 'Oorchha'.

- (1) Page 11, line 2-Delete, and
- (2) Page 11, line 2.—After 'Lalitpur road' add' and immediately below the weir at Dhukwan on the Babina Nathi Khera road.'
- (3) Page 11, line 8.—After 'six inches' add "and that flood appears to have been from one to two feet below the flood of 1869 which appears to be the highest of which there is any record".
- (4) Page 11, line 26.—After 'Hamirpur' insert "and a causeway for the Jhansi-Nowgong road at Deori. It is dammed at Lachura where are the headworks of the Dhasan Canal, and at Pahari opposite Deori, to form a second storage reservoir for that Canal'.

(5) Page 11, line 27.-For 'Ghat Lachura' read 'Rura'.

Page 11, lines 30-31.—For 'Near Madanpur' read 'some 20 miles N. N. W. of Saugor town'.

Page 11, line 33.—Delete "west".

Page 11, line 35 .- For 'twenty' read 'forty'.

Page 12, line 6 .- For 'Chaich' read 'Chench'.

Page 12, line 13.-For 'seventeen' read 'twenty-five'.

Page 12, line 16 .- For 'It' read 'its'.

Page 12, line 31. - For 'Situated' read 'suited'.

Page 12, line 38.-For 'Kachneh' read 'Kachneo'.

Page 13, line 2.—Before 'Bijaipura' insert 'Bar, Jakhora.'

Page 13, line 17.-For 'is' read 'was'.

Page 13, line 18.—After 'important' add 'until the recent construction of the lakes at Garhmau and Siaori'.

Page 13, line 20.—After 'Haibatpura' add ' in pargana Garautha'.

Page 14, line 4.—For 'each' read' the 'and add after 'succession' 'as at Raksa in pargana Jhansi'.

Page 15, line 35 .- For 'ravine' read 'rock'.

Page 18, line 35 .- For '75' read '70'.

Page 19, line 2.—After 'property' add 'though the trees are still recorded as Government property'.

Page 20, line 24-After 'Banda' insert † and add a foot note.

† The management of the Moth forests, consisting of 70 separate plots varying in area from one to 250 acres was transferred back to the Collector in 1908 and they are managed through the revenue staff and the zamindars of the villages within whose boundaries they lie. The zamindars being rightholders in these forests are bound legally to protect them.

Page 21, lines 3 and 4.—For 'and . . . rest by 'read 'by Mr. Goudge, Assistant Settlement Officer, and defined in '.

Page 21, (2) line 5.—After 'Gazette' add "In certain villages, portions of whose lands had been acquired as reserved forests or which bordered on the area reserved, rights were recognized to a certain amount of free timber for agricultural purposes and to the grazing of a certain number of cattle at cheap rates. These rights were the subject of further discussion in 1908 when rates were fixed definitely limiting the

amount of timber allowed and the number of cattle permitted to graze at privileged rates. Finally in 1911, the rules were again revised and the lists of the villages entitled to privileges were again amended.

Under the existing rules the privileged villages are permitted to graze the number of cattle noted against each at the rate of three pies per cow, a buffalo counting as two cows while all other villages pay four annas per cow."

Page 23, line 19 .- For 'Sanyar' read 'Sainyar'.

Page 23, line 22.—Delete "Sold at auction . or ".

Page 24, line 18.—For 'mummularia' read 'nummularia'.

Page 24, line 25 .- For ';' substitute '.'

Page 24, lines 26 and 27—Delete and insert "Recently the firm of Messrs. Abbott Brothers has imported stone cutting machinery and is beginning to quarry on a commercial scale. The granite is of excellent quality being reported better than that of Aberdeen, in fact it is so hard that the machinery used for cutting Aberdeen granite is found to be scarcely capable of dealing with it. But railway freights are so high that the Aberdeen stone can be landed at Bombay cheaper than that from Jhansi in spite of the fact that the cost at Jhansi is much lower than at Aberdeen. The Jhansi stone is being used for the headworks of the Upper Ganges Canal at Hardwar".

Page 24, line 31.—After 'Soapstone' add' (steatite)'.

Page 25, line 4.—After 'Jhansi' insert:—Selenite has been found in a few places in the north of Garautha. Crystals are found scattered through a peculiar friable clay in the ravines of Gokal and Gonti. In Gokal it occurs in the Bira Nala and in Gonti along the Gararyao and Usraiti Nalas. The local name for selenite is usraith or harsonth while the clay in which it occurs is known as 'gajar mitti.' (For further details see records of Geological Survey XL.)

Page 25, line 10.—After 'Madaura' insert "All this sandstone is of the red variety.

Page 25, line 21.—After 'steatite' insert "known locally as "gora patthar".

Page 25, line 24.-For 'to read 'as far as .

Page 25, line 32.—For "Four" read " very few, two or three being situated at Solda and one occasional working at Sonrai or Kurrat."

Page 25, line 35.—After 'forest' insert. 'The conditions of working used to be that for . . . '

Page 25, line 36.—For 'is' read 'was'.

Page 25, line 37.—For 'requires' read 'required'.

Page 25, line 38.—For 'proviso' read 'provisos'.

Page 26, line 1.—For 'are' read 'were' and after 'cut' add 'and that cutting was confined to an area of one square mile'.

Page 26, line 3.—After 'time' add' But the Forest Department has now raised the charges to Rs. 2 per annum for ore for one furnace, and 8 annas per acre for the right to cut certain kinds and sizes of trees from that area. This almost trebles the cost of production, and will probably finally kill the industry'.

Page 26, line 4.—For 'like . . . thick 'read 'of dried mud about four feet high and three feet in diameter'.

Page 26, line 35.—After 'iron' add 'Iron ore has also been mined near Uldhana Khurd and near Amoda, both places in pargana Madaura. It was smelted in other places in the district, such as Nathi Khera and Jer (10 miles south of Barwasagar), the ore coming from Dhaurra in Orchha.

Page 27, line 20.—For "have never been worked" read "were never worked until the year 1909 when a firm called 'The Jabalpur Prospecting Syndicate' took out a licence to work them. The firm started operations early in 1912 and has discovered copper ore with indications of silver, and by 1913 had succeeded in extracting a few hundred weights of metallic copper.

Page 27, line 24.—Before "The only" insert "Until recently (see page 24,)". and for 'is' read' was'.

Page 27, line 28.—Delete "generally . . . day and add after 'cartage' in line 29 "generally used now, as it doubtless was then, for ordinary buildings, and very little carving is now done at all".

Page 28, line 30.—For "Rs. 10 a head" read "Rs. 15 a head wher caught or killed anywhere outside the re-

serve forests and Rs. 30 when caught or killed inside that area".

Page 29, lines 6-7—For "also . . . jungles" read "is also numerous and most destructive".

Page 29, line 19.-For 'sarus' read 'saras'.

Page 29, line 25.—Before 'kalanbans' insert 'rohu'.

Page 29, line 27.—Delete 'rohu'.

Page 30, line 6.—For 'Saugor and Banda' read 'Jalaun, Saugor and Banda'.

Page 30, line 8.—After 'esteem' insert "while the animals from Jalaun are for the most part bred in the eastern portion of Gwalior and neighbouring territories and only sold at the cattle market of Kunchh in Jalaun district".

Page 30, line 14.—After 'Jhansi' insert "A certain number of cattle are also bred in the extreme south-east along the Dhasan. This breed is known as 'Dangi'; its chief breeding grounds are however in Saugor".

Page 31, line 4.-For '50' read '60'.

Page 31, line 5.—For '60' read '80'.

Page 31, line 5 .-- For 'cattle' read 'bullocks'.

Page 31, line 6.—For '20 to 30' read '30 to 40'.

Page 31, line 23.—After 'feeding' insert "they are however most destructive to anything in the nature of tree growth and must be held largely responsible for the treeless character of large stretches of land. It is probable that the district would benefit by their complete extermination".

Page 32, line 2 .- Delete ' and '.

Page 32, line 3.—After 'rog' insert 'blackquarter and Haemorrhagic septicaemia'.

Page 32, line 4.—For the 'latter' read 'foot and mouth disease'.

Page 32, line 6.—For "Haemorrhagic septicaemia . . . occur" read "Sporadic cases of all diseases occur throughout the year".

Page 32, line 7.—After 'maintains' add' a veterinary hospital at Jhansi in charge of a veterinary assistant and'.

Page 32, line 37.—For "The readings . . . walls" read "The readings now usually average somewhat lower than

before owing to the removal of the observing station from within the city walls to a more airy place outside.

Page 33, line 17.—For 'as you . . . north' read 'from south to north.'

Page 33, line 20.—After 'department' insert "which now also records the rainfall at Parichha, Nadsia, Garhmau and Siaori".

Page 33, lines 20-21.—For "but does . . . limits" read "and fluctuates between fairly wide limits".

Page 33, line 25.—For "The most . . . on records" read "In the Sub-division the lowest falls on record occurred in ".

Page 34, line 16.—For 'and 1900 when' read '1900 and 1906 in which last year it was the highest on record; in all of these years'.

Page 34, line 32.—After "only" insert "It is however a noteworthy fact brought out by analysis of mortality statistics in connection with recent investigations of malaria that the recorded death rate from malaria in Jhansi in the most malarious of the ten years ending with 1911 is very little more than it was in the least malarious year of the same period in Meerut and Muzaffarnagar".

Page 35, line 28.—After 'food' insert "There does not however appear to be any scientific foundation for these allegations".

Page 36, line 2.—After '1904' add 'Until the cold weather of 1911-12, when a somewhat severe epidemic broke out in Jhansi city. Scattered villages in Jhansi and Moth tahsils also suffered, and there were a few cases at Lalitpur'.

Page 37, lines 11-12.—After 'is' insert 'to a great extent' and for 'and the harvest . . . garnered' read 'but it is not fair to reproach the Bundelkhandi with laziness on this account: over a large part of the district the soil is black cotton: if the season is favourable, an excellent erop is obtained by little more than scratching the soil and putting in the seed, while if the rain fail or fall at inopportune times, nothing that the cultivator can do will give him a crop. The increase of irrigation is changing this slowly".

Page 37, line 14.—After 'hamlets' read 'a state of affairs largely due to the nature of the soil, as black soil is unhealthy

to live on and affords very bad foundations for houses of any sort.

Page 37, line 15.—For 'except in' read 'though mainly confined to'.

Page 37, line 16.—For 'is unknown' read' is practised to some extent'.

Page 37, lines 17-20.-Delete one may . . . there is'.

Page 37, line 20.—For 'good husbandry' read 'Good husbandry is'.

Page 37, line 26.—After 'heard' insert 'throughout the cold weather'.

Page 38, line 13.—For 'heads are . . . November 'read' are cut at the beginning of November so as to leave about two to three feet of the stalks on the ground'.

Page 38, line 15.—For "The succulent . . . plants" read 'these'.

Page 38, line 17.—For 'uprooted' read 'pulled by hand, the hardness of the soil at the time they are gathered preventing anything in the shape of roots or earth being pulled up with the plants'.

Page 38, line 17.—For "In October . . . place" read "Rabi sowings often begin as early as the last week in September, and continue, according to the state of moisture of the land, until early in December".

Page 38, lines 23—25.—For 'where the crops . . . can' read "the capacity of the soil for retaining moisture is so great that in ordinary years a good crop is obtained without any irrigation which indeed is very rarely available in such areas".

Page 39, line 38. - For "Kakarwai" read "Kakarbai".

Page 41, lines 19—21.—For 'There . . . place' read "with the increasing facilities for irrigation this double cropped area should increase, especially so if, as there are grounds for hoping, rainy season irrigation, which is more easily arranged, is made use of for growing a larger area of rice".

Page 42, line 9.—After '68.61' insert 'per cent'.

Page 43, line 12.-For 'Mau' read 'Moth'.

Page 43, line 18 .- For 'Many' read' More than twenty'.

Page 43, line 22.—Before 'bansmati' insert 'bandila' and for 'and jhuns' read 'erni, jhuns and sarkar'.

Page 44, line 6.—After 'mixed' add' Efforts are being made to increase the area sown with cotton, more especially of cotton sown after hot weather irrigation'.

Page 44, line 20.—After 'September' add "Two varieties, white, and black, are recognized, of which the former is slightly the more valuable."

Page 44, line 23.—After 'flowers' add 'Weight for weight ramtili sells for little more than half the price of tili.'

Page 44, line 26.—After 'Lalitpur' add' It is almost entirely confined to the parwa soils in villages near the Betwa and Dhasan.'

Page 44, line 29.—For 'Several' read' Over twenty'.

Page 44, line 30.—For 'cultivated' read ' are recognized'.

Page 45-footnote, line 3.-For 'that' read 'death.'

Page 46, line 6.—After 'dimunition' add 'and subsequent increase.'

Page 46, line 11.—For 'has not yet recovered' read' is only now recovering.'

Page 46, line 11 - For 'eultivation' read 'cultivation.'

Page 46, line 12.—For 'Some' read 'considerable.'

Page 46, line 13.—For 'during . . . 39, 887' read' in 1911-12 the area has risen to 55,221.'

Page 46, line 15.—For '28,536' read '41,805' and after 'total' insert 'a remarkable sign of the recovery of confidence in wheat is seen in the fact that during the year 1911-12 no less than 82,747 acres were sown with wheat and gram intermixed and 8,945 acres with wheat and barley intermixed. The fall in the area of wheat and barley intermixed is due to the increase of the area sown with wheat alone in Lalitpur.'

s age 46, line 17.-For '10,788' read '10,832."

Page 46, line 33.—After 'grown' add "The Agricultural department, however, has in recent years been pushing the sowing of wheat in black soil. Special varieties of both kathia and pissi supplied from the Orai farm are now regularly distributed in the shape of takavi to cultivators, and this seed has done remarkably well. In 1912, besides selected kathia and pissi, a new variety soharia was supplied. This is a black soil wheat, similar in many ways to kathia, but much less liable to rust."

age 47, line 6.-For 'always' read 'usually.'

Page 49, lines 25 and 29.—For 'Kachneh' read 'Kachneo.'

Page 50-Foot note, line 2.—For 'Dharamsala' read 'Sheorao-Sagar' and delete 'Sheorao-Sagar' after 'Lachmi-Tal.'

Foot-note, lines 6, 7 and 8.—Transpose 'Bilahti Kharki, Sagauli, 'after 'Haibatpura.'

Page 51, line 4.—For '1896-97 and' read '1896-97,' and after '1900' add 'and still more the Irrigation Commission of 1901—03.'

Page 51, line 15.—After 'not' insert 'as yet.'

Page 51, line 16.—For 'an' read 'a very.'

Page 51, line 17.—Omit 'for.'

Page 51, lines 17-18.—Omit 'but only' and for 'the black soil . . . of 'read' in the N. E. corner of, 'and omit 'where . . . over come.'

Page 51, lines 7-14. - For 'a large . . . area' read 'In 1911, however, the Special Tanks Division was abolished. On the completion of the reservoir at Dhukwan the Bundelkhand tract was divided into four Executive Divisions in charge of separate Executive Engineers, with control of all irrigation works, whether canals or tanks, within those divisions, namely, the two Betwa Canal Divisions, with headquarters at Jhansi and Orai respectively, the Dhasan Canal Division, and the Ken Canal Division. Large numbers of projects have been prepared, and large numbers have been carried out, while large numbers are still being considered or planned. Some of the works have been reserved to be constructed as special famine relief works, but the majority are carried out by means of agreements with the zamindars who are affected. When the plan has been drawn up and the areas to be irrigated are benefitted worked out, the zamindars are called upon to say if they will enter into an agreement to pay certain sums of money calculated to recoup the Government for its outlay. These agreements usually take one of three forms: either the zamindars agree to pay water rate at such rate as may be fixed on the area irrigated or benefitted (form A); or to pay a certain lump sum in half yearly instalments calculated on a consideration of the area which it is estimated will be irrigated or benefitted (form B); or to pay a percentage on the actual cost (form C). But individual agreements vary in minor particulars. Tanks

are restored and repaired as well as constructed under these agreements. The question of legislation to enable Government to deal more effectively with certain matters relating to these tanks is at present under consideration. The chief tanks restored or constructed under such agreements are:—In tahsil Jhansi Babina (Bara Tal and Raja Tal), Dunara, Hirapur, Manpur, Mathrapura, Pahalgawan, Punaoli Kalan, and Sar, in tahsil Mau, Bijaigarh, Kharon and Nawada: in Moth, Pipra and Sagoli: in Lalitpur, Bangawan Kalan, Bhuchera, Daoni, Kalyanpura, Karipahari, Kelwara, Panari, Pawa, Pura-Kalan, Rampur, Serwans (pargana Talbehat), Siron-Khurd, and Talbehat (Kakrela and Gujara Tals), and in Mahroni, Arjun-Khiria, Baroda-Dang, Bhailoni-Ludhiao, Bhailoni-Suba, Dhawa, Dongra-Kalan, Gundrapur, and Samogar.

Page 51, line 32.—After Jhansi add and Panari in Lalitpur and after 'dammed' add 'and brought on to the fields by small canals.'

For 'The water . . . and is 'read 'water is also . . .

Page 51, line 33 .- For 'this' read 'which.'

Page 51, lines 35-36.—Delete 'or by . . . power.'

Page 52, line 9.—After 'canal' add 'and the larger eservoirs.'
Page 52, line 10.—After 'degree' add 'Thus at Ujiyan

east of the Parichha reservoir the spring level has risen 15 feet since the reservoir was constructed.'

Page 52, line 27.—For 'the great expense of digging necessitates' read 'the depth and the nature of the soil necessitate.'

Page 53, line 16.—After 'employed' add 'To facilitate the construction of wells in rocky country the agricultural department maintains a dynamite overseer whose services are available on payment for the blasting of such wells.'

Page 53, line 17.—For '3,749' read '4,413.'

Page 53, line 19.—For 'Kachnoh' read 'Kachneo' and after Kachneo' add 'Kalyanpura' and for "four large lakes of" read "larger lakes such as."

Page 53, line 20.—For 'and Pachwara' read 'Pachwara, Pura Kalan, and Siaori.'

Page 53, line 30.—After 'leakage' add 'But the number of tanks provided with proper sluices is rapidly increasing,

as it includes practically all such as have been constructed or restored under any of the agreements referred to on page 51.'

Page 54, line 4.-For '582 acres only ' read ' 1,686 acres.'

Page 54, line 7.—Delete from "This to only 242" and substitute "This in the dry season of 1908 it rose as high as 2,670 acres."

Page 54, line 10.—After "Betwa' add "and Pahuj-Garhmau and Siaori."

Page 54, line 11 .- For 'canal' read' canals.'

Page 54, line 12.—For 'and Magarwara lakes' read' Magarwara, Kalyanpura and other lakes regarding which agreements in form A (page 51) have been settled.'

Page 54, line 13.—For "2,806" read "4,080", delete from "but the actual" to "Betwa canal."

Page 55, line 32.—After 'Channel' add 'For some miles on each side an afflux band prevents the river when in flood from cutting round the headworks. These have been raised a few years ago as the flood of August 1901 was so high that water rose to within six inches of the top of the afflux band on the eastern side of the river.

Page 56, line 3.—Unite 'On the . . . point 'with previous para.

Page 56, line 5.—" The main . . . " begin new para.

Page 56, line 8.—Insert after 'country'—'At sixteen miles from the head where the canal is crossed by the Moth-Bhander road it approaches the surface sufficiently to allow of irrigation and the first distributary takes out for the irrigation of Reo, Bharosa and other villages near Moth.'

Page 56, line 9.—Omit "approaches . . . and ".

Page 56, lines 21-22.—Delete "A new . . . town".

Page 57, line 24.-After 'flank of 'insert' the'.

Page 58 line 20.—For 'are proposed' read' were to be constructed.'

Page 58, line 21.-For 'is' read 'was'.

Page 58, line 22.—For "a year Pahuj" read "and practically completed, save for some of the distributaries, in 1912. The reservoir on the Pahuj, which also supplies the Jhansi water works, is provided with gates on the crest of the weir; and when

filled to the top of these, it is estimated to hold 644,000,000 cubic feet."

Page 58, line 34.—For 'Kachneh' read 'Kachneo.'

Page 59, line 2.—Add after "acres", "The lowness of the actual area irrigated, as compared with the amount of water available, is due to the difficulty of controlling the use of the water by those possessing 'kadim' rights (see below)."

Page 59, lines 3 and 15.-For 'Kachneh' read 'Kachneo'.

Page 59, line 5.—For 'excavated' read' constructed'.

Page 59, line 13.—After 'only' add 'and consequently rarely fills completely.' For 'and' read 'but'.

Page 59, line 20.—Transpose "the difficulty arose" and "under British rule."

Page 59, line 25.—After 'that the 'insert' irrigation of the '. Page 59, lines 26-27.—Omit 'irrigation'.

Page 60, line 7.—Add after 'principles' "Somewhat similar provisions have been inserted into the agreements entered into as regards some of the lakes referred to on page 52 to safeguard the rights of cultivators who received irrigation free of charge before restoration."

Page 60, line 25.—After 'miles' add 'A project is under consideration for greatly increasing this lake and extending the irrigation effected by it.'

Page 60, line 27 .- For 'Kachneh' read 'Kachneo'.

Page 60, between lines 36 and 37.—Add:—"The Siaori Tank has been constructed during the years 1905—11. It has a capacity of 305.5 millions cubic feet. The total length of the canal is 13 miles 6 furlongs, and it runs in a north-easterly direction. The catchment area of the lake is 24 square miles, and the canals are capable of irrigating 3,000 acres annually. The average area irrigated therefrom in the last 6 years is 87½ acres in kharif, and 1,072 acres in rabi. The villages in which the commanded area lies are Kotra, Siaori, Sohagpura, Chimadwara, Garhwan, Barori, Dhamna Paik, Akseo and Rewan.

The list given on page 51 includes the other tanks constructed or repaired during recent years, and further details regarding some of these (e.g., Pawa, and Pura Kalan) will be

found in the articles on the villages in which they are situated in the Directory."

Page 62, line 28.—After 'labourers' insert 'for one day each'.

Page 62, line 30.—After 'persons' insert 'for one day each'.

Page 62, line 31.- Omit 'persons' after '1,098,495'.

Page 67, line 33.—Omit "the effects of".

Page 67, line 34.—For "occurrences" read "visitations".

Page 67, line 34.—After "1895" read "which".

Page 67, line 35.—Delete "and have".

Page 67, line 35.—" After "caused" transpose "over very large areas".

Page 67, line 36.—After crops "which lasted for 20 years".

Page 68, line 3.—After 'tusar' add 'or pala'.

Page 69, line 5.—After "upon them" add "In the decennial period, 1903—1912, the average price of wheat has been 11.62, of gram 16.66, of juar 18.70 and of arhar 8.79 seers for a rupee."

Page 69, line 6.—After 'district' insert "On the night of January 31st, 1905, a very severe frost occurred which did enormous damage to the rabi of this as of most other districts of the provinces. This frost also did great damage to trees, thousands being killed or rendered 'stag headed' for many years. No such frost had occurred within living memory. Remissions of rabi revenue totalling Rs. 1,00,399 were granted."

Page 69, line 29.—After 'country' add 'There has been a very decided enhancement of wages during the years 1901—12, which is partly general and partly peculiar to Jhansi city and explained by the increase in the garrison; the general rise may be estimated as 25 per cent., while in Jhansi city it is fully 50 per cent.'

Page 69, line 31.—Delete from "the chief... to half" in line 9 of page 70, and substitute:— There is a capacity measure which however varies considerably from place to place. Tables showing the chief local variations will be found in the appendix.'

Page 71, line 2.—For 'while in Jhansi proper . . . adoption' read 'and their use is extending in Jhansi.'

Page 71, line 11.—For 'The copper . . . pice' read 'the copper Gajashahi pice is used where the Gajashahi rupee is used.'

Page 72, line 9.—After 'currency' add' though this is doubtful so long as these coins continue to be minted at Tikamgarh or their use not directly prohibited as appears to have been done in the western part of the district. It is a noteworthy fact that the Gajashahi coins have no currency in the Lalitpur Sub-division though that is much nearer their place of origin."

Page 72, line 13.—After "security" insert and where both are unexceptionable, loans may be advanced at as low a rate of interest as 9, or even 6 per cent.—The Land Alienation Act has had a considerable effect on advances on landed property.

Page 73, lines 2-3.—Delete "has now" and insert "was".

Page 73, line 4.—For "The average . . . growth" read "and in 1909 a seventh was started at Khiria Ubari, a Court of Wards village in pargana Madaura. The average sum advanced by the earlier institutions was Rs. 2,700; those at Lalitpur, Mahroni, and Nunaoli being the largest. But at the present time not one of these banks survives except that at Khiria, which is in a fair way to success. The district offers an excellent field for co-operative societies; but the idea has in spite of efforts so far found little favour with the people. They can get easy credits with their bankers for all their needs, social and domestic as well as agricultural, and appear to be unwilling to exchange the somewhat rigid system of a society for the lax methods of the bania, although the interest realised by the latter is so much higher."

Page 74, line 4.—For "was found to be" read "soon became".

Page 75, line 5.—After "oilseeds" insert "With the steady increase in wheat cultivation during the last few years the imports of this grain have declined and there has been some export, Mau, Chirgaon, Moth and Lalitpur being the chief stations from which exports of wheat take place".

Page 75, line 10.—For "Tehri" read "Tikamgarh."

Page 75, line 12.—After "south-west," add "Trade with the surrounding Native States is often aftected by the export and other duties levied by these states: thus Tikamgarh has imposed a system of differential duties which practically prohibit exports from that state via Mau while encouraging them via Tikamgarh and thence to Lalitpur. From time to time exports of certain articles are absolutely prohibited."

Page 75, line 26.-For "rumals" read "handkerchiefs."

Page 75, line 35.—Omit 'and' and for 'in' read' was at one time carried on in leather work including.'

Page 75, line 36.—Omit "is carried on."

Page 75, line 37.—After 'heads' insert 'and betel-nut cutters.'
Page 76, lines 1—25.—Delete 'In recent years to 700 wagons' and substitute the following:—

"The Great Indian Peninsula Railway have established large workshops at Jhansi. The shops are distributed in three blocks containing seven, five and six shops respectively. They are lofty and spacious iron buildings situated about a mile and a quarter from the station. They were the main locomotive and carriage shops of the I. M. R. and were completed in 1895. Blocks Nos. 1 and 2 were enlarged in 1906. Block No. 1 being doubled and Block No. 2 having an extension of 25,600 square feet added to it. The shops cover an area of 2,150,400 square feet. The whole area is enclosed by a masonry wall 8 feet high.

The shops are now being electrified and the power house will shortly be opened, when all the machines will be electrically driven. Arrangements are also being made to work the steam pump at Garhia by electric drive from the power house.

The Deputy Locomotive Superintendent with two Assistants has charge of the lines from Jhansi to Agasod, Delhi, Cawnpore and Manikpur.

The shops are under the control of a works manager, who has a number of foremen under him. They employ 2,609 Indians and 71 Europeans and Eurasians. The average wage is Rs. 25 per mensem for skilled labour and Rs. 9 for unskilled labour.

Block No. 3 contains the Carriage and Wagon Departments. The Carriage and Wagon Superintendent has under him an Assistant, who is in charge of the carriage shops and all arrangements for rolling stock on the sections north of Jhansi. The building of lower class coaching stock, brakes, road-vans, carriage trucks and horse boxes is undertaken, but the iron work in connection with repaired and rebuilt stock is all manufactured in the Locomotive shops. The average wage is Rs. 20 per mensem for skilled and Rs. 9 for unskilled labour.

During the year 1912, 12 bogic carriages, 10 ordinary carriages and 28 brake-vans were built and turned out, while repairs were done to 575 carriages and 674 wagons. In addition, a large quantity of rolling stock was painted, trimmed, added to and otherwise dealt with."

rage 76, line 28.—For 'coadjutor' read 'neighbour.'

Page 76, line 33.—After 'Jhansi' insert 'and Lalitpur.'

Page 76, line 34 .- - Delete "probably."

Fage 76, line 35.—For 'and Moth . . . village 'read 'but Moth which was but little more than an overgrown village is developing an export trade with the revival of wheat cultivation'.

Page 77, line 5.—After 'sub-division' insert 'the town of Lalitpur is rapidly growing in importance as a market town and is now the second largest market in the district. The only other place of any trade is Mahroni, which is a small emporium for food grains, mahua, oil and ghi. The pargana headquarters, and a few other places such as Pali, Jakhaura, Jakhlaun and Narhat have bazars of local importance'.

Page 77, line 17.—For 'Jalbihar' read 'Jalbehar.'

Page 77, line 18.—For 'which . . . importance' read 'this fair is the largest in Bundelkhand. It is of comparatively recent origin and takes place during the last few days of Bhadon beginning on the tenth day of the dark half of the month being the last day of the Ganeshpuja. The Ganeshpuja was given much prominence by the Marhattas, whose patron diety is Ganesh. It is the custom on the last day of the puja for private persons to erect tinsel shrines in their houses and seat an image of the elephantheaded god in the centre. Lights are put in front of him and in some cases mechanical toys. People pride themslves on the elaboration of the embellishments which are generally known as

Jhankis. It has become the custom at Mau on the last day of the festival for the temple owners generally to dress up the images of their gods, and carry them under gaudy canopies through the streets of Mau down to the bed of the Sukhnai river and thence back to the temples. The gods are supposed to be taken to the river for a bath. Many people assemble at Mau during the three days of the fair and a considerable trade is carried on by pedlars, cloth-sellers and hawkers. These gatherings appear to have been much encouraged by the Rajas of Jhansi and Mr. Sturt, an officer of the old Jhansi Commission, did much to revive the fair. It has now however much declined in importance and instead of some 50,000 people, not more than 7,000 or 8,000 probably attend it.

Page 77, line 36.-For "temple" read "shrine."

Page 78, line 3.—For 'the' read 'the': for 'rath' read nath.'

Page 78, line 10.—Delete "which . . . Betwa."

Page 78, line 15 .- For 'Grantha' read 'Garautha.'

Page 78, line 35.—Omit 'not' and 'till.'

Page 79, line 2.—After 'opened' add 'to traffic.'

Page 79, line 19 .- For 'Dhourra' read 'Dhaurra.'

Page 79, line 22.—Insert 'and' after 'Nandkhas.'

Page 79, line 23.—Delete Punch.

Page 79, line 27.—For 'latter' read 'Manikpur.'

Page 79, line 32.—Delete in 1908 . . . metalled and read in 1913, was 1,296 miles, of which 374 were metalled.

Page 79, line 28.—For 'latter line' read "Manikpur branch" and for "the facilities . . . exercise "read "military purposes."

Page 79, line 38.-For '1801' read '1661.'

Page 80, lines 4-6.—Delete 'and is . . . district.

Page 80, line 17.—Delete 'their . . . to miles 'and, read 'The total length of roads in this class is 196 miles.'

Page 80, line 18.-For '993' read '922.'

Page 80, line 20.—For '210' read '74.'

Page 80, line 25 .- Before 'fourth' add 'third.

Page 80, line 29.—For '783' read '848.'

Page 80, line 30.—For '539' read '420."

Page 81, line 2.—For 'Ghat Kotra' read 'Bhandra.

Page 81, line 4.—For 'Kachneh' read 'Kachneo.'

Page 81, line 7.—After 'Jharar-Ghat' insert 'Rura.'

Page 81, line 10.—For 'Chhitara, read 'Chhurara.'

Page 81, line 12.—Delete 'a number of.'

Page 81, line 13 et seq.—For 'for the accommodation . . . Asta' read 'at Asta, Bhasneh, Dhukwan, Karari, Mawai-Gird, Nadsia, Pachwara, Pulia, Parichha and Siaori.'

Page 81, line 21.—Delete and Ghat Kotra and add Baragaon, Chirgaon, Semri, Moth, Khailar, Babina, Barora, Talbehat, Bansi, Lalitpur, Birdha and Guna.

Page 81, line 27.—After "January" insert " or later."

Page 81, line 28.—Before 'ferry' insert 'free.'

Page~81~line~29.—For 'will be . . department' read 'has been established.'

Page 81, line 30 .- For "latter" read 'Nohatghat.'

Page 81, line 31. - Before 'important' insert 'other'.

Page 81, line 34. - For 'is' read 'are'.

Page 81, First foot-note.—For 'Jakhaura and Kakarwai' read 'and Jakhaura'.

Page 82, line 1.—For 'a causeway' read 'causeways' and for 'at Rajghat . . . road 'read' across the Betwa at Dhukwan on the Babina—Nathi-Khera road, at Rajghat on the Lalitpur—Chanderi road, and across the Dhasan at Deori on the Jhansi—Nowgong road. In addition to these there are several smaller causeways across the Shahzad, Sajnam, Jamni and other rivers.

Page 82, line 4.—After 'river' insert 'That across the Dhasan at Deori on the Jhansi-Nowgong road is managed by the Central India authorities.'

Page 82, line 10.—After 'at' insert 'Moti Katra on the Garautha-Rath road, at.'

Page 83, line 17 .- For 'following' read 'next'.

Page 84.—The last census was taken in 1911 when the total population was found to be 680,688.*

This gives a density of 187 persons to the square mile and an increase of 17 persons to the square mile. Of the total

This note shou id follow para. on 1901 census.

^{* (}This figure has been reduced to 676,381 with the transfer of certain villages in the north of the Moth tahsil to the Jalaun district).

281,336 were enumerated in the Lalitpur Sub-Division. The urban population numbered 133,190 or 1956 per cent. of the total population.

Page 84, line 22.—For "the last census was taken in 1901, and it was then" substitute "in the Census taken in 1901 it was".

Page 85, line 15.—Substitute for "At the last census"—" At the census of 1911".

Page 85, line 20.-After "units" add

At the census of 1911, 1,222 villages contained under 1,000 inhabitants, 84 between 1,000 and 2,000, 20 between 2,000 and 5,000. As before there were three towns with a population between 5,000 and 10,000, two had a population between 10,000 and 20,000 and one, the city of Jhansi, between 20,000 and 100,000.

Page 86, line 6.—Substitute for "at the . . . 16·3 per cent". "At the census of 1911 84·04 per cent. of the population were found to have been born in the district and 3·51 per cent. elsewhere in the United Provinces. These figures give 15·96 per cent. as immigrants from other provinces".

Page 86 line 15 .- For 1901 read 1911.

Page 86.-- For 93.96 read 96.93.

Page 86, line 16.-For "3.54 etc." read "and 3.07 were found elsewhere in India the majority living in the adjacent districts of the United Provinces".

Page 86, line 84.—For "last census" read "the 1901 census."

Page 87, line 12.—After "private servants" add as a fresh
paragraph:—

"Of the total population at the Census of 1911, 629,671 or 92.5 per cent. were Hindus, 34,169 or 5.22 per cent. Musalmans, 11,369 or 1.7 per cent. Jains, 3,970 Christians, 258 Parsis, 288 Hindu Arya and 1,013 Sikhs."

Page 87, line 14.-For "has" read "had".

Page 87, line 15.—After "Ranipur" add "the former of which has long been withdrawn".

Page 87, line 23.—For "missions maintain"; read "mission maintains".

Page 87, line 30.—Omit the words 'at that place.'

Page 87, line 30.—For '777' native read '1,587 Indians.'

Page 87, line 30.—For '355' read '214.'

Page 87, line 30.-For '267' read '237.'

Page 87, line 30.—For '29 'read' 665.'

Page 87, line 30.-For '13' read '297.'

Page 87, line 34.—For '2,287' native read '2,163.'

Page 88, line 5.—For 'and' substitute 'but' and for 'decreased' substitute 'increased'.

Page 88, line 37.—For "last census" read "the census of 1901".

Page 89, lines 1 and 2.—For "74" substitute '60' and omit "while . . . specified".

Page 89, line 3.-For "four" read "five".

Page 89, line 4.—For "42:67" read "52:10".

Page 89, line 5 .- For "three" read "two".

Page 89, line 6.—For "18.99" read "10.75" and for "seven" read "ten".

Page 89, line 7 .-- For "18.93" read "23".

Page 89, line 8.-For "19.41" read "14.15".

Page 89, line 14.—For "76,498" read "92,357" and for "13:38" read "14:7".

Page 89, line 23.—For " 57,900" read " 67,798".

Page 89, line 24.-For " 10 13" read " 10 8".

Page 89, line 33.—For "third" read "fourth" and for "57,742" read "56,232".

Page 89, line 34.-For "10:10" read "8:9".

The para regarding Brahmans beginning with "fourth on the list district" should go after the para regarding Ahirs beginning with "the third . . . landholders".

Page 90, line 17 .- For " fourth " read " third ".

The para, beginning with "the third....landholders" about Ahirs should go before the para, beginning with "The fourth....district' about Brahmans,

Page 90, line 18.—For "51,767" read "57,310".

Page 90, line 19.—For "9.06" read "9.1".

Page 90, line 37.—For "19,802" read "18,160" and for "3.46" read "3".

Page 90, line 37.—For "1,147" read "748".

Page 90, line 38.—For "22" read "12".

Page 91, line 20.—For "47,081" read "54,379" and for "8.24" read "8.6".

Page 92, line 4.—After "district" insert the para, in pages 94-95 about Koris and Kushtas.

Page 92, line 5.-For "sixth" read "seventh".

Page 92, line 6.—For "34,838" read "31,339" and for "6.09" read "5".

Page 92, line 14.—For "6,231" read "7,395" and for "17.94" read "23.6".

Page 92, line 15.—For "4,784" read "3,861".

Page 92, line 16 .- For "two-thirds" read "half".

Page 92, line 29.—For "Dhunderas" read "Dhanderas".

Page 93, line 3.—For "Dhunderas" read "Dhanderas".

Page 93, line 20.—For " 3,617" read " 3823".

Page 93, line 35.—For "1,220" read "1,369".

Page 93, line 36.—O mit " to which . . . Gaur."

Page 94, line 8. - For "1,582" read "1,590".

Page 94, line 10.—For "1,211" read "992" and for "420" read "321".

Page 94, line 11.—For " 1,041" read " 593".

Page 94, line 12.—Omit "Janwars with 869" For "854" read "706" and omit "apiece".

Page 94, line 22.—For "509" read "355" and omit "of whom . . . Garautha".

Page 94, line 23.—For "16,039" read "10,038".

Page 94, line 25.—For "396" read "296" and omit "of whom . . . Lalitpur."

Page 94, line 27.-For "seventh" read "sixth".

Page 94, line 27. - Marginal note.—From "Koris and Kushtas" omit "and Kushtas".

Page 94, line 28.—For "26,630" read "36,371" and for "4.68" read "5.8".

Page 94, line 31.-For "Bangars" read "Bunkars".

Page 94, lines 32 and 33.—Omit "and closely . . . tahsil".

Page 94, line 39.—After "Kushtas" add "who are allied to the Koris".

Page 95, line 4.—For the words "this caste... members" substitute "Khangars number 12,781".

Page 95, line 16.-For "63" read "96".

Page 95, line 17.—For " 1901" read " 1911".

Page 95, line 28.—Omit the words "number 7,487 and".

Page 96, line 5.—For "18,239 persons or 3.19 per cent." read "17,000 or 2.70".

Page 96, line 9.—After "proper" add "It is noteworthy that the Kurmis are mostly to be found in black soil villages".

Page 96, line 11.—After members add "according to the census of 1901".

Page 96, line 16 .- For "8,837" read "8,081".

Page 96, line 17 .- For '785' read '46'.

Page 96, lines 23 and 24.—Omit the words "and only number 438".

Page 97, line 12.—After "further mention" add "The total Musalman population in 1911 numbered 34,169 persons.

The majority are sheikhs, who amount to 14,397 in number, or 42 13 per cent. of the whole Musalman population. Pathans number 7,489, forming 22 per cent. of the total. Behnas (shown as Dhunias) number 6,041 and Saiyeds 2,344.

There are 65 Bhangis, 589 Kunjras and 492 Nats. Mughals only number 300 and Musalman Rajputs are only 223.

Page 97, line 36.—After "1.4 per cent." add "The returns of the census of 1911 show that 59.1 per cent. of the population were agriculturists whether as landlords, tenants, field labourers, farm servants or agents and growers of special products. To these may be added 20,781 persons engaged in the provision and care of animals, making the total of those who support themselves by agriculture or allied occupations 62.4 per cent.

The industrial population amounted to 15.0 per cent., a high proportion. This class includes all those engaged in the preparation and supply of material substances, of which articles of food and drink accounted for nearly one-twentieth and textile fabrics and cognate trades over one-fourth. General

labour other than agricultural made up 8.15 per cent. and personal and domestic service 3.3 per cent. Next come commerce, transport, and storage with 2.6 per cent, the commercial population proper being only 8 per cent., those engaged in civil administrations only .9 per cent., those independent of any occupation, .13 per cent., and, lastly, the professional population 1.36 per cent.

Page 98, line 27.—For "imitation" read 'initiation.'

Page 99, line 33.—For 'Act' read ' or of the amended Criminal Tribes Act, recently passed to take its place.'

Page 101, line 8.—For 'a' read 'an.'

Page 102, line 11.—For 'returning' read' retaining.'

Page 102, line 22.—After '20,000' insert' for five years which were finally extended to ten;'

Page 102, line 28.—For 'and has' substitute 'with' and for ';' read','.

Page 102, line 29.—For '18 villages . . . Garautha 'substitute 'all lying in the Garautha tahsil.'

Page 102, line 34 .- For 'little' read 'title.'

Page 103, line 4. - After 'five 'insert' * '.

Page 103, line 9 to end of page.—For 'Kakarwai' wherever it occurs read 'Kakarbai.'

Page 103, footnote.—For 'Burwa' read 'Barwa.'

Page 104, line 18.—After 'state' add 'at Algi, a considerable village half a mile north of the Jhansi-Sipri road and seven miles west of Raksa.'

Page 104, line 19.—After 'Jhansi 'add 'These are Badanpur, Imilia, Lalaunj, Kilchwara-Buzurg, Bamer, Dongri and Kot-Khera.'

Page 104, line 26.-Before 'Kumharra' insert 'Patti.'

Page 104, lines 29-30.—'In Lalitpur . . . numerous' prefix to para. beginning in line 31.

Page 105, line 3.-For 'latter' read 'jagir.'

Page 106, line 15.—For 'will expire' read 'expired.'

Page 106, line 17.—After 'Parichhat' read 'the Government has sanctioned the continuance of the privilege for another 30 years from the 5th November 1912.'

Page 107, lines 10-11. - Omit 'King's coin.'

Page 110, line 8.—For 'who . . . Jhansi 'read 'who is superior proprietor of the four villages of Jonri-Buzurg, Lidhaura, Ramaiyapura and Barahta in tahsil Jhansi. He receives a malikana allowance of 15 per cent. on the land revenue payable through the Government treasury.'

Page 110, line 10.—Before 'Chaube' insert 'Chaubes Parmanand and Chattarbhuj sons of 'and delete 'Lambardar.'

Page 110, line 11 .- For 'is' read 'are.'

Page 110, line 13.-For 'Rajaji' read 'Rajaju.'

Page 112, line 23.—After 'custom' insert * and add as a footnote.—'The system just described continues almost unchanged in most of the neighbouring Native States.'

Page 115, line 16.—After this para. insert as a new para.:—

'Closely connected with the foregoing are the various systems followed in distributing profits in estates held by numerous co-sharers. The orthodox system whereby proprietary cultivation is assessed at some recognised rate (which may or may not be the same as that used for tenants' land) and the total valuation thus arrived at added to the total of tenants' rents. sayar, and so forth, and the whole divided in proportion to the recorded shares is comparatively rare. In a large number of villages there is an almost complete distribution of land among the various co-sharers or groups of co-sharers who receive the profits or losses of their recognised sharers irrespective of how these compare with what they would be entitled were division strictly according to the recorded shares held by them. In these cases revenue is assessed on the actual assets of each share. Between these two methods there are numerous intermediate systems. Thus in some mahals the proprietary cultivation is for the most part valued at old rates which are often very different from those recorded in the patwari's papers or adopted by the settlement officer: to the total of these is added the rents of tenants and the balance left after paying revenue, cesses and other expenses is distributed proportionally to recorded shares after setting off the value assessed on each co-sharer's holding. By another method the better land in a red soil village held by co-sharers is deemed to be held by them in proportion to their

proper shares: the other land cultivated by them is valued annually and the valuation added to tenants' rents, and only that total distributed, after deducting expenses. In not 'a few cases co-sharers will cultivate whatever land they please and pay no extra rent, their share thus being deemed to be whatever they happen to cultivate.

Page 116, line 28.—After " unchanged" add " The custom of pre-emption is recognised practically throughout the district. It is recorded in the record of rights of most villages prepared at the settlement of Colonel Jenkinson in Jhansi proper (1864) and of Colonel Davidson in Lalitpur (1868); these being the only settlements at which complete record of rights were prepared. As to whether the records of pre-emption contained in these are still valid, conflicting opinions have been held in various law courts, but it would seem on the whole probable that they are regarded as still legally valid. An analysis of the clauses regarding pre-emption brings out several In Jhansi proper of the 651 villages facts of interest. (excluding Gursarai and Kakarbai) settled by Colonel Davidson and still in the district a pre-emption clause occurs in 601. No wajib-ul-arz was prepared for any of the 59 villages received from Gwalior in 1886. In the Lalitpur sub-division a pre-emption clause occurs in 446 out of 754 villages. Villages omitted are practically all such as at the time the record was prepared were very small or else owned by a single proprietor. It is of interest to note that in every single case except one (Pura in Balabehat, a small and insignificant village) pre-emption is recorded as applying to usufructuary mortgages in precisely the same way as to sales. In the great majority of cases pre-emption is given to the other co-sharers, and where a village is divided into thoks, pattis, &c., pre-emption is usually given first to co-sharers in the same thok, patti, &c., as against other co-sharers; then to such other co-sharers as against outsiders. But it is clear that relationship is often taken into consideration, and it is also clear that the reason why relationship is not more frequently referred to is largely that at the time the records of rights were drawn up villages were owned by cosharers who were all relatives to a much greater extent than is

the case now. Another reason is the varying degree of care bestowed on the preparation of these records: internal evidence shows that much greater care was bestowed on the records of Lalitpur than those of Jhansi proper. Entries occur prescribing pre-emption for brothers' co-sharers belonging to the family near co-sharers, near relatives and such like.

Similarly as regards caste, an examination of the records shows that it is probable that where the attention of those concerned was drawn to the matter pre-emption was prescribed in favour of persons of the same caste as the vendor (provided of course that such vendor was an ancestral co-sharer), but that as at the time the records were prepared, in the great majority of villages the co-sharers were all of one caste, there was as a rule no occasion to mention the point. Pre-emption in respect of under-proprietary and other such plots is generally recorded (where such holdings occur) in favour of the co-sharers proper. In a few villages there seems to be some attempt to restrict pre-emption to co-sharers who are resident or at least in actual managing possession; while in certain others a clause expressly restricting the power of sale or mortgage save with some prescribed permission occurs.

Page 117, line 17.—Omit 'with the exception of Gursarai.'
Page 117, line 34.—For 'Kakarwai' 'read 'Kakarbai.'

Page 119, lines 30-31.—For 'the former class of' read 'non-occupancy'.

Page 119, line 31.—For 'the latter' read 'occupancy holdings'.

Page 120, line 8.—Add after 'value'—'In many villages what is thought to be occupancy right would be better defined as a right to cultivate approximately fixed areas of the various classes of soil somewhere in the village. It is a fortunate thing that the present Rent Act allows change of land without loss of occupancy right.'

Page 120, line 9.—For "To fully " read "Fully to."

Page 124, line 24 — After 'enhancement' add new para. beginning:—

'Demands falling under the head of sayar or paid over and above the ordinary rent are numerous and include some interesting items. Probably the most complete list of items is that of those collected by the Raja of Katera in that village; these consist of chhipai paid by Koris in consideration of the land on which their houses stand and on which they work; payments for the right to collect honey, lakh and gum; weighing dues; sale of bamboos; ostroi levied on articles imported into the village; singhoti, a rate levied on cattle sales; a house tax paid by Banias as a species of ground rent: nazrana (pbag and dasahra, special payments made at the Holi and Dasahra festivals); mahota also known as peri, a payment levied on mohwa trees when the flowers and fruits are gathered by tenants; grazing dues (mainly from Saharias and usually paid in blankets); sale of wood; sale of houses that lapse to the zamindars on the death without heirs of the tenants who built them; oil contributed by telis; rents of stalls in the bazaar (usually paid in kind); chamrot paid by chamars as a species of ground rent, usually paid by labour or in shoes; and payments for wood supplied to makers of glass bangles (churis).* Of items not included in the above list probably the most interesting is the Jazia, which was formerly the tax levied by Muhammadan rulers on the non-Muhammadan population. This usually now takes the form of a rate per plough, often Re. 1. occasionally it appears to be rather of the nature of a ground-rent levied on the non-agricultural portion of the inhabitants of the village. It is levied in a moderate number of villages, mainly in Lalitpur.

Page 127, line 30.—After 'district' add 'though as already noted (page 37) such charges are not by any means as well based as would at first sight appear'.

Page 128, line 5.-For "ekeing" read "eking".

Page 128, line 9.—For 'this form . . . prevalent' read 'the district must still be deemed liable to outbreaks of this form of crime'.

Page 129.—Insert at end of page, after line 38 a new para.:—

'The custom of deciding cases by panchayat without recourse to the law courts (or sometimes combined with such recourse

^{*}In Katera 7 annas a month are paid for which the churi-maker gets as much wood as he requires.

in order to get the decision of the panchayat legally enforced), is widespread in the district, and possibly more so than in some other parts of the provinces. This is probably due to the fact that Jhansi more recently than the bulk of the provinces came under British rule, which, with its system of law, procedure, and pleaders, has a distinct disintegrating effect on the whole village systems including panchayats. Detailed inquiries into the existence and nature of these panchayats were made during 1910 and 1911 and the most usual style of panchayat appeared to be composed of a varying number of the chief men of the village, or of one or two neighbouring villages. These panchayats include a certain number of persons chosen by reason of their authority to serve almost invariably on all panchayats and others appointed with special reference to the nature of a particular case to be considered and the parties thereto. It appears to be a recognized rule that if no one of the regular members of panchayats belongs to the caste of either of the parties to the dispute, a principal member of that caste resident in the village is co-opted on to the panchayat. Other persons are co-opted for other reasons, such as special knowledge, or technical skill.

The position of the panchayat and the force of local opinion may be strong enough to get the decision enforced without any recourse to a court of law. Where, however, this is not the case. the aggrieved party may either institute a case without reference to the panchayat, and then apply for an adjournment to allow of such adjudication, after which a decree in accordance with the panchayat's decision may be given; or else he will wait till after the adjudication and then if the loser fail to accept it will institute proceedings, which may be true, but are not infrequently false: but, whether true or false, brought with a view to enforce the decision of the panchayat, which is in most cases substantially just. Cases thus adjudicated on by panchayats include disputes as to debts and mortgages, rates of wages, disputes regarding the sale, division and inheritance of land, trees, and houses, matrimonial and similar matters, boundary disputes, cases of hurt, petty theft and so forth. Amongst others, the panchayat system has been found in full vigour in the following villages:-in Jhansi tahsil in Bedora and Lidhoura; in Mau in Kachneo and Siaori; in Garotha in Chokri, Dumrai, Kuretha and Nimgehna, in Moth in Bamhnwan, Baral, Kargawan, Punchh, Rampura, Sagoli, Semri, Simaria and Talaur; in Lalitpur in Bansi, Delwara, Jakhora, Kotra and Talbehat; and in Mahroni in Bar, Gona (pargana Madaura), Kumheri, Maraura, Patha and Saidpur. This list is however is by no means exhaustive, and the village panchayat in Jhansi is a very living organism.

Closely connected with these panchayats, and of considerable interest from at least an antiquarian and historical point of view, are the Garwaro panchayats. The Garwaro panchayat was a species of appellate panchayat which dealt with cases arising in a group of a dozen or so of neighbouring villages, usually however only dealing with cases already dealt with by the local panchayat on a reference by one of the parties who might be aggrieved by the decision of the local panchayat. Probably the Garwaro panchayat now best known is that which had its headquarters at Chokri and Haibatpura in Garotha. Traditionally its members were drawn from the twelve villages of Basa, Chandpura, Chokri, Habupura, Haibatpura, Itwan, Karanpura, Khero, Mainwara, Marha, Nunar and Sarbo. Of these Basa is now uninhabited. Mainwara is included in Chokri, Itwan partly in Habupura and partly in Khero, while Sarbo is in Orchha territory. At the present time a panchayat drawn from the various villages of these and other neighbouring districts sits from time to time to exercise a species of revisionary jurisdiction, of which several examples have occurred lately, dealing more particularly with matrimonial and such like matters.

Other Garwaro panchayats appear to have had their headquarters at Kachneo, Rewan, Siaori and Uldan in Mau at Bamhnwan, in Moth, at Latwara in Tori-Fatehpur Jagir and at Murara and Upraura in Orchha. It appears probable that these Garwaro panchayats were brought into existence by the ruling authority of the time; they certainly were recognised by such in all pre-British administration and are so to this day in some at least of the surrounding states.

In olden days panchayats used various ordeals by fire, water and lot, but all these have completely died out except occasionally that by lot. Page 130, line 5—After 'powers' insert 'with usually one Assistant Magistrate under training'.

Page 130, line 7.—Omit 'and'.

Page 130, line 8.—After 'Jhansi' add 'and five honorary magistrates exercising jurisdiction in various parts of the district'.

Page 130, line 19. - For 'engineers' read 'engineer'.

Page 150, line 20.—Delete 'Dhasan and tanks' and for divisions' read 'division'.

Page 130, line 25—For 'In recent years . . . Jhansi' read 'The garrison of Jhansi forms part of the Southern Army, and has of late years been much increased. The station . . . '.

Page 130, line 31.—After 'column' add 'a mule corps.'

Page 131, line 3.—After 'Rifles' add "and a troop of the United Provinces Horse."

Page 132, line 31.-For 'dnring' read' during'.

Page 134, line 15.—After 'district' add 'The district thus acquired its present shape, and, as a result of the way in which it was acquired, consists, as regards the portion forming the old Jhansi district, of an extremely irregular territory.

Since then one more change has been made. With effect from 1st November 1911, a new division under a separate Commissioner was created comprising the four districts of Jhansi, Jalaun, Banda and Hamirpur. This measure was prompted by the desire to bring into one division all the districts comprising a part of country which has peculiar characteristics of its own and which formed a somewhat anomalous appendage to the Allahabad division.

Page 135, line 25.-Add 'almost' after 'remained.'

Page 135, line 24 .- For 'the charge of 'read 'their.'

Page 140, line 22.—For 'of the bearing kans' read 'the bearing of kans.'

Page 146, line 18.—After 'acres' insert 'In furtherance of this policy, soon after the passing of the Land Alienation Act, it was decided to restore to the former proprietors or their descendants, subject to a few exceptions, all properties in respect of which the purchase price, with 5 per cent interest, had been realized out of the profits received by Government from the property.

In several cases large reductions were made in the amount of the purchase price.

Page 146, line 37.—After 'Mr. ' insert ' (now Sir).'

Page 148, line 32.—After 'Madaora' insert 'which were last assessed.'

Page 150, line 14.—For '1903' read '1902.'

Line 33.—Delete 'and the . . . siwai.'

Page 151, line 11.—After 'cultivation' insert an '*' and add as a footnote:—

'All cultivated land that has not been cultivated more than three years in succession or for three years out of four is deemed to be nautor.'

Page 153, line 15.—After 'nautor' insert a † and add as a footnote:—

† "Har and tareta are differently defined in Jhansi and Lalitpur. In Jhansi proper har includes all cultivated land that is not 'irrigated rakar patri' while in Lalitpur it includes dry moti, dry dumat and dry patri; all other cultivated land being deemed to be tareta."

Page 153, line 14.—After "act" inert 'These included the methods permitted under the old Act (see page 145) with the addition of two others:—a loan from Government not exceeding twelve times the annual profits, the property being taken under attachment; and a usufructuary mortgage of the property to a creditor for such period as would repay the amount decreed.'

Page 153, line 22.—After 'impossible' 'insert' and the proceedings quashed, the status quo ante being restored as regards the relations of debtor and creditor."

Page 153, line 28.—After 'recoverable' insert 'from the profits of the estates taken under management or where this was not done.'

Page 153, line 28.—After 'instalments' add 'Sale occurred in respect of 152 shares, in fifty of which the property was purchased by Government; but here also it has been decided that as a rule the property will be restored to the original proprietor if he be deemed suitable, as soon as the purchase price with 5 per cent. interest has been realised out of the profits of the property. In cases where a loan was advanced with the attachment of the pro-

perty, this latter is released and payment of the balance by instalments allowed as soon as the balance of the loan unpaid has been reduced to six times the annual profits.'

Page 153, line 29.—For 'reinfered' read 'reinforced.'

Page 154, line 11.—After 'interdicted' add 'throughout all Bundelkhand irrespective of the caste of those concerned. Provision was also made for the exemption from its provisions of members of agricultural tribes for whom its protection and privileges were deemed unsuitable.'

Page 154, line 11.—For 'the limited . . . achieved 'read'. The Act has now been in force for ten years and is undoubtedly proving successful in checking the loss of land by the agricultural tribes. Moreover the small proprietors are now beginning to realize the fact that all mortgagors where the mortgagor is of an agricultural tribe are dealt with by the Collector instead of by a civil court, and greatly appreciate it.

Page 154, line 26. - For 'eight' read 'eleven.'

Page 154, line 28.—For 'first' read' second' and delete 'small.'

Page 154, line 29.—For 'Mau . . . Moth 'read 'Barwa-Sagar, Mau, Gursarai Moth, Chirgaon 'Lalitpur and Talbehat.'

Page 154, line 32.—For 'without regard . . . rule 'read 'with as much regard as is possible.'

Page 155, line 1 .- Delete ' or pargana.'

Page 155, line 2.—Delete 'at present.'

Page 155, line 3.—Delete 'that at . . . Mau.'

Page 155, line 4.-For 'the headquarters' read 'this.'

Page 155, line 10 .- After "Mau" insert "Ghat Lachura."

Page 155, line 11.—Delete 'Besides . . . Barwa Sagar.'

Page 155, line 14.—Delete 'Bansi' and 'Dudhai' and insert 'and 'after Talbehat.

Page 155, line 16 .- Delete 'Girar.'

Page 155, lines 17—22.—Delete one to that of Mahroni... Balabehat and read and a considerable number of villages in the south of the tahsil to Narhat. Outposts are maintained at Kelgawan, Girar, Madanpur, Balabehat, Amjharaghat, Kotra and Bansi, and it is intended to move that at Girar as soon as possible to the village of Kari Toran. In Jhansi proper, there are outposts at Jhararghat, Baidora, Ambabai, Bargarh, Pandori, Dhamna

and Ghat Kotra. There has been of recent years considerable reduction in the numbers of both police stations and outposts; thus the police stations at Ghat Kotra, Siaori, Baidora, Khajuria and Madanpur were abolished in 1907, and those at Bansi, Girar and Dudhai in 1912, while outposts have been withdrawn from Bangra, Naikora and Kandhari Kalan.'

Page 156, lines 1 and 2.—For 'and for . . . facilities' read 'though scarcely to the extent that might have been anticipated considering the facilities for this crime afforded by its configuration.'

Page 156, lines 6-8.—After 'that' insert' from time to time' and delete 'every year . . . type.'

Page 156, line 22.—For 'the sub-division' read 'pargana Talbehat.'

Page 156, lines 32 and 34—For 'Randhirs' read 'Randir Singh's.'

Page 157, line 14.—After 'Jarauli' insert '(Pargana Talbehat)' Page 159, line 13.—For '1891' read '1889.'

Page 156, line 16.—After 'December' insert '1890'.

Page 160, line 24.—After 'Crime' add' through a gang headed by Rajputs gave some trouble in 1903-04, being finally brought to bay near Chhipai in pargana Bansi, where there was a fight between the dacoits and the police led by Messrs. Raw and O'Conor."

Page 162, line 4.—For 'Jagir.' read 'estate.'

Page 162, lines 15 and 17-For 'is' read 'was'.

Page 162, time 20.—After 'auction' add 'In 1911, however, the entire outstill system was abolished and replaced by the contract distillery system. Under this system, contract for the supply of liquor throughout the whole district is given to a single firm. The liquor supplied is of a standard quality, and is sent from the distillery direct to bonded warehouses, of which four have been erected; at Jhansi, Moth, Mau and Lalitpur. Retail shops are put up to auction in the usual way, and the licensees draw their supply from the bonded warehouses, after payment of the price and duty in the district treasury. Four Excise Inspectors with headquarters at the bonded warehouses have been appointed to supervise excise work.'

Page 162, line 35,-Delete 'but no . . . force.'

Page 163, line 8.—For 'has' read' had under the outstill system. Page 163, line 11.—After 'lifetime' insert' But since the introduction of the contract supply system, he has entered into an agreement with the Government to allow the sale of none but Government liquor at his shops. He puts up his shops to auction in the usual way; and Government compensates him in cash for any loss he sustains, the difference between the sum at which the shop is let and the average at which it let in the three previous years being paid to him by the Government.

Page 163, line 31.—Before 'farm' insert 'Up till the year 1912 it was customary to give'.

Page 163, line 33.—After 'drugs' insert 'But in 1912 it was decided to have a settlement by tahsils or groups of tahsils, and this is the system at present in force'.

Page 163, line 37.—For 'since then . . . but' read 'It was permitted in Jhansi and Moth for some years longer, but was finally stopped in 1905'.

Page 164, lines 3-6.—For 'Up to . . . consumption' read 'Opium is sold retail, both by licensed vendors, and by the treasurers at sub-treasuries.'

Page 167, line 23.-For 'Mau-Ranipur' read 'Mau'.

Page 167, lines 24-25.—For 'Barwa Sagar . . . Moth' read 'Garhiya-Phatak with Pulia No. 9, Barwa Sagar, Ranipur, Gursarai, Moth, Chirgaon and Talbehat'.

Page 168, line 11.-For 'is' read 'was'.

Page 168, line 12.—For 'consists' read 'consisted'.

Page 168, line 19.—After 'altered' add 'In 1911 the wards

Page 168, line 20.—After 'board' add 'A non-official Chairman was appointed in 1913, the constitution of the Board remaining otherwise unchanged'.

Page 168, line 22.—After 'when' insert 'on the inclusion of the city of Jhansi in the Municipality'.

Page 168, line 27.—After '1893' add 'No new tax has been imposed since 1893, but the income has been increased by the enhancement of the tax on weighmen, the inclusion of cycles in the scope of the wheel tax, the doubling of pound fees, the raising of hackney carriage fees, and the opening of a cattle market at Talpura.'

Page 168, line 33.—For "1907-8 . . . Rs. 69,068" read "1912-13 were Rs. 1,12,083 and Rs. 1,09,642".

Page 169, line 5.—Before 'The water supply' insert 'Until 1911' and for 'depends' read 'depended'.

Page 169, lines 20-24.—For 'projected . . . scheme 'read' to be constructed on that river'.

Page 869, line 30.—For 'alternative' substitute 'scheme'.

Page 169, line 31.—For 'irrigation dam' read 'Sipri road bridge'.

Page 160, line 35 Page 170, line 1 -For 'The second . . . Sipri road' read 'The second proposal was to pump the supply from the reservoir above referred to near the Sipri road bridge, the third was to pump from a reservoir projected by the Irrigation department in connection with the Pahuj Canal scheme near the Gwalior road bridge'.

Page 170, line 1.-For 'alternative' read 'proposal'.

Page 170, line 2.—After 'reservoir' insert 'At Garhia about 2 miles above the Sipri road bridge'.

Page 170, line 5. - For 'alternatives' read 'proposals.'

Page 170, lines 7-9. Delete 'The scheme . . . proximity'.

Page 170, line 15.—After 'Garhia' add 'situated about seven miles down stream from where the Chamrua dam would be constructed' also read 'Chamrua' wherever 'Chamrana' occurs.

Page 170, line 21.—Delete' but up. . . expected' and add' and it is unlikely that the scheme will be again taken up, for in 1911 owing to the long delay in the monsoon there was a severe shortage of water in the city; and a small scheme was hastily put together to pump water from Pahuj canal reservoir, near the Gwalior road bridge to a tank situated in the centre of the city at the Najhai bazaar, with hydrants at intervals along the pipe line where it passed through the city. A 9" pipe has however been laid from the pumping station to the city wall, which is capable of conveying 500,000 gallons per day. In 1914 the water supply was scantier than ever, and the Pahuj pipe line proved the salvation of the city, civil station and cantonments.

Page 170, line 26 .- For 'fact' read 'possibility'.

Page 170, lines 28-31.—For 'which . . . engineer' read 'was carried out and work thereon is being done by degrees as the municipality is able to provide funds'.

Page 171, line 5.—After 'declared' insert' to lie'.

Page 171; line 13.—After 'receipts' read 'A further enlargement of the cantonment area was effected in 1907, and in 1912 certain sections of the Cantonment Code were extended to the hamlet of Bhatta which adjoins Cantonments on the east. 'Excluding this last the . . . 'Delete' Proposals . . . largely' in lines 16—18.

Page 171, line 13.—Substitute '5,094' for '3,498'.

Page 171, line 15.—Delete 'from the average to 32,350 and read:—

Page 171, line 15.—'The average income for the last five years has been Rs. 44,876 and the average expenditure Rs. 44,937.'

Page 171, line 34.—For 'is now' read 'has hitherto been'.

Page 171, line 36.—After 'items' insert 'but from April 1st, 1913, octroi was replaced by a tax on circumstances and property.

Page 172, line 10.—For 'Profession' read' weighmen and dalals' also for 'a duty on' read' Octroi was extended to'.

Page 172, line 16.—For 'now consists' read 'then consisted'.

Page 172, line 17.—For 'are' read 'were' and after 'force' insert' With effect from April 1st, 1912, however, octroi was abolished and a direct tax on circumstances and property substituted therefor. At the same time the town of Ranipur was separated from Mau and constituted an Act XX town. As a consequence the number of members on the board was reduced by the two hitherto elected by Ranipur'.

Page 172, line 18 .- For 'Five' read 'Eight'.

Page 172, line 21.—Delete and after 1872 and add and Gursarai, Ranipur and Garbia Phatak with Pulia No. 9 since 1912. The last named consists of two settlements of some size lying just beyond the boundaries of the railway lines and

municipality to the south-west of Jhansi. They are separated only by the railway workshops, and are inhabited mainly by railway employees.'

Page 172, line 25.—Before 'Chirgaon' insert 'Ranipur'.

Page 173, line 35.—After 'tahsil' Insert:—'This Subcommittee, subject to certain powers of control retained by the Board, prepares its own budget and is responsible for the funds placed at its disposal by the board, its transactions being shown in a separate pass book at the treasury. Normally the amounts allotted to Lalitpur are two-fifths of the total amount allotted under the head concerned for the whole district. Resolutions of the Sub-committee are subject to confirmation by the Board. All receipts of every kind are credited direct to the Board.'

Page 174, line 27.—For 'vernacular' correct 'vernacular'.

Page 176, line 19.—For '450' read '552'.

Page 176, line 20.—For '400' read '506'.

Page 176, line 21.-For '285' read '534'.

Page 176, line 25. - For 'Bhao Sahib' read 'Raja'.

Page 176, line 31.—After 'Lalitpur' insert 'which is a middle English school under the control of the district board'

Page 172, line 32.—After 'Moth' insert 'Chirgaon'.

Page 177, line 19, literacy.—After 'both' add 'At the census of 1911, 8.2 per cent. of the males and .7 per cent. of the females were ascertained to be literate.'

There is a noticeable difference between Hindus and Muhammadans, for whereas of the former only 6.4 per cent. of the males and .37 per cent. of females are literate, among Muhammadans the proportions rise to 15.0 and 1.6 per cent. respectively.

Of those literate in vernacular only 82 per cent. know Hindi only and 10 per cent. only Urdu, the remainder being acquainted in some degrees with both.

Page 177, lines 24-25.—For 'Moth . . . 1887 'read 'Moth (established 1885), Garautha (1887) and Ranipur (1910), while one is shortly to be opened at Chirgaon'.

Page 177, line 31.—Delete 'and a . . . 1905 '.

Page 178, line 1.—For 'last five . . . 11364' read' the five years 1908-09 to 1912-13, having been Rs. 16,175'.

Page 178, line 6.—After "at" add "Garhia Phatak."

Page 178, line 7.—After "Chirgaon" add "Talaur."

Page 178, line 8.—After "Lachura" add "Ranipur."

Page 178, line 9.—For "Garwai" read "Garhwai" and for "Kakarwai" read "Kakarbai."

Page 178, line 12.—After "Kelwara" add "Kalyanpura."

Page 178, line 13.—After "Patha" add "Karitoran, Sonrai, Patna, Kumheri."

Page 178, lines 32-33. — Delete 'Ranipur.'

Page 178, line 38.—For 'Palpura' read 'Talpura.'

Page 179, line 5.—Delete 'Ranipur.'

Page 180.—Add as a footnote with asterisk mark after 'history' in title:—

* 'The chief localities at which inscriptions have been found are:—Chandpur, Deogarh, Dudhai, Madanpur and Siron Khurd, all of which are separately described; a Chandel temple at Gurha Khiria in Maraura; and Sati stones at Amaoni Besra and Kelwara in Lalitpur; Bandargurha Dhojri and Sajoria in Balabehat; Delwara in Banpur; Maraura, Parol, Patna, Saidpur, and Sarhumar in Maraura; and elsewhere. These latter are of some interest, as besides the name of the husband of the Sati, the date, place of residence and pargana in which the village then was are given.'

Page 181, footnote, line 2.—After 'Talbehat' insert 'and Teri in pargana Talbehat, at Agori in pargana Mahroni.'

Page 181, footnote, line 3.—After 'structure' insert 'an old baoli called the Ber Baoli in Solda on the border of Lakhanjar mauza is attributed to the Gonds; as also one at Tori in Banpur.'

Page 184, line 14.—For 'and' read' while more solid traces of the Chandels are'...'

Page 184, line 16.—After 'lines' add 'such as those at Bar and Bhailoni Suba.

Page 184, line 16.—For 'often surmounted . . . district' read 'or the equally characteristic temples or remains thereof; examples of which in good or fair preservation are found at

Barwa-Sagar and Dhamkan in Jhansi; Basaria, Gairaha, Marha, Rura, and Sakrar in Mau; Tharro in Garotha; Dhangal in Talbehat; Kisalwans and Siron Khurd in Bansi; and Tenga in Lalitpur; Hardari (top of Sumen hill), Kirauda, Lidhora and near Pali in Balabehat; Banpur, Bar, Gugarwara and Tori in Banpur; and Budhni Narhat, Daulatpur, Gurha, Kakarua, Markhera, Siron, and Sonrai in Maraura. Chandel remains or carvings of interest are also found at Dimroni, Lewa and Pachar in Jhansi; Roni in Mau; Atarsuan, Barampura, Basa, Chaukri, Chirora, Garhi-Kargawan, Gurha and Nagra in Garotha; Kargawan and Kumhrar in Moth; Bajno and Satgato in Bansi; Daoni in Lalitpur; Maholi in Balabehat; Dasrera, Khera, Pura-Pachoni and Silawan in Banpur; Nawe in Mahroni; and Hudda in Maraura.

Page 184, line 17 and footnote.—Delete 'that marked by an *' and substitute '*' for '†' in line 33.

Page 185, line 4 .- For 'away' read 'sway.'

Page 187, footnote, line 10 .- For 'at' read 'as.'

Page 192, footnote. - For '15' read '7.'

Page 192, footnote, lines 16-17.—For 'there is... remains' read 'Thanwara is doubtless the village of that name 9 miles north-west of Lalitpur, which contains several old buildings and the Kaisth owners of which claim to hold by grant from Akbar.'

Page 193, line 7.—After 'or' insert 'more probably.'

Page 193, line 27.—Delete 'been' after been.

Page 194, line 30.—Add 'the' after 'in.'

Page 194, footnote.—† After 'E' insert '--' and omit 'and.'

Page 195, line 8 .- Add 'Deo' after 'Bir Singh.'

Page 195, line 15 .- For 'Dehli' read 'Delhi.'

Page 196, lines 17-28.—For 'Bim Narain' read 'Bhim Narain' where it occurs.

Page 197, footnote §, line 1 .- For 'Jajirs' read 'Jagirs.'

Page 201, line 21 .- For 'Dehli' read 'Delhi.'

Page 201, line 30 .- Delete 'founded the.'

Page 203, line 31.—For 'administraction' read 'administration.'

Page 205, footnote :—Delete 'N' and insert a comma for fullstop after throne in line 14, and in line 32 for 'Badh' read' 'Budh.'

Page 206, line 3.—For 'Bullabh Tiwari' read 'Ballabh Tiwari.'

Page 206, line 13.-Add 'of' after 'all.'

Page 206, line 18.—Transpose; and *

Page 216, line 6.—For 'Severally' read 'severely.'

Page 218, line 32.—For 'Banodia' read 'Barodia.'

Page 219, line 7 .- For 'forts' read 'fort'.

Page 219, line 8.—For 'Sonrai and Madaora' read 'while those of Sonrai and Madaora which were held by the Raja of Shahgarh's rule were taken and dismantled.'

Page 219, line 15.—For 'Chanchanpur' read 'Chakarpur'.

Page 220, line 15.—For 'north' read 'east'.

In footnote.—*For 'In' read 'in' in line 1 of the footnote.

Page 222, line 22 .-- For 'established' read 'established'.

Page 224, line 28.—After 'Mayapur' insert' 14 miles N. E. of Jhansi.'

Page 225, line 28.—For 'assumed' read 'resumed.'

DIRECTORY.

 ${\it Page} \,\, 231.$ —Ambabai, $tahsil \,\, {
m Jhansi}.$

A small village in 25°33' N., 78°29' E., nine miles from Jhansi on the Agra road, notable as the first military camping place on the Jhansi and Agra road. It has a population of 943 and a small tank, the water of which is drawn off to allow of the sowing of rabi crops. It contains a police outpost, and an old fort in ruinous condition. It is owned in equal shares by a large number of resident Lodhis, Brahmans and Thakurs.

Page 231, line 2, Arjar.—For 'N' read 'E' and for '440' read '336.'

Page 231, line 20, Arjar.—For 'Raja' read 'Maharaja'.

Page 231, tine 23, Arjar.—For 'was' read 'has so far been'.

Page 231, lines 25-28, Arjar.-For 'till. . . department' read 'but this was done in 1905'.

Page 231, insert after Arjar, Asta, tahsil Garautha.

'Population 1,419, a village in 25°39' N. 79°13' E., about two miles N.-E. of Gursarai, owned by a large body of resident Thakurs. It was formerly part of the jagir of Rao Senapat of Katera, but was resumed in 1855. There are a school and a canal inspection bungalow, and a large tank maintained by the Irrigation department, though hitherto there has been no irrigation effected from it.'

Page 232.—Babina.

Page 232, line 10.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '2235' read '2400.'

Page 232, line 15.—Add 'a' before 'post office 'and 'school.'

Page 232, line 16.—After 'Hindi' add 'The Village Sanitation Act (II of 1892) is in force. There is a military encampingground here.'

Page 232, line 19.—After 'Government,' add 'While the Bara Tal was breached in 1902, and repaired by Government at a cost of Rs. 3,859, half of which the zamindars are repaying, but the management rests entirely in their hands.'

Page 232.—BAGHAIRA.

Page 232, line 5 .- After 'station' add 'school'.

Page 232, line 8.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '934' read '933.'

BAKWAN, tahsil Moth.

Page 232.—A considerable village, population 1,387, in 25°44′ N.78°55′ E, four miles west of Moth on the unmetalled road to Bhander. It is owned by a large number of resident Bundelas, and contains a school and ruined fort, but is chiefly noteworthy as the place of residence of a number of Kirars, generally included with the Chandravedis, a more or less criminal fraternity, who behave well in and near their homes, but go on thieving expeditions at a distance.

BALABEHAT, pargana BALABEHAT, tahsil Lalitpur.

Last line of page 232.-For '904' read '1,040.'

Page 233, line 19.—Omit 'its present owner' and add after 'Jabalpur,' 'from whom it has descended to its present owner, Seth Ballabh Das.'

BALABEHAT pargana, tahsil Lalitpur.

Page 233, line 4.—After 'total' add 'area.'

Page 234, line 8.-For 'Dhourra' read 'Dhaurra.'

Page 234, line 13.-For 'town' read 'village.'

Page 235, line 6 (Balabehat)—(continued)—After 'Nilkanth' insert 'and Sita Mori' and for 'temple' read 'temples,' also after 'there are' insert 'Mahratta or.'

Page 235-, BAMANWAN, tahsil Moth.

'A village in 25° 30' N. 79° 2' E.; population 1,032, situated at the intersection of the Baragaon-Garotha and Erichh-Bangra roads. It is mostly owned by resident Brahmans and Kachhis. The village contains a stone fort built by the Mahrattas and was the seat of a Garwaro panchayat (see page 129) for the 13 villages of Baror, Bhatpura, Chandwari, Berwai, Rora, Sitora, Sitori, Rampura, Kukargaon, Khoh, Bakain, Parsa, and Bamanwan, which held its sittings under the banyan tree on the athai of Bamanwan.'

Page 236, lines 4 and 5.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '2908' read '3460.'

Page 236, line 22.—For 'and in this direction' read 'while throughout the northern portion of the pargana.'

Page 237, line 11 (Banpur).—After 'Kelgawan' insert' Banpur to Kelgawan and thence to Larwari.'

Page 237, line 15.—After 'Bar' insert 'Barodia-Dang, Bhailoni-Ludhiau, Bhailoni-Suba'.

Page 237, line 15.—Before 'Bar' insert 'Banpur.'

Page 237, line 16.—For 'Bhailoni-Suba, Barodia-Dang' read 'Samogar' and before 'Raksa' insert 'Mogaon.'

Page 237, line 19.—After 'Banpur' insert 'Bar' and after 'structure' insert "and at Tori a 'baoli' and some rude walling is also attributed to these people."—Delete 'and' before 'at Banpur' and for 'at' read 'At.'

Page 237, Bansi, line 7.—Omit 'Police station'.

Page 238 (Bansi), line 12.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '2104' read '2135'.

Page 239, line 7.—After 'temples' insert 'and at the former place a long inscription'.

Page 239, line 13.—After 'Bansi' insert 'Binaika-muafi.'

Page 239, line 24 (Bant).—For '1901' read '1911' an for '811' read '882.'

Page 240, line 21. - For '1901' read '1911.'

Page 240, line 22.—For '1898' read '2222.'

Page 240, line 23.—After 'Brahmans' add 'There is a Chandel temple in good preservation half mile south-west of the village on the path to Tori.'

Page 240, line 8 (Baragaon).—For 'that has....... Jains' read 'of 2,678 in 1911.'

Page 241, line 2 (Baragaon).—After 'force' add 'But Rs. 200 per annum is raised by lease of weighing dues, of which six annas in the rupee go to the zamindars, and the balance is utilized in improving the town.'

Page 241, line 4.— After 'Jhansi' add 'There is a market here every Monday.'

Page 241, line 5, Barwasagar,—For 'unmetalled roads run' read 'An unmetalled road runs.'

Page 241, line 6 (Barwasagar).—Omit 'and22 miles 'also add 'solely 'after' escape.'

Page 242, line 15.—For 'a flourishing school with five teachers' read 'flourishing boys and girls' schools.'

Page 243, line 22.—For 'Khande Rao Masurkar' read 'Khande Rao Mahurkar.'

Page 243, line 38.—After 'Jains' add 'In 1911 it fell 6,405, of whom 6,057 were Hindu Brahminic, 250 Musalmans 22 Christians, and 76 Jains.'

Page 244, line 1.—For 'Rs. 700' read '800'.

Page 244, line 3.—Omit 'a small force of police.'

Page 244.—Insert before BHASNEH, BHADARWARA, tahsil MAU 'A village lying a mile north of the Jhansi-Nowgong road and four miles east of Mau in 25° 16′ N. 79° 13′ E., population 1,645. Diwan Raghunath Singh, son of Diwan Bije Bahadur, holds some 130 acres of resumed muafi and resides in the fort in the village. He is descended from Bir Singh Deo Maharaja of Orchha through Pancham Singh, who received in jagir 28 villages. He had four sons, whose families are now represented by the Thakurs of this village, Taktoli, Khakora, and Patha. The jagir was confiscated by the Mahrattas, but partly recovered

later, and finally confiscated after the Mutiny. The village was the seat of a tahsil in Mahratta times and descendants of the last tahsildar hold about one-third of the village and are at feud with the Thakurs.'

Page 244, Bhasneh.—For 'Bhasneh 'read 'Bhasneh-Madhopura.'

Page 244, line 1.—For 'a village lying' read' The two villages.'
Page 244.—BHASNEH AND MADHOPURA.

'Bhasneh and Madhopura really form one as the sites adjoin and the lands are intermixed. The joint site has a population of 1,492 and is situated........'

Page 244, lines 4 and 5.—For 'Near.......... forest' read 'Immediately east of the village is a high ridge running for some five miles N. N. E. and S. S. W. which is all reserved forest. There are also..........'

Page 244, line 7. - Omit 'The total souls; and '......

Page 244, line 14.—For 'Bhasneh' read 'three-fourths of Bhasneh, the rest having passed to Seth Milap Chand. The ruins on the top of the hill were built by ancestors of the Bundela owners.'

'The adjoining village of Madhopura was also originally owned by the Bundelas of Bhasneh, but was confiscated after the Mutiny for their seizure of Garhwai. It was then granted in proprietary right to Sita Ram Nana, third son of the Raja of Gursarai, who in the Mutiny joined Col. Orr's column with a body of men and two guns, and was of great assistance to him in procuring supplies and in the Intelligence department and accompanied him in 1858 at the battle of Kunch. The Gursarai family however soon sold it to a Kaisth of Jhansi who is the present owner.'

Page 244, insert after Bhasneh, 'Bijaigarh, tahsil Mau.'

'A village in 24° 25' N. 79° 1' E. 16 miles N.-E. of Mau near the unmetalled road from Bangra to Erachh. Population 286. The former name was Lahra, the site of which lies half mile east of the village. There is a Mahratta fort here in fair preservation, which was once the headquarters of a Mahratta pargana; the south side of the fort was breached in the Mutiny. In the village is a somewhat curious temple with a granite statue of

Chonni Baba, and there appears to have once been a bridge over the stream running below the village. Half a mile north-west of the village is a fair-sized tank constructed by the Irrigation Department.'

Page 244, Bijoli, line 3.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '896' read' 869.'

Page 245, Bijrotha, line 5.—For '1,520' read '1,626.'

Page 245, Birdha, line 6.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '1,462' read '1.562.'

Page 245, Chandpur.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '34' read '37.'

Page 245, line 7 .- For 'east' read 'west.'

Page 247, insert after CHANDPUR ' CHAPRA, tahsil JHANSI.'

'24° 59' N. 78° 39' E., a small village, population 537, lying five miles north-east of Jhansi noteworthy for containing a large submersion bandh constructed in 1910 by the Irrigation department in connection with the Garhmau canal. This enables a considerable area of rice to be sown below it and of rabi crops in its bed.'

Page 247, line 10 (Chirgaon) —For 'sincec the onstruction' read 'since the construction.'

Page 248, Chirgaon, line 4.—For 'Basant Tikamgarh' read 'Basant Kumar died some years ago and was succeeded by Larai Dulaiya, who lived mostly in Tikamgarh and died in 1912. The succession is at present disputed.'

Page 248, line 7.—Correct '1911' for '1901' and '4023' for '4028' where they occur, and in line 8 seq. omit 'of whom Christians.'

Page 248, line 12.-For 'Rs. 1,400' read 'Rs. 2,400.'

Page 248, line 15.—Omit 'a force of police' and for 'and a' read 'and;' add after 'improvement' 'Owing to increase in the town the boundaries were revised and extended in 1909. The town suffered somewhat severely from plague in 1904 and 1912 and is liable to epidemics of cholera.'

Page 248, Delwara, line 5-

Read '1911' for '1901' and '1,346' for '1,048.'

Page 248, Deogarh, line 5.—Read '165' for '113.'

Page 250, insert after Deogarh 'Deori,' Tahsil 'Mau.'

'24° 13' N. 79° 17' E. A small village, population 318, on the Dhasan here dammed to make a storage reservoir for the Dhasan canal, which actually takes off at Lachura some eight miles lower down. The reservoir, which is named after Pahari, the village in Alipura State on the other side of the Dhasan, extends many miles up the Dhasan and its tributary, the Ur, and the construction has necessitated the entire removal of Kotra Ghat village. The police outpost and ferry have been transferred to Deori. The Dhasan is crossed here by the Jhansi-Nowgong road on the subsidiary weir, which has been widened so as to make a good causeway. During the rains a ferry worked from Nowgong is maintained.'

Page 251, Dhamna line 1.—For '642' read '553.'

Line 3.—After 'road' insert. 'It is also connected by an unmetalled road with Barwa Sagar, which is 10 miles distant.'

Line 10.—After 'free' insert' the family.....to a Bania in lines 11 to 13' and after 'outpost,' add' There are also a small district board inspection bungalow and a school.'

Page 251, Dhauri Sagar line 5 .- For '429' read '253.'

Page 25, Dhourra .- For 'Dhourra' read 'Dhaurra.'

Dhaurra in lines 2 and 3 read '1911' for '1901' and '468' for '454' respectively.

Page 251, insert after DHAURRA 'DHUKWAN, tahsil JHANSI.'

The village of this name was converted wholly into reserved forest, but a considerable area has since been handed over to the Irrigation department for the construction of the dam on the Betwa known as the Dhukwan reservoir. There is here an excellent inspection bungalow and good fishing is obtainable below the weir, while the reservoir when full runs some eight miles up the river nearly as far as the railway bridge, and being bordered with jungle-clad hills forms a charming piece of water. A metalled road connects Dhukwan with Babina, and this is carried across the Betwa on the subsidiary weir, while from the Lalitpur side of the river a good moram road runs via Nathi Khera and Hisar to rejoin the main Saugor road at Serwans. This route though five miles

longer than the metalled road avoids the ferry crossing at Jharar Ghat. Dhukwan is connected with Jhansi by a canal telegraph line.

Page 251, village Dhourra.—For 'Dhourra' read 'Dhaurra.'

Page 252, Dongra, line 3.—Add after 'jagir'—'except one patti of Debi Singh resumed for dacoity' and read '1911' for '1901' and '1642 for 1312' in lines 5 and 6.

Page 252, Dudhai lines 4 and 5—For 'Dhourra' read 'Dhaurra.'
Page 252, Dudhai, line 6.—For a 'third and a 'read' a police outpost and.'

Line 8.—After 'Sagor' add' The police station formerly here was abolished in 1912.'

Line 10.-For '184' read '221.'

Line 18.—After 'Dudhai' insert an '"' and add as a footnote:—

** See page 198.'

Page 253, line 3. - For 'east' read 'west.'

Line 21.—After 'condition' insert 'Here was found the image of the boar incarnation of Vishnu exhibited at Allahabad in 1910 and now in the Provincial Museum at Lucknow.'

Line 37 .- For 'south-eastern' read 'south-western.'

Page 254, Erachh, line 19.—For 'population.....Musalmans' read 'a steadily declining population which has fallen from 3,341 in 1891 to 2,850 in 1901 and to 2,275 in 1911. The principal inhabitants as well as the owners are Musalmans.'

Page 256, line 2.-For 'again' read 'against'.

Page 256, insert after Erachh 'Gairaha, Tahsil Mau.'

24°20′ N. 79°5′ E. Population 203. A small village about 12 miles N.-W. of Mau notable for a fine Chandel temple in excellent preservation. It is situated about half a mile north of the site on a commanding position half-way up the side of a hill, and is constructed of carved grey granite in the form of an equal-armed cross, the west arm being occupied by a sikara in the usual form. A flight of steps leads up to it and a paved courtyard extends round it. Near by is a black basalt image of Buddha, apparently bearing the date Sambat 1234. The temple was repaired at Government expense some 20 years ago.

Page 256, Garautha, line 10.—For 'Mau and' read 'Rura, 20 miles, but.'

Line 11.—For 'use this route' read 'travel vid Gursarai and Mau, or Gursarai and Punchh.'

Page 256, line 17.—For '1901' read '1911' and for 'risen' read 'fallen' and for '1878' read '1532.'

Line 19.—After 'caste' add 'About a mile N.-E. in the uninhabited mauza of Runipur is a conspicuous and picturesque ruined fort on a rocky hill built by Dakhini Brahmans, whose descendants are represented by a widow living in Garautha.'

Page 256, Garautha tahsil pargana, line 6.—After 'miles' insert '(including 6,513 acres of reserved forest).'

Line 11.—After 'Mau' insert 'and the jagirs of Tori—Fatehpur, Bijna, and Dhurwai.'

Page 257, Garautha pargana, line 9.—Delete 'is a perennial stream which.'

Line 10.—After 'tributaries' insert 'the chief of which is the Patrahi joining it at Turka Lachura.'

Lines 22 and 23 - Delete 'present....desolation,' and after 'Ghar' add 'and though much of it is bare and desolate the greater part yields a moderate return in the shape of wood or grazing.'

Line 30 .- For 'almost entirely' read 'predominantly.'

Page 259, Garautha tahsil, line 9.—For 'from 1892 and 1902' read '1896—1905' and for '1903' read '1902-03.'

Line 10.-For '1894-5' read '1904-5.'

Line 15.—After 'crops' insert 'though the proportion of rabi crops has been increasing of late years with the revival of wheat.'

Line 18.-Before 'gram' insert 'wheat and.'

Line 19.—For 'latter is mixed with wheat' read 'the two last are sown together.'

Page 259, line 36.—For 'Kakariwai' read 'Kakarbai.'

Page 260, line 15, delete—' The average mile.'

Line 15.—After 'mile' add 'In 1911 the population had again risen to 72,626, giving an increase of 8.5 per cent. The average density only amounts to 156 persons per square mile.'

Page 260, line 16.—After the word 'were' add 'in 1901'.

Page 260, line 32.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '4304' read '4,164.'

Page 261 (Garautha tahsil continued).

Line 31.—For 'laklets at Haibatpura' read 'Chandel remains (temples and a baithak) at Haibatpura near the tank which is itself Chandel and a tank and some Chandel ruins at Nagar.'

Line 34.—For 'forms' read 'is usually united with Mau to form.'

Line 38.— After 'Gursarai' add 'Erachh, Baghera.'
Page 261 (insert after Garautha) 'Garuta Phatak,
tahsil Jhansi.'

Garhia Phatak with Purwa Garhia, Nagra, and Pulia no. 9 have been united to form an Act XX town. The three former are situated close together immediately outside the boundary of the railway land half a mile west of the railway workshops; Pulia no. 9 is in the angle between the main line and the Manikpur branch. The population is composed almost wholly of workmen in the railway workshops and totalled 5,919 in 1911, having risen very rapidly from 857 in 1891 and 2,321 in 1901. The places are almost suburbs of Jhansi, but are situated too far from the municipal border to be satisfactorily managed as part of the municipality. The G. I. P. Railway contributes Rs. 800 per annum to the town funds, receipts of and expenditure from which balance at about Rs. 3,000 annually. The towns have so far been allowed to grow up in a very disorderly manner, but for the future a system of roads has been planned and it is hoped that sanitation will be considerably improved. There are here a police outpost and three schools (two for boys and one for girls) maintained by an American Mission. The towns are situated in the revenue mauza of Rund Panch Mahal, the name being derived, however, from Garhia, which lies three-quarters of a mile south-west of Garhia Phatak, and in which the railway reservoir known as the Garhia lake, formed by damming the Pahui river about two miles above where it is crossed by the Sipri road, lies. The lake is distinct from the two referred to on page 50.'

Page 262, Garhmau, line 2.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '575' read '548.'

Page 262, Geora-Gundhera, line 5.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '1071' read '1077.'

Page 262, Girar, lines 4 and 5.—Omit 'and at present..... post office 'and for '1901' read '1911' and '238' for '157.'

Page 263 (insert after Girar) Gurha, tahsil Garautha.

'A village, population 617 in 25° 27' N., 79° 21' E., situated 10 miles S.S.E. of Garautha on the Dhasan. The village contains the Nagonath Hill, a conspicuous landmark a mile north-east of the village on the top of which are two temples and a shrine to Mahadeo in a cave; between the two temples is a great trigonometrical survey station. The view from the top is very extensive. At the foot of the hill on the east side is a Chandel baithak. The village was originally owned entirely by Bundelas, who have lost five annas.'

Page 326, Gursarai.

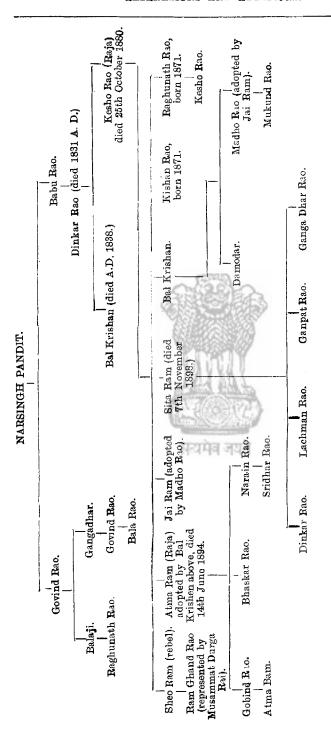
Page 263, line 19.-For 'Rao's ' read 'Raja's.'

Page 263, line 25 to line 1 on page 264.—Omit 'and though......Orai.'

Page 264, line 4.—After 'Jains' add 'while in 1911 it had still further declined to 4,164.'

Page 264.—Insert the following in place of the existing genealogical tree:—

सन्यमेव जयते



Page 265, line 1.—For 'cancelled' read' withdrawn.

Page 265, line 13.—For 'one and half..... revenue' read '75 per cent, of the assets.'

Page 266.—After 'Gursarai' insert—
'Haibatpura, tahsil Garotha.'

"Population 331 in 25° 35′ N. and 79° 15′ E. This is the chief of a group of villages close together and of interest by reason of their Chandel remains and panchayat system. These villages are Chaukri, Nonar, and Basa. There is a fine Chandel tank at Haibatpura and a ruined temple ‡ mile north of the site. In Chaukri there is a Chandel baithak called the 'Katchery' and ascribed locally to Ala and Udal. There are ruins of less interest in Basa and Chaukri. For the Garhwaro panch, the meeting-place of which is in the temple of Mahabir in Nonar, see page 129."

Page 266, Jakhlon, line 3.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '1388' read '1698.'

Page 267, Jakhaura, line 7.—Add after 'one' 'The tank burst in 1904 and was repaired by the Irrigation department, the owners, who are Lodhis, paying part of the cost.'

Page 267, line 8 .- For 'it contains' read 'there are.'

Page 267, line 13.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '2398' read '2196'

Page 267, Jhansi city, line 10.—After 'east' insert 'and there are a number of unmetalled roads which radiate in directions unserved by metalled roads.'

Page 267, lines 14 to 16-delete 'and there.....roads.'

Page 268, line 5.—After 'Provinces' add 'In 1911 the population had increased to 58,236. In the same year the population of the cantonments was found to be 11,972.'

Page 268, line 6.—For '37157' read '43482' and after 'Hindus' add '71 being Aryas' and for '9867' read "12,736."

Page 268, line 7.—For '150' read '1340,' for '207' read '280.'

Page 268, line 8.—For '3872' read '6416' and for, 2116' read '3181.'

Page 268, line 9.—For '1,855' read '1435' and omit the words 'others, chiefly.'

Page 268, line 18 .- For '32.96' read '50.02'

Page 268, line 19.—Delete 'and 'between the words 'drink and textile.'

Page 268, line 20.—After the word 'industries' add 'commerce transport and storage' and for '20' read '14.5.'

Page 268, lines 21 and 22.—Delete '16.45 per cent.....and.'
Page 268, line 23.—For '9.2' read '5.5.'

Page 269, footnote, line 3.—For 'Rrja' read 'Raja' and for 'olny' read' only 'in the fifth line of the footnote.

Page 273, line 18.-For 'fertival' read 'festival.'

Page 273, line 29.—For 'Jhirman' read Jhirnan' and after 'open' read' though not used for cart traffic.'

Page 274, line 1.—After 'egress' Insert 'forming what is known as the Phuta Darwaza.'

Page 274, line 4-Delete 'broad.'

Page 274, line 8 .- Before 'broad 'insert 'fairly.'

Page 274, line 23.—For 'opposite to it' read 'a short distance to the west of it.'

Page 274, line 29.—Delete from 'Six.....to Orchha Darwaza' and add 'seven wards, four of which are within the city walls, while the other three however known as Talpura, Naibasti, and Sipri Bazar, respectively, are outside the walls.'

Page 275, lines 3 to 5-Delete 'though.....lines.'

Page 277, line 12.—After 'miles' insert 'which includes 14,719 acres of reserved forest.'

In footnote,—Read '5049' for '3499.'

Page 278, line 12.—After 'sown,' insert 'Several of these tanks such as those at Chhapra and Digara have been restored or reconstructed by the Irrigation department.'

Page 279, line 7.—Delete 'very.'

Page 279, line 24.—Delete 'when the last enumeration was made.'

Page 280, line 2.—After Bundelas add The total population in 1911, including the city and cantonments, was 166,939 persons. Classified according to religions there were 142,066 Hindus Brahminic, 208 Aryas, 765 Jains, 980 Sikhs, 19,444 Muhammadans, 3,216 Christians, and 258 Parsis.

'The density of population was 330 persons per square mile, showing an increase over last census of 14.8 per cent.'

 $Page\ 281-Jhansi-(continued).$

Page 281, line 7.—After 'are' insert' the Chandel temples or remains thereof' and delete 'Pachar.'

Page 281, line 8 .- Before 'have' insert 'and Pachar.'

Page 281, line 9.—After 'usually' insert 'together with Moth.'

Page 281 Jharar line 2 .- For '46' read '67.'

Page 281, Jharar—For 'It gives.......season' read 'The Jhansi-Lalitpur road here crosses the Betwa by a causeway when the water is low enough, by a ferry at other times. The water is held up by the dam at Dhukwan, 6 miles lower down, so that the causeway is not in use until late in the season, and, in years when there is little demand for irrigation, not at all. On the other hand, since the construction of the dam the ferry is workable throughout the year, which formerly was not the case, the nearest crossing in the rains having been at the Surengh at two miles higher up.'

Page 281— Kachneo, tahsil Mau.

'A considerable village in 25' N. 7°13°8 57' eleven miles west of Mau with which it is connected by an unmetalled road as also with Bangra three miles distant on the Jhansi-Nowgong road. Population 982. The village was originally owned by resident Ahirs, but it has now passed to purchasers chiefly Mst. Radha Bai of Jhansi and the rest to resident Kaisths. There is a fair-sized tank prettily situated west of the range of the hills behind the village (see page 59). There is also a district board inspection bungalow which was formerly a shooting-box of Birsinghdeo Raja of Orchha.'

Pages 281 and 282, Kakarvai, line 4—For 'It is.......Durkhuru' read 'It gives its name to an ubari estate consisting of Kakarbai (15 annas), Kachir, Dhamnaur, Hiranagar, Kharka, and Dumrai together with about one-third of Durkhuru. The family of the Rao reside in a fort in Kakarvai, which is imposingly situated on a ridge of rock on the north-east side of the village, but they are now greatly impoverished mainly by reason of their large numbers.'

Page 281.—Omit the footnote on this page.

Page 282, line 12, for '1901' read '1911' and for '1356' read '1348.'

Page 282.—Insert after Kakarvai.

'KARARI, tahsil JHANSI.'

'A village in 25°32' N. 78°28" E. on the Agra road, seven miles north-east of Jhansi and one mile from the railway station named from it, with which it is connected by an unmetalled road. The population is 660. It contains an old fort and is owned by resident Gujars and Ahirs.'

Page 282,—Insert here.

KARGAWAN, tahsil Moth.

'A village in 25°27' N. 78° 53' E., five miles north-east of Chirgaon on the Cawnpore metalled road; population 1,386. The original owners are resident Lodhis, but they have lost more than half the village. The site is an old one, being apparently mentioned as Kari-gramma in the copper-plate inscription found at Pachar (see page 313). From the context it would appear that Kargawan was then the chief town of a pargana. There are also in the village Chandel remains in the shape of carvings, derived apparently from a temple and now on a shrine near the school; and an old Chandel well lined with large bricks.'

Line 12.—After 'elegance.' 'There is also a considerable amount of kharua cloth manufactured.'

Page 282, lines 12 and 13.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '4375' read '4249.'

Page 232, line 22.—After, Rs. 2150 'add' rental kists are still collected here as in Orchha, i. e. the kharif kist in August and the rabi kist in January. 'There is a large area of forest which is cut over rather severely, whereby the Sada-Sohawal

shrub (Lantana aculcata) is spreading to the detriment of more useful trees.'

Page 283, Kelgawan, line 4.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '1985' read '2226.'

Add at the end 'The village was originally the jagir of the Kamdar of Raja Mor Pahlad, whose descendants retain about two-thirds of the village, the remainder having mostly passed to the present Diwan of Tikamgarh, Khan Bahadur Muhammad Zaman Khan, though recorded in the name of his sister-in-law Mst. Mehtab Begum. This lady also holds shares in the neighbouring villages of Dangrana and Mahowa-Khera.'

Page 283, lines 3 and 4.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '503' read '517.'

Page 283,—Kelwara.—Add at the end—' It was originally owned entirely by the Lodhis, but they have lost three-fourths to various purchasers.'

Page 283, Add here-Khailar, tahsil Jhansi.

A fair-sized village, population 1,091, in 25° 20′ N. 78° 33′ E. It is situated nine miles south of Jhansi on the Lalitpur road and is the first military encamping ground on that road from Jhansi. The village is owned by several resident Ahirs and contains a tank managed by the Irrigation department. The mass of hills to the west of the village forms a conspicuous landmark and the immediate neighbourhood forms a favourite ground for field-firing for the Garrison at Jhansi, and special arrangements to facilitate this have been entered—into with the zamindars as regards an area of about a mile square immediately north of the hills and west of the metalled road.

Page 283. Add here—Khajraha, tahsil Jhansi.

'A railway station 11 miles south of Jhansi which derives its name from the neighbouring villages of Khajraha Buzurg and Khajraha Khurd, the former of which lies half a mile west of the station and the latter about three miles west. Khajraha Buzurg is the more important with a population of 853. It is purely agricultural and is owned by a large body of resident Lodhi co-sharers.'

Page 283, Khajuria, line 8.—For '753' read '795.

Page 283, Konchhabhanwar, line 1.—For '1308' read '1566.'

Page 284, Konchhabhanwar, line 15.—For 'the bulk ... and' read 'for some reason.'

Page 284, line 19.—For 'the executive division' read 'the Irrigation department.'

Page 284, Kotra Ghat.—Delete from the 'A village lying to..... chiefly Parihars' and add 'The village now lies in 24° N. and 79° 16' E some 2½ miles south of the new road from Jhansi to Nowgong, five miles from Jhansi and 11 miles from Mau. It was formerly situated about a mile N.-E. but the old site had to be abandoned on the construction of the Pahari dam on the Dhasan two miles below the old site. There is a school, but the other institutions formerly here have been removed elsewhere, the police outpost (a police station until 1907) to Deori, the cattle pound to Purwa, and the inspection bungalow to Bhandra, while the military encamping ground has been abandoned entirely. The population in 1911 was 1.230, chiefly Parihars.'

Page 286, Kotra Ghat.—Omit last paragraph.

Page 286, Kumheri, line 3.—For '1,901, read' 1911 and for '1758' read' 2,228.'

Page 286, Kumheri, line 4.-Omit 'The only ... size 'and add 'The village was originally owned two-thirds by Brahmans and one-third by Kurmis, all resident. These have lost altogether rather over one-third, which has passed chiefly to Kaisths. The panchayat system survives here strongly and many cases are settled without reference to the law courts.'

Page 286, Lachura, line 6.—Delete 'Three miles in length.'

Page 286, Lachura, line 11.—After '1908' add 'The reservoir extends right up to the Pahari dam and being bordered on the west by a jungle-clad range of hills forms a beautiful sheet of water. The whole of the area between the reservoir and the range running south-west of Lachura village is now reserved forest.'

Page 286, Lachura, line 12.—Omit 'Post office and school.' Page 286, Lachura, line 13.—For '775' read '746.'

Page 286, Lachura, line 114.—Afehr 'Chamars' add After 'the village is mainly owned by resident Bais Thakurs.'

Page 286, LALITPUR Sub-Division.

Line 10.—For 'It has accordingly 'read' The Subdivisional Officer is assisted by a Deputy Collector, as a rule with less than full powers, while the Munsif of Lalitpur has the criminal powers of a second class Magistrate. There are also an Assistant Superintendent and Reserve Inspector of Police and a few clerks besides the ordinary court clerk, as the Sub-divisional Officer's duties are somewhat more extensive than those of the ordinary Sub-divisional Officer stationed at headquarters. The sub-division has however in most respects'

Page 287, LALITPUR, pargana and tahsil LALITPUR.

Page 287, line 7 .- For 'east' read 'west.'

Page 287, line 27 .-- For '1800' read '1787.'

Page 287, line 28 .- After 'fought' insert' 'near.'

Page 287, line 30 .- After 'Shahzad' insert '(see page 205).'

Page 288, line 4.—For 'from' read 'by.'

Page 288, line 35.—Delete 'but.'

Page 289, line 1.—After 'tank' insert' the catchment area of which has been considerably increased lately by the construction of a channel diverting a stream into it. But in spite of this the sub-soil water level continues to fall, presumably by reason of the completeness with which rain-water is drained off by the numerous drains and paved streets.'

Page 289, lines 10 and 11.—For 'district surveyor' read' sectional officer of the Public Works department (Roads and Buildings) and subdivisional officer of the Irrigation department.'

Page 289, line 27.—After 'other religions' add 'At the 'census of 1911 the number had risen to 12,449, of whom 9,146 were Hindus, 1,365 were Jains, 6 were Sikhs, 1,778 were Muhammadans, and 154 were Christians.'

Page 289, line 24.—For 'at the last enumeration 'read' The enumeration of 1901.'

Page 290, line 15 .- Delete 'sah'

Page 291, line 15.—After 'wells' insert 'There are, however, several tanks, of which the chief are Kalyanpura,

whence a small system of canals takes out, Daoni, Karipahari, Kelwara, Lagon, and the Sumera tank at Lalitpur: the first four have been recently constructed by the Irrigation department.'

Page 292, line 26.—After 'apiece' add 'The population in 1911 numbered 159,462, showing a rise of 10.3 per cent. over that of 1901. Classified according to religion, there were 210,403 Hindus Brahmanic, 4,939 Jains, 3,910 Muhammadans, and 200 Christians.'

Page 291, line 15.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '63623' read

Line 17 .- Before 'eastward' insert 'south.'

Page 291, line 22.—Delete 'several' and for 'in it' read at Delwara, Lalitpur, Jiron 'and Jakhlaun within the limits of the pargana.'

Page 292, line 31.—Delete 'the only.'

Page 292, line 32.—Delete 'in the subdivision.'

Page 292, line 33.—Before 'Bansi' insert 'Pura Kalan.'

Page 292, line 38.—After 'Kirauda 'insert 'Tenga.'

Page 292, line 38.—For 'Kiraunda' read 'Kirauda.'

Page 293, line 1.—For 'Buhchera' read 'Buchera.'

Page 293, line 10 .- Delete 'Bar, Bansi. Dudhai, and Narhat.'

Page 293, line 10.—After 'Talbehat' insert 'and,' and after' Nathi Khera' add' while portions of the tahsil lie in the police circles of Bar and Narhat, the headquarters of which lie in the Mahroni tahsil.'

Page 293.—Insert here, Lewa, tahsil Jhansi.

'A village 15 miles north-east of Jhansi on the Bhander road. It is situated on an elevated mound and is probably one of the oldest sites in the district, being mentioned in the copperplate inscription found at Pachar and dated 1233 Sambat. It contains a Chandel baoli situated about 100 yards south-west of the village. Near the baoli is a carved Chandel pillar with an illegible inscription which has been utilised as a sati stone. The village has a population of 610 and is owned by resident Lodhis.'

Page 293, Madanpur, line 8.—For 'but has school and 'read 'and has a school, but '

Page 293, Madanpur, line 10.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '561' read '527.'

Page 293, Madanpur, line 14.—After 'buildings' insert 'called locally the Kachahris of Ala and Udal.'

Page 294, line 3.—For 'but was' read 'and the defences of dry stone walling about three feet high are still to be seen. These were however'

Page 294, line 9.—For 'Phatum hermits' read 'the Phatan, a gorge cut through the sandstone ridge by the Ohri river: here are some natural caverns once tenanted by hermits, now a not infrequent resort of tigers.'

Page 294, Madaora, line 7.—For '1,142' read '1,261.'

Page 295, Madaora pargana, line 10.—For 'is' read 'however is distinctly undulating and is' and for 'nalas' read 'stream.'

Page 295, Madaora pargana, line 12.—For 'nalas' read' streams' and for 'back centrally' read' through the centre.'

Page 295, Madaora pargana, line 15.—After 'pargana' insert' The scenery along the streams where they pass through the northernmost scarp of the Vindhyas in a series of gorges is probably the prettiest in the provinces outside the Himalayan districts.'

Page 295, Madaora pargana, line 35.—After 'acres' insert 'There are no canals, but tanks exist at Arjun-Khiria, Dhawa and Dongra-Kalan, Madanpur, and Madaora.'

Page 296, line 15.—After 'south' read 'There is a large collection of Chandel remains at Madanpur, and Chandel temples in good and fair preservation at Sonrai, Gurha, Kakarua, Siron, Budhni-Narhat, Daulatpur, and Markhera; while there are ruins of what were once fine forts at Madaora and Sonrai, and others at Narhat and elsewhere. The Gond fortifications at Girar are of interest. The more important of these remains have been separately described.'

Page 296, Madaora pargana, lines 15 and 16.— Delete 'and its chapter IV.'

Page 296, line 2.-For '2682' read '3094.'

Page 297, line 13, read 'moti' for 'moto.'

Line 35, after 'acres' insert 'there are good tanks at Sonjna Maigawan, and Bangarua.'

Page 298, Mahroni tahsil, line 9.—For 'south' read 'Saugor district.'

Page 298, Mahroni tahsil, line 15.—For 'Sonjna' read 'Sajnam.'

Page 298, Mahroni tahsil, line 16.—For 'touches' read 'includes a part of.'

Page 299, Mahroni tahsil, (continued) line 9.—For 'Bundela' read 'Bundelas.'

Page 299, Mahroni tahsil, line 16.—After 'representatives' add 'A marked rise of 17.8 per cent. in the population, which now amounts to 122,374, was observed at the census of 1911.'

Page 299, Mahroni tahsil, line 17.—After 'Sindwaha' insert 'Patha, Saidpur, Kumheri, Sonrai.'

Page 299, Mahroni tahsil, line 18.—After 'Guna' insert 'and' and delete 'Girar' and 'Madanpar.'

Page 299, Mahroni tahsil, line 25.—After 'Gonds' insert 'Agori (a temple probably Gond), Girar (Gond fortifications).'

Page 299, Mahroni tahsil, line 31.—Delete 'Girar, Lalitpur.'
Page 300.—MAU, tahsil MAU.

Page 300, line 4.—Before 'southwards' delete 'and,' and after 'Tikamgarh,' insert 'and eastward to Ranipur and thence to Ratausa.'

Page 300, line 5.—After 'Markuan' delete 'and 'and after 'Lahchura' insert 'Ganupura (opposite Rura), Churara, Bonda, and Uldan.'

Page 300, line 8 .- For 'nadis' read 'rivers.'

Page 301, line 11.—Delete 'of three or four streets.'

Page 301, line 15.-For 'to' read 'on.'

Page 301, line 23.-For 'Suprar' read 'Sukhnai.'

Page 301, line 30.—After 'Jhansi' insert '(from 1770 to 1794.)'

Page 302, line 2.—After '19675' insert a comma and omit 'and' after 17231 insert 'in 1911 of 12927.'

Page 302, line 5.-For 'are' read 'were.'

Page 302, line 8.—After 'muballas' add 'With effect from April 1st, 1912, Ranipur was separated from Mau amd converted into an Act XX town (see page 172).'

Page 302, line 11 .- For 'five' read 'seven.'

Page 302, line 16.—After 'religions' add 'The population of Mau proper in 1911 classified according to religion consisted of 11,494 Brahmanic Hindus, 10 Aryas, 97 Jains, 1,289 Muhammadans, and 37 Christians.'

Page 303, line 8.—After 'wheat' add 'But trade here is often very adversely affected by the imposition of differential export duties by the Orchha State designed to divert all exports from that state through Tikamgarh (see page 75). It is also adversely affected by the use of the Gajashahi rupee, the exchange of which is manipulated to the invariable advantage of the money-changers and the disadvantage of their customers.'

Page 303, line 11.—Delete 'but the water-supply is bad.'

Page 303, MAU tahsil.

Page 303, line 6.—Delete 'south' before 'west.'

Page 303, line 10.—After 'miles' insert' which includes 7,129 acres of reserved forest.'

Page 303, line 22, to line 1, page 304.—For 'the further... became' read 'The soil becomes progressively darker from south to north.'

Page 304, line 7. For 'Kachneh' read 'Kachneo.'

Page 305, line 19.—After 'crops' add' With the revival of wheat cultivation the proportion of rabi crops is increasing.'

Line 27.—For '710' read '170.'

Page 305, line 36.—For 'at the last enumeration' read'at the enumeration of 1901.'

Page 306, line 18.—For 'town' read 'towns' and for 'is' read 'are.'

Page 306, lines 18 and 19.—For 'Ranipur' read 'and the Act XX town of Ranipur.'

Page 306, line 17.—After 'Mau' add 'at the last census of 1911 the population was 104,278. Classified according to religions there were in 1911, 98,984 Brahminic Hindus, 7 Aryas, 716 Jains, 14 Sikhs, 4,025 Muhammadans, and 532 Christians.'

'The density of population was 237 persons per square mile giving an increase over last census of 4.0 per cent.'

Page 306, line 21.—For 'Kachneh' read 'Kachneo' and after 'tanks' insert' while there are smaller tanks at Bejaigarh,

Kharon, Katera (Ara Tal), Bangra, Baragaon, Seokra, Dhawa, and Palra; of these, the first eight are in charge of the Irrigation department, and from the Siaori, Magarwara, Kachneo, Pachwara, and Bijaigarh tanks proceed more or less extensive system of canals. At Lachhura and Deori are reservoirs of the Dhasan canal, which, however, does no irrigation in the district.'

Page 306, lines 21 and 22.—Delete 'while Uldan stations.'

Page 306, line 32.—For 'four' read 'five.'

Page 306, line 33.—After 'namely' insert 'Rura.'

Page 307, line 5.—For 'constitutes' read 'is usually combined with Garautha to form.'

Page 307, line 6.—After 'staff' insert 'who however now no longer as was customary until 1900, resides at Mau.'

Page 307, line 8.—For 'Barwa Sagar' read 'Pandwaha. There are a few remains of archaeological interest, the chief of which are Chandel temples at Basari, Gairaha, Marha, Rura, and Sakrar, and several old forts the best of which are at Bijaigarh and Pachwara.'

Page 307.—Мотн.

Page 307, line 3.—Before 'Gursarai' insert, 'Samthar' and before 'Bhander 'and 'omit' and Punch' and add after 'Bhander' the first metalled, the others unmetalled.'

Page 307, line 11.—After 'tax' insert 'and weighing licences.'
Page 307, line 12.—Omit 'a police force.'

Page 307, line 15.—After 'notice' add 'The town suffered somewhat severely from plague in 1904 and again in 1912.'

Page 307, line 7.—Delete 'and' before '1901' and after '2937' write 'and in 1911 still further to 2602.'

Page 307, line 8.—Delete 'of this . . . Hindus 'Line 10' for '600', read '1,000.'

Page 307, Moth tahsil, line 4.—After 'miles' insert 'which includes 1,955 acres of reserved forest in 72 blocks which are in charge of the Collector (see page 20).'

Page 307, Moth tahsil, line 10.—For 'inclave' read 'enclave.'
Page 308, line 2.—Insert a comma, after 'Khilli' in line 2
and add 'and' before 'Khilli-Tanti.'

Page 308, line 2.—Delete 'on the other hand is
Jalaun district,'

Page 309, line 36.—After 'wells' insert 'There are, however, proposals for new canals on both sides of the Betwa, which should greatly increase the irrigated area and render the tahsil less precarious than it now is (see page 61).'

Page 310, line 4.—After 'crops' add 'Here, as elsewhere in the district the proportion under rabi crops is steadily increasing.'

Page 311, line 2.—After' representatives' add 'At the census of 1911 there was again a fall to 55,009 or 1.1 per cent. Classified according to religions there were 52,662, Brahminics Hindus, 6 Aryas, 198 Jains, 3 Sikhs, 2,137 Muhammadans, and 3 Christians.'

Page 311, line 13.--For 'no' read 'small' and after 'importance' add 'but its trade has increased of late.'

Page 311, line 20.—For 'north to south' read 'north-east to south-west.'

Page 311, line 29.—After 'impassable' add 'except at Erachh, the ferry at which is passable, save in times of very exceptional flood.'

Page 312, line 37.—For 'forms' read' is generally united with Jhansi to form.'

Page 312, line 38.—Delete 'generally.'

Page 313, insert after Moth, Moti Katra, tahsil Garautha.

"Population 1,350. A village in 25° 35' N. 79° 26' E. on the Dhasan river where the road from Garautha to Rath crosses that river. It is owned by Bundelas of the Kakarbai family (see page 103) and contains a fort in fair preservation. There is a school here, and a small industry of dyeing kharua cloth, though 'al' cultivation has long ceased. There is a considerable area of reserved forest in this neighbourhood, and a ferry across the Dhasan, which is fordable in the dry season.'

Page 313, insert here Mustara, tahsil Jhansi.

A village three miles north-east of Jhansi which gives its name to a railway station situated 13 miles from the Baragaon gate of Jhansi city and so nearer the city than Jhansi station itself. The station is connected by a good unmetalled road with the Baragaon gate. The village has a population of 251 and is

owned by Musammat Radha Bai. South of it is a considerable tank which the Irrigation department propose to improve and connect with the Chira bandh little further south, forming the whole into one system with the Marghatta bandh in Koncha-Bhanwar; the scheme should go far to restore the prosperity of this tract.'

Page 313, insert here NAND KHAS, tahsil MOTH.

'A village with a population of 774, which gives its name to a railway station on the Cawnpore branch of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, situated in Samthar territory about a mile away. The station is connected by an unmetalled road with the metalled Cawnpore road at Semri, one mile distant.'

Page 313, line 7, Narhat.—For 'in chapter III' read 'on page 104 et seq.'

Page 313, lines 10 and 11.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '2101' read '2346.'

Page 313, Nathi Khera, line 3.—After 'road' add 'which runs north vid Dhukwan to Babina, 15 miles off.'

Page 313, Nathi Khera, line 5.— For '1901' read '1911' and for '448' read '985.'

Page 313, Nathi Khera, line 6—After 'Jains' add 'though the zamindars are Bundela Thakurs.'

Page 313, insert here Nohat Ghât, tahsil Jhansi.

'Nohat Ghat is the ferry by which the Jhansi-Nowgong road crosses the Betwa seven miles from Jhansi. Owing to the Parichha dam which holds up the water to above this point the ferry works all the year round, and it is possible to maintain at least fair approaches. The name is derived from the village of Nohat Chir within the limits of which the eastern landing lies; the western landing lies in Orchha State territory.'

Page 313, insert here Pachar, tahsil Jhansi.

'A village 16 miles north-east of Jhansi in 25° 34' N. 78° 49' E., population 802. The owners are chiefly resident Ahirs. A copper-plate was discovered here during the excavation of the foundation of a house some 40 years ago and presented to the Government in 1908 by its then possessor Brindaban. It is dated 1233 Sambat and records the bestowal by Raja Parnol of Kalinjar of a muaft on one Pandit Sri Keshawa Sharma. The

muafi is recorded as in Bilaspur which is said to be the former name of Pachar, which derives its present name from Pacheri, the particular clan of Ahirs to which the proprietors belong. There is in the village a small Chandel temple of carved granite, but the ground level has risen in process of time to such an extent that its roof is now some six feet below the surface and access is obtained by steps. There is a tradition that there are four more such temples, one about 20 yards north of this and two respectively 20 and 40 yards east and a fourth the supposed site of which is not indicated. About a furlong east of the village is a narrow well lined with large bricks, ascribed to the Chandels.'

Page 313, insert here, Pachwara, tahsil Mau.

'A considerable village in 24°22' N. 79°5' E. population 1,117, ten miles north-west of Mau on the unmetalled road to Uldan, owned by resident Bundela Thakurs, whose ancestors formerly held it in jagir and constructed the fort above the village. There is a large tank west of the range of hills that runs half a mile west of the village; this is under the Irrigation department, as also is the delightfully-situated inspection bungalow overlooking the lake.'

Page 313, Pali, line 7.—For 'in chapter III' read 'or page 103 et seq.'

Page 313, Pali, line 10.—For '1910' read' 1911' and for '2451' read' 2978.'

Page 313, Pali, line 13.—For 'and deep..........Mahadeo' read 'there are two Chandel temples distant about quarter mile apart; the more western is known as 'Nilkanth,' being dedicated to Nilkanth Mahadeo—it has been reconstructed and is therefore of less interest archaeologically than the more eastern temple known as Sita Marhi which is unrestored. Paths up the scarp lead to both while a quarter mile further west than the Nilkanth temple in the Banjara Ghati, formerly the road used by the Banjara caravans and still easily passable to ponies.'

Page 314, Pali Pahari. Pali Pahari, tahsil Jhansi.

'A small village, population 215, five miles west of Jhansi, which gives its name to the artillery practice camp. The village is Government property and contains a fair-sized tank about a

mile to the south-west constructed by Government in 1889 and now forming part of the Pahuj Garhmau system (page 57). There is also a long hill which is of considerable value in connection with the artillery practice. The camp proper however is situated in Simardha and Karari on the east side of the Agra road close to the sixth milestone from Jhansi and one mile from Karari railway station. Artillery practice is carried on as a rule for three or four weeks during the cold weather, generally in January or February, and extends from the railway line near Jhansi and sometimes beyond the western border of the district. The area shot over is bounded north and south by the Jhansi-Sipri and Jhansi-Agra roads.'

Page 314, PALRA, tahsil MAU.

'A large village, population 1,753 in 24° 20' N. 79' E., about 9 miles north-west of Mau, owned by resident Thakurs. It contains a school and two fair-sized tanks. The village is well situated on the eastern slope of a range of hills.'

Page 314, Pandwaha, line 3.—For 'Garantha' read 'Garautha.'

Page 314, Pandwaha, line 8.—For '1901' read '1911' and for '1017' read '1000.'

Page 314, insert PAWA, tahsil Lalitpur.

'A fair-sized village, population 778, in 25°5′ N. and 78° 26′ E. three miles north-east of Talbehat. It is owned by a considerable number of resident Bundelas and lies on the east side of a range of hills surmounted by a minor survey station and a temple to Mahadeo. The village is noteworthy for containing two very successful submergence tanks. The older one lies a mile north-west of the village and the land in the bed rents for as much as Rs. 10 per acre for rabi crops. The newer tank is a mile south of the village and constructed in 1906 by the Irrigation department at a cost of Rs. 24,727.'

Page 314, Parichha, tahsil Jhansi.

'A railway station on the Cawnpore branch of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, two miles from the village of that name which is situated in 25°31' N. 78°48' E. and has a population of 582. It gives its name to the dam on the Petwa forming the headworks of the Betwa canal (page 55) which, however,

as also the head of the canal is really situated in an outlying portion of the jagir of Tori Fatchpur. The railway station is connected with the Cawnpore road by an unmetalled road seven furlongs long.

Page 314, PIPRA, insert after Pawa PIPRA, tahsil Moth.

'A fair-sized village three miles north of Bahera and one mile east of the unmetalled Erich-Bangra road. It lies immediately east of a long range of hills which at this point have been cut across by a stream which has been dammed to make the largest tank in Moth tahsil. The tank has been improved by the Irrigation department and will probably be still further enlarged in connection with the proposed Gursarai canal. The village is mainly owned by resident Ahirs and Kurmis, and contains a school.'

Page 314, "Punch tahsil Moth." Omit the whole paragraph. Page 314, Pura Kalan, tahsil Lalitpur, before Raksa.

'A large village, population 2,070 in 25° 3' N. and 78°34' E., twelve miles east of Talbehat with which it is connected by a second-class road. The village contains a school and was originally owned in equal shares by Lodhis and Bundelas. The former have now lost most of their shares. There is a fair-sized tank between the site of Pura Kalan and Bijaipura, half in each, the repairing of which is a bone of contention between the two villages. Besides this, a large tank has been made about 1½ miles north-east of the village by damming a considerable stream where it cuts through a range of hills. This was constructed by the Irrigation department in 1905 at a cost of Rs. 20,626, and irrigation is effected by a small system of canals.'

Page 314, Raksa line 2.-For '1901' read '1911.'

Page 314, line 3 .- For '1537' read '1521.'

Page 314, line 4. - After 'station' insert 'post office.'

Page 315, Ranipur, line 2.—After 'Mau' insert' with which it is connected by a metalled road, as also with the Jhansi-Nowgong road at Ratausa (5 miles) and the railway station of Ranipur Road (2½ miles). Unmetalled roads connect it with Siaori, (7 miles) and Kachneo (4 miles).'

Page 315, lines 2 and 3.—Omit, 'with.....municipality.'
Page 315, Ruksa, line 4.—After 'described' add 'on page 16.'

Page 315, Ranipur, line 5.—After 'post office' insert' dispensary, police outpost' and after 'school' add' Up till 1st April 1912, Ranipur formed one ward, returning two members of the joint Mau-Ranipur municipality; on that date it was separated from Mau, octroi being abolished in Mau, and Ranipur converted to an ordinary Act XX town. It is to be hoped that the abolition of octroi and the construction of the metalled road to the railway station will do something to revive the trade of the place.

Page 315, line 9.-Insert 'the' before 'old style.'

Page 315, line 10.—Add 'the 'after 'in.'

Page 315, line 24.—For 'and at the last.....inhabitants' read 'and to 5653 in 1901 but rose slightly to 5,803 in 1911.'

Page 315, lines 25 and 26.—Omit 'for election.....boards.'
Page 316. Insert after Ranipur, Roni, tahsil Mau.

'A village, population 460 in 25° 13 N. and 79°10' E., about 3 miles south-west of Mau. The village contains a hill rising steeply to some 600 feet above the plain and forming a conspicuous landmark. There are here and in the neighbouring village of Singarwara numerous relics of Gond occupation in the shape of shrines to deceased Gonds whose spirits are still supposed to haunt the place. There are also Chandel remains, a baithak, 300 yards north of the village, and a considerable number of Chandel carvings in various places, and two old tanks. On the top of the hill is a temple, and near it a small tank excavated in the rock. A paved staircase leads up to this temple. The village was formerly owned by Ahirs and Kachhis, then passed to Rajputs, and from them the greater portion has gone to a Kaisth, who is Zakhira officer in the Tikamgarh State.'

Page 316.-Rura.

A railway station on the Manikpur branch, nine miles east of Mau. The village has one site with Bhatpura. The fields of the two villages are interlaced. Together they have a population of 942. Rura is owned by Parihar Thakurs, Bhatpura by Bhats, but the latter have lost more than half of Bhatpura. The whole of that part of the two villages lying east of the range of hills immediately east of the village has been taken up as

reserved forest and is being planted with shisham and other trees. There is small Chandel temple in fair preservation half a mile east of the village and just north of the railway. The railway crosses the Dhasan on the east boundary of the village by a bridge consisting of 13 spans of 100 feet each. The Lachura dam over the Dhasan holds the water up in its tributary, the Sukhnai, as well to some distance above the village, and a ferry is accordingly maintained here by the Irrigation department. The railway station is connected by an unmetalled road with Bamori on the Mau-Garautha road, four miles distant, and is the nearest railway station to Garautha (20 miles).'

Page 316.—Sagoli, tahsil Moth.

'A village in 24° 41′ N. 79° 9′ E., population 514, situated five miles south-east of Erachh and a mile from the metalled Punchh-Gursarai road. It is noteworthy for its tank, which is of some size, and lies partly in Sagoli and partly in Bilahti-Kharki. It was constructed in 1905-6, by the Irrigation department, and will probably shortly irrigate a fair area in these villages and also in Patha and Khareni, while a large area of rabi is being grown in its bed. Sagoli contains a somewhat conspicuous isolated hill called Churaiya-ka-pahar surmounted by two small temples. The village is owned by a large but impoverished community of Sringirikh Brahmans who reside here.'

Page 316 .- SAKRAR, tahsil MAU.

Page 316 line 1.—For 'small' read' considerable' and in line 3 for '1633' read' 1536' line 4 for 'Bhils' read' Saharias.'

Page 316.—SAR, tahsil JHANSI.

'A considerable village in 25°19 'N. 78°23' E., 16 miles south-west of Jhansi on the unmetalled road to Pichhorin Gwalior. Population 1,125. It is owned by a large body of resident Ahirs and is notable for a good-sized tank originally constructed by Raja Ram Chandra Rao of Jhansi in Sambat 1869. It burst however almost immediately after being made and was restored and enlarged by the Irrigation department in 1908.'

Page 316, Sarhumar, line 1.—For '1,184' read '1,341.'

Page 316, Sarhumar, lines 8 and 9.—For 'village...chiefly' read 'greater part of the village are the Seths of Bamrana, who

have displaced most of the ancestral owners. The population is chiefly composed of Kachhis.'

Page 316, Siori, line 2.-For 'at' read 'near.'

Page 316, line 4.—For '1901' read '1911' and line 4 for '2339' read '2516.'

Page 316, line 4.—After 'persons' add 'But the site is continuous with those of Kotra and Sohagpur, the whole forming practically one continuous village with a total population of 3,238 to which the Village Sanitation Act (II of 1892) has been extended.

Page 316, SIAORI, lines 5 and 6.—For 'is being' read 'has been.'

Page 316, line 7 .- For 'has' read 'had.'

Page 317, line 1.—For 'It is tank' read 'the cill of the tank has now been raised.'

Page 317, line 6.—Add after 'across' 'The construction of this tank has caused partial or total submergence of the sites of Sapatwara, Durgapura, and Siaoni Khurd, which have been removed to fresh sites. The village is prosperous, the tank having greatly improved it. The chief owners are resident Kurmis.'

Page 317—Siras Ghât.

Page 317, line 9.—(At end) add 'When the river is low, it is crossed by the ford at Banjaria Ghat about a mile below Siras Ghat, where the ferry boat works. The ford is passable for wheeled traffic, the river flowing over small stones.'

Page 317-SIRON KALAN.

Page 317, line 1 .- For '537' read '611.'

Page 317, line 18.—Omit 'or.'

Page 317, line 19.—For 'appropriately' read' elaborately' and add after 'carved' 'Close to the bank of the Khera Nadi and within the borders of Satgato village is an excellently carved figure of Hanuman. In this village and Siron Khurd which adjoins it are two large tanks recently restored by the Irrigation department.'

Page 318, Sirsi, line 1.—For 'north-east' read' north-west.'
Page 318, Sirsi, line 3.—For '880' read '847.'

Page 318, Sirsi, line 7.—For '100' read '20' and add—
'The first mahant is said to have been Ranjitgir and to

have founded the akhara some 1,000 years ago. It is connected with the Juna akhara of Benares and received several grants from the Chanderi Rajas. The mahant holds Sirsi and Jamora revenue-free for so long as the income is devoted to purposes of charity. He also holds zamindari rights in Seor, Rasoi, and Binaika-muafi, these villages having been resumed within the past 30 years. The mahant has no power to sell, mortgage or gift any of this property. Succession is governed by the rule that the successor shall be one of the chelas who is a Brahman and literate, but if there be no Brahman then a Baniya or Rajput of suitable intelligence shall succeed.'

Page 318, Sojna, line 1 .- For '1286' read '1814.'

Page 318, Sojna, line 4.—After 'border' add 'It is connected by unmetalled roads with Mahroni, Maraura (12 miles) and Kakarwas in the Orchha State (8 miles.)'

Page 318, Sojna, line 5.—After 'contains' insert 'a fine tank' and after 'post office' add 'a forest bungalow' and after 'school' add 'It is owned by Gaya Prasad, Brahman, a man of considerable influence in this neighbourhood.'

Page 318, Sonrai, line 2 for '1002' read '1362' line 6.—Omit 'partially.'

Page 318, Sonrai, line 7.—After 'Mutiny' add by 'Sir Hugh Rose's force.'

Page 318, Sonrai, line 13.—After 'Chapter I' add 'page 27.'
Page 318.—TALAUR, tahsil Moth.

'A considerable village in the western extension of the tahsil just south of the Moth-Bhander road and nine miles from the former. It is connected by an unmetalled road with Kargawan on the Cawnpore-Jhansi metalled road. It has a population of 1005 and contains a school and an inspection bungalow; a cattle market is held weekly. There is also a mud fort built by Govind Pandit, Raja of Jalaun. The village is owned by resident Lodhis, and is in the centre of the best black-soil area in the tahsil.'

Page 320, Telbehat, line 20.—Omit 'at the enumeration' and add after 'inhabitants,' who increased to 6,433 in 1911.

Page 420, Talbehat, line 21.—For '5,424' insert '6038' and for '266 insert '280.'

Page 320, line 22.—Omit the words 'and three others.'

Page 320, line 22.—After 'Musalmans add' 105 Jains and 10 Christians.'

Page 321, Talbehat, lines 3 and 4.—Delete 'parallel......
Betwa.'

Page 321, Talbehat, line 11.—After 'Talbehat' add 'There are also large tanks constructed or restored by the Irrigation department at Pura Kalan, Pawa, Pipra Rampur, Kakrari, Karesra Kalan, Talbehat, (Gajara and Kakrela tanks), Bijrotha, Bangawan-Kalan, Serwans, Buchera, Birdha and Nathi-Khera, and other tanks not in charge of the department at Jamalpur, Gulenda, Budaoni, Pura Kala, Geora-Gundera, Pawa, Shahpur, Jhanwar, and Rara.'

Page 321, line 34-For 'weapon' read' instruments (axes and betel-nut cutters).'

Page 332, line 1, Talbehat.—After 'Nathi-Khera' insert 'which is continued through Birdha to the causeway across the Betwa on the subsidiary weir below the Dhukwan dam; while from Hissar, where the roads to Pura Kalan and Nathi-Khera diverge a good second class road runs direct to the metalled road at Serwans, and thence on to Bijrotha railway statiou. These roads give an alternative route between Jhansi and Lalitpur, which is only five miles longer than the metalled road, and avoids the ferry at Jharar Ghât.'

Page 322, after Talbehat insert Thanward, pargana Lalitpur. 'A village in 24° 48' N. and 78° 24' E., 10 miles north-west of Lalitpur. It is owned by resident Kaisths, who claim to have to have received it by special grant from the Emperor Akbar, but they have lost the sanad. It contains some clearly ancient buildings, the largest of which is known as the Raja-ka-Mahal, which contains a good deal of carving. Near the village are eight large bacbab trees, a sure sign of connection with the Mughals. (See also page 192).'

Page 322.—THARRO, tahsil GARAUTHA.

'A village, population 272, in 25°45′ N. 79°21′ E., situated five miles north of Kakarbai. It is notable for its excellently preserved Chandel temple which stands on a granite hillock just south of the Dhulbaja stream about half a mile north of the

village. The temple is of grey granite carved and of the usual type locally known as Pathar Mari, and is remarkable as the most northern Chandel ruin known.'

Page 322.—ULDAN.

Page 322, line 4—add 'The village is owned by a large body of resident Paik Rajputs.'

Page 322.-- ULDAN.

Page 322, line 2.—For 'It has . . . and' read 'it had a population of 1,354, which fell to 1,345 in 1911.'

Corrections to the Jhansi District Gazetteer Directory.

Insert 'Ambabai ' before 'Arjar.'

For 'Kakarwai' read 'Kakarbai.'

'Asta after 'Arjar.' 'Bakwan' after 'Baghaira.' 'Bamanwan' before 'Banpur.' Bhadarwara 'before 'Bhasneh.' 'Bijaigarh' after 'Bhasneh.' 'Chapra' before 'Chirgaon.' ' Deori ' after Deogarh, ' Dhukwan ' after ' Dhaurra.' 'Gairaha' before 'Garautha, tahsil Garautha'. 'Garhia Phatak' before 'Garhmaau.' 'Gurha' after 'Girar.' 'Haibatpura' after 'Gursarai.' 'Karari' after 'Kakarbai.' 11 'Kargawan' before 'Katera.' 'Kachneo' before 'Kakarbai.' ,, 'Khailar' after 'Kelwara.' 'Khajraha' after 'Khailar.' 'Lewa' before 'Madanpur.' 'Moti Katra,' Mustra, Nand Khas' after 'Moth.' 'Pachar' Pachwara, before 'Pali.' 'Pali Pahari, Palra' before 'Pandwaha.' ,, 'Parichha' 'Pipra' and 'Pawa' before 'Punch.' 'Pura Kalan' before 'Raksa.' 'Roni' after 'Ranipur.' 'Thanwara,' Tharro after 'Talbehat.' ,, 'Sagauli' before 'Sakrar.' 18 'Sar' before 'Sarhumar.' 'Talaur' before 'Talbehat.' Omit 'Punchh.'

Gazetteer of Ihansi.

APPENDIX.

सन्यमेव जयते

GAZETTEER OF JHANSI.

APPENDIX.

CONTENTS.

					Page
TABLE I.—Population by Tahsils	, 1911	••	••	••	i
TABLE II —Population by thense	, 1911	••		••	ii
TABLE III,—Vital Statistics	••	••	••		iv
TABLE IV Desths according to	cause	••	••		v
TABLE V Statistics of cultivat	ion and :	irrigation,	1819 <i>Fasli</i>	••	₹i
TABLE VI Area in acres under	the prin	cipal crops		••	vii—xii
TABLE VII.—Oriminal Justice	••			••	riii
TABLE VIII.—Cognizable crime		••	••	••	xiv
TABLE IX.—Revenue demand or	8000088	ive settlem	ents		xv
TABLE X.—Revenue and cesses	5770	420			x vi
TABLE XI.—Excise	74/12U	840			xvii
TABLE XII.—Stamps	13150	3643	••	•	x vii i
TABLE XIII.—Income-tax		THE PERSON	••	••	xix
TABLE XIVIncome-tax by Ta	hsils		••		XX
TABLE XV District Board	WHEE.	3469	••	•	xxii
TABLE XVI Municipalities	0.8.17		••	•••	xxiii
TABLE XVII.—Distribution of P	olice. Jh	ansi	•••	•••	xxvi
TABLE XVIII.—Education		\$100 m	••	•••	xxvii
List of Schools, 1915	14			••	xx viii
Roads, 1915	Spring.	22.53	••	•••	xxxiv
Ferries			••	•••	xxxviii
Post-offices, 1915	सन्दर्भव	जयत	•••	•••	XXXiX
List of markets and fairs		• •	• • •	•••	x!
List of Government Forest	••	••	••	••	xlvi

Table I.—Population by takeils 1911.

			Total.			Hindus.		Мu	Musalmans.			Others.	
Tahails.	Persons.		Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons, Males, Females.	Males.	Females.
1	64		65	4	10	9	7	8	6	07	11	12	13
Jhansi	166,939	686	88,351	78,588	142,274	74,254	68,020	19,444	10,546	8,898	5,221	3,551	1,670
Mau	104,	104,278	52,710	51,568	166'86	49,950	49,041	4,025	2,068	1,957	1,262	693	570
Garautha	723,	72,626	36,891	85,735	69,632	35,382	34,250	2,751	1,391	1,360	243	11.8	125
Moth		55,009	28,122	26,887	52,668	26,865	25,803	2,137	1,147	066	204	110	4 6
Lalitpar	159,	159,462	81,655	77,807	150,403	76,971	Y8,432	8,910	2,040	1,870	5,149	2,644	2,505
Mahroni	132	22,374	62,463	59,911	115,941	59,145	56,796	1,902	974	928	4,531	2,344	2,187
Total	680,688	889	350,192	330,496	629,909	322,567	307,342	84,169	18,166	16,003	16,610	9,459	7,151

TABLE II.—Population by thanas, 1911.

	Total	Total population	·i		Hindus,			Musalmans	zá		Othera,	
Name of thana.	Total.	Males,	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total,	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males,	Females.
0.15	99 734	997	0.01	000 00	10.088	j i	LOG	S	,	900	Loc	
Бария Вакалого	17.397	14.00 69.6	8701	17,090	12,035 8.531	11.039	7.63	184	113	250	727	2
Barwasagar	19,657	10,039	9,588	18,926	089.6	9.246	6.50	246	214	271	143	128
Baghera	14,843	7,619	7,223	14,397	7,372	7,025	320	180	140	125	19	58
Birdha	16,655	8,432	8,193	15,945	8,100	7.845	383	191	192	327	171	156
Bansi	10.240	5,239	5,001	9,948	5,035	4,863	:S	89	38	ရွ	103	100
Banpur	19,036	9,683	9,353	17,955	9,143	8,812	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	159	190	732	381	351
Bar	81,329	16,025	15,804	30,022	15,330	14,662	687	150	139	1,018	515	3 2
Outgaon Dudhai	10.445	5.388	5.057	9 941	5,119	4,829	267	140	118	237	261	3 5
Ghat Labehura	17,583	8,733	8,853	17.054	8,456	8,608	517	275	242	, io	1	900
Garautha	18,882	9,574	9,308	17,994	9,187	8,857	885	436	6449	ന	н	67
Gursarai	15,164	7,607	7.557	14,289	7,168	7,121	730	372	358	145	19	78
Girar	8,868	4,564	4,304	8,583	4,423	4,166	99	18	18	243	123	120
Irichh	14,915	7,644	7,271	14,031	7,194	6,837	833	441	422	21	G	12
Jakhlaun	11,650	5,993	5,657	11,203	5,768	5,438	242	123	122	199	103	97
Jakhaura	19,277	9,934	9,353	18,339	9,446	8,893	202	113	68	736	365	371
Kotwali	44,835	22,849	21,986	34,973	17,842	17,130	8,719	4,372	4,347	1,144	635	509
Katera	15,538	8,042	7,526	14,905	7,690	7,215	374	197	177	589	155	134
Kakarbai	,, 11,424	5,871	5,553	11,005	5,668	5,337	393	193	200	58	10	91
Kailwara	10,243	5,272	4,971	9.863	5,075	4,791	106	56	50	271	141	130
Lalitpur	37,300	19,350	18,550	38,257	16,971	16,286	2,157	1,113	1,044	2,436	1,266	1,220
Moth	19,951	10,073	9,878	19,293	9,730	9,576	603	336	284	35	17	18
Mau	45,923	23,186	22,733	42,792	21,590	21,202	2,400	1,201	1,199	730	395	335
Mahroni	20,837	10,626	10,271	19,601	9,977	9,624	523	235	258	773	384	389
Maraura	18,551	9,452	9,099	17,393	678'8	8,574	272	153	119	886	430	406

APPENDIX.

655 118 218 7 7 9 857 263 148 20		7,245
711 133 234 13 11 2,032 2,032 2,032 162 52		609*6
1,366 246 482 20 20 2,369 5,45 310 72		16,848
2,859 30 206 261 56 1,130 1,78 178 305		16,003
3,886 82 237 281 119 2,051 8 1199 345		18,166
6246 6248 542 175 3,181 3,181 377 651		34,169
10,840 6,662 7,459 8,772 7,127 7,127 2,305 5,858 11,463 9,868		307,248
12,461 7,005 7,737 8,968 1,939 4,009 6,108 11,978 9,959		322,423
23,301 13,667 15,196 17,735 115,065 6,402 11,961 23,441 19,822		629,671
14,354 6,805 7,883 9,040 7,192 3,792 6,128 11,789	सन्यमेव जयते	330,496
16,558 7,170 9,238 9,235 8,069 8,180 6,393 12,339 10,356		350,192
30,912 13,975 18,297 16,297 15,261 11,972 12,521 24,128 20,545		680,688
:::::::		:
:::::::		Totai
nera nera lear		2.

TABLE III.—Vital statistics.

				-		A	Births.			De	Deaths.	
		Year,			Total.	Males	Females.	Rate per, 1,000.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Rate per 1,000.
		1			63	က	₹1	تم	9	7	8	6
1901	:	:	:	:	19,014	9,776	9,238	30.83	17,865	9,243	8,622	28.96
1903	:	:	:	M.	31,562	16,238	15,354	51.17	18,083	9,239	8,844	29.32
1903	:	:	:	H	90,089	15,508	14,581	48.78	29,530	15,326	14,204	47.88
1904	:	:	:	키다	35,153	18,226	16,927	26.99	21,510	11,159	10,351	34.87
1905	:	:	:	গ্ৰ	32,439	16,777	15,662	52.59	92,115	11,562	10,553	35.86
1906	:	:	:	. :	24,091	12,450	11,641	81.68	45,235	23,021	22,214	73.18
1907	:	:	:	:	28,689	14,888	13,801	45.51	27,916	14,787	13,129	45.26
1908	:	:	:	:	37,799	19,562	18,237	61.28	27,203	14,487	12,716	44.11
1909	:	:	:	:	24,457	12,707	11,750	39.63	20,234	10,857	9,379	32.79
1910	:	:	:	:	35,844	18,514	17,330	58.12	26,389	14,425	11,967	42.79
1911	:	:	:	:	39,149	20,038	19,111	57.51	30,043	15,615	14,428	44.13
1912	:	:	:	:	37,673	19,295	18,378	55.34	26,394	13,596	12,798	38.77
1913	:	:	:	:	37,030	19,108	17,912	54.40	24,035	12,571	11,464	35.31
1914	:	:	:	:	38,885	19,966	18,919	57.49	30,067	15,441	14,626	44.45
				_								

Table IV.—Deaths according to cause.

<u></u>				Total deat	hs from-		
Yea	r.	All causes.	Plague.	Cholera,	Small-pox.	Fever.	Bowel com- plaints.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7
1901		17,865		20	54	12, 336	571
1902		18,083	211	14	147	11,269	846
1903	., [29,530	316	27	103	18,140	1,242
1904		21,510	1,141		56	11,716	533
1905		22,115	399	according.	887	12 ,395	556
1906		45,235	5	8,450	1,643	23,923	1,696
1907		27,916	6 1	14	4	19,412	893
1908		2 7,2 03	. 68	7	9	18,821	677
1909		20,234	- 9	19	ľ	14,775	1,255
1910		26,389	1	443		18,308	1,622
1911		30,043	8 6	43	2	19,6 12	1,760
1912		26,394	1,909	689	140	16 ,00 6	1,010
1913		6,813	280	26	865	15,695	956
1914		6,970	2	1,602	272	20,597	617
					}		
							ļ
					1		
				ļ			
			1	}			
			,	1			{
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>

TABLE V.—Statistics of cultivation and irrigation, 1319 Fasli.

	Double cropped.		12	Acres. 18,781 30 18,937 14,845 15,455 1,459 9,171 13,489 9,177 13,489 12,871 5,377	119,687
	Total.		11	Acres. 86,005 211 116,914 122,051 78,730 17,227 22,289 86,561 38,733 34,844 63,603 68,889	735,847
		 	10	Acres. 67,571 67,571 108,418 121,714 16,963 17,684 17,684 17,684 81,546 81,546 83,319 83,319 67,611	670,907
ਚ		Other sources.	, G	Acres. 329 65 65 65 61 61 63 268 268 268	1,021
Cultivated.		Tanks.	8	Acres. 2,406 3,025 168 957 726 392 20	7,046
5	Irrigated.	Wells.	-	Acres. 15,147 1447 1447 5,406 316 1,041 93 3,646 4,613 12,273 12,273 1,388 8,975 1,249	55,294
	I.	Canals.	9	545 545 1,034	1,579
		Total.	70	Acres. 18,427 147 8,436 8337 2,156 7,264 605 6,015 13,060 1,528 9,630	64,940
	Culturable.		না	Acres. 197,062 1,692 112,363 10,998 88,113 88,113 173,180 100,701 100,701 124,949 134,949	1,237,522
	Waste.		m	Acres. 96.177 2,394 40.065 63,564 29,013 21,046 15,151 18,985 41,962 5,624 21,318 57,562	352,838
	Potal area.		63	Acres. 319,244 4,297 280,745 287,968 178,741 121,386 96,153 278,736 181,176 98,196 209,870 209,870	2,326,207
	Pargana and Tahsil.		1	Jhansi Cantonment Jhansi Mau Garautha Moth Balsbehat Fallspur Tallspur Mahroni Banyur Madsora	Total

TABLE VI-Area in acres under the principal crop, Tahsil Garotha.

						Rabi.						Kharif.		
	Year		Total.	Barley,	Wheat.	Wheat and gram.	Wheat and barley.	Gram,	Barley and gram.	Total.	Juar, includ- ing juar and arhar.	Cotton ing cotton and arhar,	Kodon,	Total.
	Besië.					ł		S. Contraction						
60	:	:	47,100	:	199	2,325	638	42,459	569	66,085	31,670	16,007	1,174	13,108
110	:	:	43,541	:	335	5,485	700	33,670	201	75,613	36,606	16,261	972	17,671
111	:	:	50,698	:	1,806	11,761	874	29,117	1,044	77,049	87,072	14,320	651	20,794
112	:	:	67,461	:	1,091	21,078	4179	40,118	678	52,568	24,593	12,255	1.070	11,411
1313	:	:	49,010	:	199	12,678	394	35,060	998	77,540	44,298	13,829	1,193	13,279
14	:	:	39,768	:	21.1	9,895	746	27,240	577	93,849		14,483	1,427	10,813
15	:	:	3,158	:	97	340	336	1,923	279	68,425	36,938	14,478	1,093	11,370
16	:	:	3,200	418	198	1,707	12	27,086	350	95,982	58,712	7,693	. :	:
117	:	:	45,169	473	346	8,297	120	34,053	473	83,692	51,338	11,495	1,260	13,621
118	:	:	83,542	487	380	18,685	158	30,921	483	81,765	45,791	13,769	778	16,069
119	:	:	66,957	893	393	23,160	217	37,222	778	69,926	36,569	8,326	739	19,794
20	:	:	63,862	789	929	32,810	482	19,871	1,053	63,733	35,181	9,641	1,388	9,447
21	:	:	26,647	218	67	3,652	28	22,481	47	55,198	31,140	10,024	700	9,991
23	:	:	48,974	-580	330	6,360	252	34,756	587	93,523	57,672	15,591	1,891	11,056

TABLE VI-(continued).—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Lalitpur.

Year. Total. Barley. Wheat gram. Total. Includ. and		: :		<u> </u>			Rabi						Kharif.		
Fash. 86,323 7,121 120 13,499 11,681 150 140,908 30,462 222 28,687 32,600 7,455 .0 18,396 11,100 399 144,033 38,138 306 19,419 37,809 10,915 7,68 12,815 17,486 523 132,449 25,446 196 23,498 37,809 10,915 345 12,815 17,486 523 132,449 25,446 196 23,498 37,032 15,383 218 12,815 5,446 196 23,498 37,174 15,383 218 12,251 5,687 455 160,098 45,447 176 23,992 37,702 7,880 361 137,454 36,469 35,449 36,493 36,493 37,702		Year.		Total.	Barley.	Wheat		Wheat and barley.	Gram.	Barley and gram.	Total,	Juar includ- ing juar and arhar.	Cotton includ- ing cotton and arhar	Kodon.	Lit
36,323 7,121 120 18,499 11,681 180 140,908 30,462 222 28,687 32,560 7,455 60 18,505 7,709 224 145,662 37,536 228 27,348 37,809 9,297 76 18,396 11,100 399 144,038 38,138 30,465 36,446 36,616 30,449		Fast.							6						
32,560 7,455 CO 18,506 7,709 224 145,662 37,536 22,34 21,506 37,548 27,348 27,348 27,348 27,348 27,348 306 19,419 399 144,033 38,138 306 19,419 30 144,033 38,138 30 19,419 30 144,033 38,138 30 19,419 30 144,033 38,138 30 19,419 30 144,033 38,138 30 19,419 30 144,033 30,434 10,915 345 12,215 17,436 52 160,098 45,447 176 26,978 37,174 15,383 218 11,722 3939 574 140,156 35,176 36,269 37,176 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276 36,276	1309	:	;	36,323	;	7,121	120	13,499	11,681	180	140.908	30.462	222	28,687	21,482
37,309 9,897 76 18,396 11,100 399 144,033 38,138 38,138 306 19,419 46,374 10,915 345 12,315 17,436 523 132,449 25,446 196 23,498 27,092 15,983 218 17,436 361 137,454 36,616 351 23,498 37,174 15,983 218 12,251 5,667 455 16,098 45,447 176 28,398 37,174 7,819 98 11,722 3,939 574 140,156 36,978 177 28,378 35,720 9,600 11,350 179 4,386 5,750 69 15,896 53,206 176 177 28,378 3,402 676 159,390 45,756 37,752 37,62 32,454 48,756 37,562 37,762 37,762 37,762	1310	:	:	32,560	:	7,455	8	13,505	7,709	224	145,662	37,536	228	27,348	20,681
46,874 10,915 345 12,436 523 132,449 25,446 156 23,498 27,092 15,883 800 7,651 7,380 361 137,454 36,616 351 23,922 37,174 15,883 218 12,51 5,667 455 160,098 45,447 176 26,978 37,174 15,883 218 11,722 3939 574 176 174 176 26,978 35,720 9,600 11,350 179 4,386 5,750 696 159,896 53,208 177 28,476 176 28,289 150,10 606 159,896 17,476 28,489 12,01 506 159,390 45,756 37,13 75 27,621 46,098 9,510 17,151 286 3,489 18,876 18,758 36,456 17,11 17,11 17,11	1311	v. :	:	37,369	 :	9,297	76	19,396	11,100	899	144,033	38,138	306	19,419	27,049
27,092 6,873 900 7,651 7,860 361 137,454 36,616 351 35,922 37,174 15,383 218 12,251 5,667 455 160,098 45,447 176 28,978 37,174 1,538 218 11,722 8,939 574 140,156 174 28,326 174 28,326 174 28,326 176 28,326 174 28,326 176 28,326 176 28,326 176 156,471 43,413 17,52 176 696 159,896 53,208 176 28,589 18,899 57,50 174 28,589 18,899 675 166,471 43,713 75 27,621 28,589 14,899 45,718 45,718 18,899 18,899 45,718 18,899 18,899 45,718 18,899 18,899 18,899 18,899 18,899 18,899 18,899 18,899 18,899 18,899 </td <td>1312</td> <td>:</td> <td>:</td> <td>46,874</td> <td>:</td> <td>10,915</td> <td>345</td> <td>12,815</td> <td>17,436</td> <td>523</td> <td>132,449</td> <td>25,446</td> <td>196</td> <td>23,498</td> <td>24,597</td>	1312	:	:	46,874	:	10,915	345	12,815	17,436	523	132,449	25,446	196	23,498	24,597
37,174 15,989 218 12,251 5,667 455 160,098 45,447 176 26,978 27,262 7,819 98 11,723 3,939 574 140,156 34,256 174 26,276 35,720 9,600 11,350 179 4,386 5,750 696 159,896 53,208 122 55,208 42,183 9,494 14,794 205 3,901 5,402 676 159,896 53,208 123,713 75 27,628 46,098 9,510 17,151 286 3,483 12,010 506 159,390 45,756 97 27,621 54,617 1,520 20,209 282 3,528 14,894 849 138,758 26,763 141 26,944 14,894 14,894 849 138,758 26,564 101 26,944 102 26,763 101 26,944 102	1313	; :	:	27,092	:	8,873	300	7,651	7,380	361	137,454	36,616	351	23,932	19,247
27,262 7,819 98 11,722 8,939 674 140,156 34,256 174 28,276 35,720 9,600 11,350 179 4,386 5,750 696 159,896 53,206 172 28,578 42,183 9,434 14,794 205 3,901 9,402 675 166,471 43,713 75 27,689 46,098 9,510 17,151 286 3,483 12,010 506 159,390 45,756 97 27,621 54,617 11,320 20,509 282 3,528 13,877 26,756 97 14,894 849 138,727 26,751 141 26,999 61,080 10,365 26,763 253 3,773 14,894 849 128,455 26,764 101 26,999 31,577 4,814 13,662 203 2,845 9,601 572 154,755	1314	:	:	37,174	:	15,383	218	12,251	5,667	455	160,098	45,447	176	26,978	28,895
35,720 9,600 11,350 179 4,386 6,750 696 159,896 53,208 132 25,689 42,183 9,434 14,794 205 3,901 9,402 675 166,471 43,713 75 27,762 46,098 9,510 17,151 286 3,483 12,010 506 159,390 45,756 97 23,454 54,617 11,320 20,209 282 3,528 14,894 849 18,776 36,941 14,1 23,454 61,060 10,365 26,763 263 3,778 14,894 849 18,872 26,564 102 26,564 31,577 4,814 13,562 192 1,890 9,601 572 126,756 102 22,308 38,382 8,720 12,745 203 2,845 9,601 572 154,756 41,503 125 22,308	1315	:	:	27,262	:	7,819	98	11,722	9,939	574	140,156	34,256	174	28,276	27,054
42,183 9,494 14,794 205 3,901 9,402 675 166,471 43,713 75 27,762 46,098 9,510 17,151 286 3,939 14,829 598 138,758 22,321 141 22,621 64,617 1,320 20,209 282 3,539 14,894 849 138,758 32,941 141 23,454 61,060 10,365 26,763 263 3,773 14,894 849 138,752 26,564 102 26,599 31,577 4,814 13,562 192 1,830 9,085 429 128,455 26,564 102 21,571 38,332 8,720 12,745 203 2,845 9,601 572 154,755 41,503 125 22,308	1316	:	:	35,720	009'6	11,350	179	4,336	5,750	969	159,896	53,208	129	25,589	23,272
46,098 9,510 17,151 286 3,483 12,010 506 159,390 45,756 97 22,021 54,017 11,320 20,209 282 3,528 14,829 598 138,758 92,941 141 23,454 61,060 10,365 26,763 253 3,779 14,894 849 138,727 26,572 101 26,999 31,577 4,814 13,562 192 1,830 9,085 429 128,455 26,564 102 21,571 58,332 8,720 12,745 203 2,845 9,601 572 154,755 41,503 125 22,308	1317	:	:	42,183	9,494	14,794	202	3,901	9,402	675	166,471	43,713	75	27,762	32,316
54,617 11,320 20,209 282 3,528 14,829 598 138,758 32,941 141 23,454 61,080 10,365 26,763 263 3,773 14,894 849 138,727 26,672 101 26,999 31,577 4,814 13,662 192 1,830 9,085 429 128,455 26,564 102 21,571 98,382 8,720 12,745 203 2,845 9,601 572 154,755 41,503 125 22,308	1318	:	:	46,098	9,510	17,151	286	3,483	12,010	206	159,330	45,756	97	22,621	32,968
61,086 10,365 26,763 253 3,773 14,894 849 138,727 26,672 101 26,399 31,577 4,814 13,562 192 1,830 9,085 429 128,455 26,564 102 21,571 38,382 8,720 12,745 203 2,845 9,601 572 154,755 41,503 125 22,308	1319	:	:	54,617	11,320	20,203	282	3,528	14,829	598	138,758	32,941	141	23,454	31,621
31,577 4,814 13,562 192 1,830 9,085 429 128,455 26,564 102 21,571 88,382 8,720 12,745 203 2,845 9,601 572 154,755 41,503 125 22,308	1330	:	:	61,080	10,365	26,763	253	3,773	14,894		138,727	26,672	101	26,999	30,772
88,382 8,720 12,745 203 2,845 9,601 572 154,755 41,503 125 22,308	1351	:	:	31,577	4,814	13,562	192	1,830	9,085	429	128,455	26,564	102	21,571	80,283
	1322	:	:	38,332	8,720	12,745	203	2,845	9,601		154,755	41,503	125	22,308	30,263

TABLE VI-(continued).-Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Mahroni.

						Rabi.						Kharif	, _{t,}	
	Year.		Total.	Barley.	Wheat.	Wheat and gram.	Wheat and barley.	Gram.	Barley and gram.	Total.	Juar includ- ing juar and arhar.	Cotton includ- ing cotton and arhar.	Kodon.	Tit
	Fasli.					4		8						
1369	:	:	32,665	:	5,085	200	6,816	17,221	18	115,797	27,183	260	28,113	19,578
1310	:	:	29,221	:	5,803	221	6,838	13,430	9	129,861	36,196	237	25,912	23,551
1311	:	:	96,179	:	7,831	219	6,603	18,756	92	129,578	32,875	588	22,693	27,994
1312	:	:	46,122	:	11,167	200	6,603	24,918	150	115,809	21,403	190	26,204	23,274
1313	:	:	19,030	:	5,999	384	2,743	7,685	33	131,986	38,868	248	25,267	21,553
1314	:	:	28,707	:	12,753	553	5,872	6,570	135	158,253	46,193	808	31,532	29,582
1315	:	:	23,385	:	8,281	458	5,973	6,500	117	129,937	29,898	184	30,078	29,386
1316	:	:	32,532	4,356	12,049	653	2,848	9,082	132	151,171	49,917	111	27,094	23,929
1317	:	:	87,952	5,376	15,378	299	1,000	11,935	144	159,159	44,695	83	29,887	33,852
1318	:	:	46,158	4,801	21,635	487	1,416	14,743	156	145,757	43,515	75	24,499	32,443
1319	:	:	48,066	4,773	21,496	740	1,440	15,066	194	140,420	87,703	105	27,008	33,033
1320	:	:	63,574	4,773	33,666	823	2,059	17,999	200	497,454	21,001	64	25,658	30,562
1821	:	:	26,142	1,406	12,404	906	596	9,764	20	125,981	29,226	75	24,399	32,367
1322	:	:	25,446	8,222	8,581	169	1,146	8,826	118	156,048	44,760	\$3	28,537	33,923
			_			_			-				- 1	

TABLE VI-(continued).—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Moth.

	Til.		3,785	6,831	9,452	4,881	6,826	3,721	4,871	2,831	7,603	7,585	6,682	4,398	7,516	3,952
	Kodon		536	201	292	296	541	635	469	889	212	453	245	528	226	7 69
Kharif.	Cotton including cotton and arhar.		8,419	8,872	8,694	6,562	6,875	6,657	8,254	7,347	5,858	7,138	3,159	5,995	6,222	7,093
	Juar, Gotton al. including including H juar cotton and arhar and arhar.		19,982	25,966	25,166	24,625	46,819	41,241	30,980	44,503	45,711	50,203	29,214	21,016	19,286	33,662
	Total.		36,627	46,296	46,591	24,625	46,819	57,284	30,980	44,503	45,711	50,203	29,214	53,533	34,286	48,003
	Barley and gram.	8	50	121	000	210	5	115	-73	7.4	848	731	316	237	80	104
	Gram.		26,345	17,093		26,478	9,706	11,371	1,153	16,224	21,271	12,986	29,833	13,065	1,140	15,210
	Wheat and barley.		313	324	I I	408	492	422	422	168	63	47	104	131	12	97
Rabi.	Wheat and gram.		11,879	13,363	中	22,022	9,506	13,203	5,673	11,348	14,147	17,557	3,02,006	36,466	3,838	16,828
	Wheat.		89.5	454	:	1,148	1,311	752	269	985	1,050	1,347	2,196	2,961	789	1,920
	Barley.		:	:	:	;	:	;	:	397	303	243	418	305	153	962
	Total.		39,341	31,940	:	51,580	21,232	26,188	8,109	29,475	37,549	48,240	64,955	51,025	6,146	35,283
		<u>. </u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Year	Fasti.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	· :
			1309	1310	1811#	1312	1813	1314	1315	1316	1317	1318	1319	1320	1321	1822

* No Jinswar prepared owing to settlement operations.

TABLE VI-(continued).—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Mau.

					Rabi.						Kharif.		
Ă	Year.	Total.	Barley.	Wheat.	Wheat and gram.	Wheat and barley.	Gram.	Barley and gram.	Total.	Juar Cotton including including cotton and arhar, and arhar.	Cotton including cotton and arhar.	Kodon.	Til.
II.	Fasti.				1			1					
1309	:	40,127	:	3,830	572	2,558	31,094	34	85,787	45,658	10,349	7,951	13,396
1310	:	80,376	:	3,958	1,597	2,318	19,554	2113	96,109	57,210	9,277	5,605	16,975
1311	:	36,213	:	5,504	3,668	2,102	19,945	32	95,657	56,067	7,433	4,723	21,947
1318 :	:	52,546	:	7,092	8,283	2,747	29,878	33	74,970	43,312	6,485	5,965	13,607
1313	:	21,047	:	2,735	2,863	2,017	12,113	84	188'66	65,232	6,648	680'9	15,052
1314	:	22,818	:	4,067	3,202	2,316	11,382	7.8	109,167	77,028	5,486	6,685	10,940
1315	:	13,881	:	3,385	1,078	4,308	3,402	187	77,939	45,338	6,175	5,483	15,729
1316	:	24,982	8,117	4,335	1,561	1,935	12,998	131	105,694	70,002	3,308	;	:
1317	:	30,648	1,433	4,878	3,526	1,547	16,853	41	101,865	68,784	4,052	7,496	13,938
1318	:	41,306	1,415	4,205	5,722	1,313	24,963	7.6	94,014	57,277	5,242	4,520	21,298
1319	:	55,802	1,466	4,148	11,900	1,417	29,142	202	79,768	45,476	4,167	8,719	21,625
1320	:	54,920	1,100	5,905	16,806	1,426	18,171	324	74,347	45,087	4,766	5,891	13,623
1321	:	18,145	1,845	2,295	3,929	1,218	7,744	235	75,125	45,062	4,288	4,579	16,801
1328	:	31,829	1,453	3,100	9,317	1,528	13,807	140	103,343	46,701	6,658	7,423	16,455
		_	_						-	_		•	

xii

TABLE VI-(concluded).—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Jhansi.

	Ti.		15,924	13,686	:	18,251	11,750	15,515	17,914	15,303	17,343	20,203	10,482	18,971	18,198	18,804
	Kodon.		9,479	10,002	:	7,520	7,983	6,852	7,441	11,007	9,523	7,110	6,357	8,546	6,378	8,765
Kharif.	Juar Gotton iluding including juar cotton arhat; and arhar.		3,262	3,230	:	2,213	2,468	2,074	2,629	2,004	1,506	1,960	719	1,896	1,870	996
	Juar including juar and arhar,		26,539	32,026	:	21,636	31,666	38,100	23,723	32,161	31,349	30,469	14,141	1,9479	25,091	23,043
_	Total.		83,465	86,810	:	72,955	77,567	87,668	74,425	86,283	84,998	82,827	50,384	71,149	70,126	76,948
	Barley and gram.		705	1,123	30.00	702	788	1,009	787	868	1,074	1,619	1,826	9,119	507	1,001
	Gram.		14,943	9,449	•	13,257	8,714	4,567	1,331	609'8	8,023	8,058	17,581	10,140	786	3,532
	Wheat and barley.		8,141	2,406	7	2,357	1,775	7,185	8,531	3,206	2,629	2,246	2,249	2,205	1,932	2,230
Babi.	Wheat and gram.		5,116	7,877		11,596	9,815	8,698	4,324	7,581	11,770	11,513	16,459	16,681	2,072	4,582
 	Wheat.		7,106	7,360	H	9,712	5,875	6,721	6,449	6,774	6,121	6,271	6,684	7,353	4,455	5,961
	Barley		:	:	:	:	•	:	:	6,649	6,335	5,494	6,381	5,415	4,078	5,771
	Total.		39,804	35,984	:	46,748	28,753	30,754	24,307	57,657	98,973	87,603	54,013	46,836	15,478	25,199
erwest and an a			:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Year.	Fasti.	•	:	1*			4	,	:	7	: 8	:	:	: :	:
			1309	131	131	131	131	131	131	131	131	131	1319	132	132	132

* No Jinswar prepared owing to settlement operations.

TABLE VII.—Criminal Justice.

		3.		85	~	52	. 89	3	33	38	18	83	33	45	58	22	33
	nder	Excis Act.	15		- 92	10	9	4	ന	ຜ	_	6/1	en .	4	τΟ.	70	ന
	Cases under-	Opium Excise Act. Act.	14	25	18	œ	15	80	90	νO	:- -	77	13	6	01	L-	<u>-</u>
	Keeping	the peace.	13	41	21	58	17	17	C4	20	42	22	11	40	8	68	83
		liveli- hood.	12	99	106	133	83	104	10 10	71	112	76	120	35	98	55	52
ct of—		trespass.	11	213	211	131	141	197	200	93	152	156	83	91	68	104	116
rer in respe	Receiving	stolen property	10	189	144	64	69	08	165	93	86	54	43	21	34	20	04
Number of persons convicted or bound over in respect of-			6 🦑	27.	29	13	36	410	43	32	11	-	8	:	4	5	on .
nvicted		Theft.	œ	350	207	177	172	188	249	140	225	234	184	129	163	210	256
ersons co	Triminal	orce and assault.	1-	978	65	35	27	30	15	828	16	26	30	12	8	255	26
er of p	3	theft.	9	73	\$	42	31	52	98 98	30	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Mumb		Rape.	20	선물	146	ಣ	හ	П	ಾ	H	4	. :	:		:	က	!:
		Grievous hurt.	4	13	22	19	.63	10	<u> </u>	10	126	121	145	103	13%	:	:
	Offences	affecting life.	හ	40	3	32	9	25	34	17	14	ဒ္ဓ	14	32	26	24	17
		tran- quillity (Chapter VIII).	61	37	84	98	99	4	37	95	101	148	195	69	51	179	170
			<u> </u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Year.	-	FT '	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911	1912	1913	1914

 ${\bf TABLE~VIII.--} Cognizable~crime.$

			Numbe gate	r of cases	investi- lice.	Nun	aber of pe	ersons—
	Year.		Suo motu.	Or- ders of Magis- trate.	Sent in for trial.	Tried,	Acquit- ted or dis- charged.	Convicted.
-	1		2	4	4	5	6	7
1901			2,055	6	1,324	1,779	326	1,453
1902	••		1,875	15	1,227	1,480	252	1,228
1 90 3	••		1,529		1,027	1,381	238	1,143
1904	• •]	1,515	#157501	971	1,233	219	1,014
1905			2,099	1	1,155	1,472	251	1,221
1906	••		2,291		1,216	1,481	247	1,234
1907	••		1 ,806	?	1,077	1,432	231	1,201
1908		••	1,891	100	1,041	1,454	226	1,228
1909	••	••	1,902	[4.1]	1,024	1,322	191	1,131
1910	••	••	1,383		794	1,091	172	919
1911	••	••	1,206		5 5 9	683	91	592
19 12	••	••	1,853	सद्यमेव	661	946	181	76 5
1913	••	••	1,635		853	1,185	100	1,085
1914	••	••	1,912		1,033	1,224	166	1,05 8
							<u>'</u>	
							i	
					1			

TABLE IX.—Revenue demand on successive settlements.

				Year of se	ettlement.	
Ра	rgana.		Mr. Jenkin- son, 1864.	Major Davidson, *1869,	Mr. Impey, 1892.	Mr. Hoare, 1898.
	1		2	3	4	5
			Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Jhansi prop	per			••		••
Jhansi	••	••	106,414	••	135,545	••
Moth	••	••	120,808		128,065	••
Garautha	••	••	136,009	3	135,610	••
Mau	••	••	11,843		44,864A 151,955	••
Lalitpur S	ab-division					••
Bansi	••	••	DATE	16,418	••	17,726
Talbehat	••		3/4/	23,636	••	27,971
Lalitpur	**	••	4	45,721	••	50,578
Balabehat	••	••		8,117		7,386
Madaura	• •		4	32,458		88,588
Mahroni	••	••	सन्दरम	14,205	.,	16,760
Banpur				36,890		36,890
				!		

^{*}Includes ubari and mush demand 8. A Revenue of the Gursarai estate fixed by Mr. Fremantle, 1896-97.

Table X.—Revenue and cesses.

f	7	Where included in	Revenue as fixed in	Ę	, F	Inoidence per acre.	ence	First	Second Third		Fourth	Fifth
Fargana of banan.	alt.	Ain-Akbari.	settlement 1903-06.	Cesses	TOURT.	Cul- tivat- ed.	Total.	revision.	revi- sion.	sion.	revi- sion.	revi- sion.
1		ଷ	ಣ	47	õ	9	12-	8	6	9	11	12
			Bs.	Bs.	P.B.	器.	RS.	B.s.	Bs.			
Jhansi	:	Saikar Erachh Bijpur and Bhander	1,07,020	11,721	118,741	1.03	.33	1,09,484	1.90,484			
Маи	:	Jatara	1,04,755	11,120	115,875	.8 4	.97	1,13,011	1,16,103			
Garautha	:	Pandor	1,05,565	12,439	117,994	8.81	.35	1,21,082				
Moth	:	Bhander Erachh	95,795	9,817	105,612	1.19	40	606'88	1,16,580			******
Lalitpur	:	Lalitpur and Than warah,	31,695	3,878	35,573	•35	Ħ.	36,411	84,923			
Balabehat	:	Sarkar, Ohandori (mahal un-	14,263	2,800	27,494	.58	•14	5,192	5,227		-,-	
Bansi	:	certain).	(12,786	1,633	14,419	•53	•13	12,099	:			
Talbehat	:	Balabehat (Sarkar Raisin)	24,694	640	4,903	.25	20	24,647	:			
Tahsil Lalitpur	:	Sarkar Chandsi	73,438	8,951	82,389	.43	;	75,142	:			
Mahroni	:	Mabal uncertain	(11,595	1,172	12,697	.32	•12	13,479	:		··· ·	
Banpur	:		27,481	8,299	30,780	- 17-	•13	29,243	:			
Madaura	:	Dhamoni (Sarkar Raisim)	22,391	2,575	24,968	.33	111.	25,090	:			
Tansil Mahroni	:	:	61,397	7,046	68,443	34	Ŧ.	67,812	:		****	
						-	-		_		~~	~

-Excise.	
X	
TABLE	

251	l	.muiqO	18	ļ	26 21	7222	72 22	72 22	29	83	29	42	66 25	40 25	41 24	36 25	35 25	33
Number of shops for sale of—		Druga	17	<u> </u>	26	7			67	67	67	67	99	8	4	36	35	35
	•iqa	Country.	19		23	23	233	233	233	233	233	234	227	211	162	196	190	187
eceipts of rom -		$.\mathfrak{aniq}O$	15	R.	260	293	315	303	300	340	323	286	533	363	377	348	358	340
cidence of receiver 10,000 of population from		Drugs.	14	B.S.		100	97	97	127	141	132	138	163	184	185	219	216	217
Incidence of receipts per 10,000 of population from—	- ai Sai	Liquor, o l u d tari.	13	RS:	199	669	1,099	1,125	1,156	1,097	1,4,24	1,438	14,090	1,455	1,768	1,678	2,407	2,243
·	esegre.	do fatoT	12	BS:	2,157	2,845	2,245	2,069	1,909	2,241	2,016	2,049	2,005	5,626	18,166	10,846	11,234	13,329
	.addieo	er lsto T	11	Rs.	62,321	989,99	92,23	93,061	96,585	860'00'1	1,18,738	1,15,014	1,19,863	1,22,209	1,43,231	1,52,859	2,03,130	1,90,728
	[1	Ö	0	0	(09	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0
	-	tion.	9	02	ထ	68	11	15	ind in	တ္ဆ	s	•	<u>-</u> -	16	6	₩.	<u>.</u>	10
Opium.	-d tu	папоО		Mds.	35	33	41 1	43 1	38 1	41.3	45	•	38	33.1	34	58	36	34 1
īďO	-0 I	Total eeipts.	6	Rs.	15,891	17,942	19,247	18,508	18,299	21,006	19,861	17,656	17,944	22,167	23,012	23,642	24,362	23,118
	1	<u> </u>		ပ်	0	0	0	0	0	0	<u>සු</u>	63	15	12	6	10	-	123
	.≅ ,	Charas.	∞	7/2	16	<u>-</u>	31	4	25	18	15	35	33 1	10 1	22	13 1	28	18 1
	Consumption maunds of	G.		Mds.	9	ro	70	ထ	ro o	E-	ī	4	64	œ	œ	80	<u></u>	60
88.	onsumption			ó	0	0	0	0	0	0	ಛ	9	14	11	П	Ø	н	9
Drugs.	ons	Ganja.	[-	ະຜູ້	c 4	53	က	33	37	16	9	C4	15 1	36]	13	98	39	G
		ြီ		Mds.	2	C1	Н	Ç	က	_	ଔ	CO1	0	0	0	0	0	o
	.t gieo:	er fatoT	9	Rs.	5,701	6,078	5,432	5,941	7,759	8,733	8,151	8,627	10,019	11,278	11,190	14,890	14,668	14,739
•407·	mori subn	słąieceA es bas	ç	B.	50	9	160	84	9	39,	204	406	650	977	926	973	1,090	681,1
A	ons.	mnanoO [[sg ni	4		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:
Countr spirits.		Receipts	3	Rs.	39,354	41,306	64,956	66,395	67,880	64,639	87,595	84,720	84,570	81,664	1,02,277	1,08,952	1,68,373	1,47,196
	nori s iguota	t q iəəə A (πgiə	62	Rs.	1,324	1,290	1,928	2,131	2,647	2,681	2,917	3,590	6,738	6,123	4,666	4,326	4,324	4,119
	Year.		I		1901-03	1902-03	1903-04	1904-05		1906-07	1907-08	1908-09		1910-11	1911-12	1912-13	1913-14	1914-15

TABLE XII. -Stamps.

		-		F	eceipt from		.
		Year.		Non- judicial.	Court-fee including copies.	All sources.	Total charges.
		1		2	3	4	5
1901-02			••	22,599	50,596	73,853	2,550
1902-03		••	• •	24,367	55,420	80,448	2,601
1903-04	••	••		22,380	52,617	75,737	2,444
1904-05		••		23,325	44,245	68,188	2,116
1905-06	••		••	22,746	46,669	71,065	2,244
1906-07	••	••	-	21,134	54,994	76,864	2,084
1907-08	••		GR	24,376	60,897	86,053	2,607
1908-09		•		25,954	64,477	90,888	2,921
1909-10	••		100	24,790	74,925	1,00,096	2,731
1910-11	••		0	23,260	36,542	1,00,682	3,160
1911-12	••	••	di	22,764	76,785	1,00,016	2,681
	••	••	16.00	26,936	89,049	1,16,528	8,292
1912-13	••	••	it in	27,745	90,513	1,19,141	4,157
1913-14	••	••	स्य	25,855	86,098	1,12,719	8,157
1914-15	••	••	••	_0,0=0		2,2 2, 12	0,151
			:				
							
							1

Table XIII.—Incometax.

			Collected by companies.	ed by	Profits of companies.	ts of	Oth	ner source	Other sources, Part IV.	V		Objectio Part	Objections under Part IV.
	Year.	Total receipts.	A SSPS.		A SROR.		Under Rs. 2,000.	s. 2,000.	Over Rs. 2,000	<u> </u>	rotal charges,	Number	Wholly or partly
			sees.	Tax.	sor.	Tax.	Asses. sees.	Tax.	Asses- sees.	Tax.			success- ful.
	·1	61	ಞ	4	õ	e e	4	oo	6	10	11	12	13
		R.			á		É	Rs.		Rs.	Rg.		
1901-02	:	42,452	602	8,431			1,124	18,821	127	13,476	10	352	96
1902-03	•	38,020	:	Q P			1,108	18,050	126	13,092	87	384	115
1903-04	:	27,620	:	e e			321	8,794	122	12,558	28	153	41
1904-05	:	30,106	;	्र नय			325	8,681	132	14,322	23	197	57
1905-09	:	21,750	;	ते ते		9	868	8,103	136	13,275	174	101	36
1906-07	:	21,221	:	:		:	282	7,626	134	13,195	108	101	02
1907-08	:	22,092	:	:	:	:	306	8,308	135	13,221	23	98	20
1908-09	:	25,011	:	:	:	;	321	8,674	143	15,906	:	77	35
1909-10	:	23,057.	:	:	:	:	342	9,051	143	14,026	:	130	40
1910-11	:	24,711	:	:	:	:	333	8,830	151	15,224	:	137	49
1911-12	:	26,403	:	:	:	:	337	8,992	149	16,690	:	7.1	18
1912-13	:	27,586	:	:	:	:	358	9,825	145	17,080	:	86	35
1913-14	:	29,854	:	;	•	:	996	10,002	166	19,115	:	103	31
1914-15	:	29,145	:	:	:	;	8983	9,916	166	18,551	:	102	33
			_		_		-	-			-		

TABLE XIV.—Income table for city and tahsils over 50,000 (Part IV only).

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•					Tangil Jugusi	TOTTO!	_		TOTTOTT		_				
Voor	, a	Under	nder C	Over	Under Rs 2 000	Under	ိန္	Over.	Under Rs. 2,000	Under s. 2,000.	BS.	Over Rs. 2,000.	Under Rs. 2,00	Under Es. 2,000.	Bs.	Over Rs. 2,000.
	SA	Ks z,000.	2	2,000.	-		-	1	8		.e		·se		.8s	
1 G21.	'SSOSEGES'	.xsT	resessees*	,x&T	¥sesssees	ж _£ Т	yesessee	.xsT	әәвѕәѕѕ₹	.хвТ	9988989 <i>Y</i>	.xsT	7 8688€	Tax.	As g esse	Tax.
7	A ~	an	7 4	5	C3	හ	414	5	¢1	83	4	ъ	67	භ	4	5
7		,	j				j	1	S				c G	7	и	804
00,000	636	8087	Ĝđ	8.378	303	5,365	55	6,782	204	2,928	က္ ရေ	1,877	120	7,550	3 (7
TAOT-0Z	4 0	100	9 0	686.0	323	5.810	88	8,282	190	2,861	8	1,694	126	1,910	 	ore
1902-03	202	3,	9	103,0		2 4 TR	5	7 769	40	1.103	21	1,662	25	621	က	232
1903-04	110	3,036	9	£0,','	127	3,410	70	30 to 0	Ç	1 00	23	1.894	233	574	ಣ	232
1904-05	103	2,835	53	6,948	115	3,166	28	0,040	Į ų	2,100	3	1 894	20	513	က	205
1905-06	102	2,795	49	6,044	116	3,144	3	ece,)		110:1	2	1883	4	349	6.1	126
70-9061	97	2,604	56	6,552	113	3,030	99	8,112	\$ 1 5 0	1,1181	9 0	1 803	,0	434	62	135
1907-08	101	2,719	59	6,482	114	3,077	74	380'8	27 0	820,T	9 6	666	22	568	ന	267
60-806T	105	2,792	65	8,324	119	3,156	4	0360	S E	1,092	1 0	1 796	25	909	က	293
01-6061	115	2,946	5	6,794	129	3,325	92	8,408	5 3	1,021	97	1819	21	513	4	339
1910-11	113	8,065	89	8,511	126	3,393	7.1	3,700	5 5	DOB'T	1 9	1 401	29	547	ಣ	292
1911-12	113	3,125	93	10,356	131	3,569	42	10,551	50	1,300	7	105,1	60	541	4	352
1912-18	116	8,354	8	10,747	135	3,809	73	10,955	20	1,399	2 3	1,400	, %	634	100	491
1913-14	114	8,289	8	11,749	136	9,814	68	11,944	51	1,445	47 6	1,000	6.62	571	י יט	482
1914-15	119	3,334	77	11,046	139	3,893	62	11,189	7.7	1,511	4	7,000	}		_	

Table XIV—(concluded).—Income tax by tahsils (Part IV only).

		Tabsil Moth	Moth.			Tabsil Lantpur.	antpur.			Tansii Mantonii	Selitonit.	
	Under Rs. 2,000.	s. 2,000.	Over Rs.	. 2,000.	Under Rs. 2,000.	s. 2,000.	Over Rs.	. 2,000.	Under Rs. 2,000.	s. 2,000.	Over Rs.	2,000.
	Asses- sees.	Тах.	Asses-	Tax.	Asses- sees.	Tax.	Asses- sees.	Tax.	Asses-	Tax.	Asses- sees.	Tax.
	и	အ	4	52	2	60	4	5	63	တ	4	ص
	111	2,093	п	1,195	234	3,488	14	948	108	1,884	10	674
:	116	2,110	12	1,241	237	8,498	13	863	107	1,861	10	703
: :	51	1,400	12	1,241	47	1,303	12	747	18	898	13	906
:	51	1,361	16	1,514	8	1,579	15	1,216	23	864	13	894
:	44	1,205	13	1,182	€0	1,336	19	1,517	22	719	12	835
:	40	1,077	10	850	51	1,378	17	1,245	23	643	14	855
:	452	1,103	13	953	54	1,429	17	1,373	25	199	14	897
:	43	1,169	12	1,090	53	1,409	17	1,493	26	089	14	869
:	51	1,330	11	952	48	1,265	19		32	838	14	971
:	46	1,157	14	1,198	49	1,973	25	2,117	37	696	15	1,053
:	43	1,071	14	1,175	8	1,603	27	2,241	29	837	14	1,027
:	45	1,155	15	1,259	65	1,750	22	2,243	40	1,171	12	1,011
:	48	1,210	14	1,210	65	1,748	25	2,379	41	1,153	15	1.252
·:	46	1,203	16	1,338	67	1,787	27	2,443	4	1,151	15	1,145

Board.
District
XV-D
LABLE

— ₁					8	301				8	2,004	1,899	3,355	2,322	1,668
	Dept.	٣]	Rs. 15,694	:	2,502		:	.:	:	2,904					1
	Pounds.	17	Rs. 3,476	3,404	3,065	2,965	3,258	4,318	4,820	4,527	4,593	4,530	4,806	5,161	6,324
	astow liviO	16	Rs. 1,61,601	8 1,44,445	80 1,05,962	93,158	255 1,01,217	485 1,02,177	340 1,13,397	489 1,21,285	98,246	97,125	1,06,958	1,270 1,06,509	1,356 1,07,991
	-snallassi:A	15	Bs. 27	α¢*	80	240	255	485	340	•	551	541	494		
ture.	Boientific, etc,	14	H.S.	743	735	753	1,244	1,682	2,343	2,315	2,330	2,696	3,451	3,615	3,865
Expenditure.	Medical.	13	Rs. 14,360	15,488	16,145	17,385	17,310	16,573	16,817	18,535	18,126	19,848	24,119	24,761	27,968
F	Education.	123	Rs. 29,855	32,331	34,133	34,153	38,910	40,911	47,404	50,684	47,229	46,088	51,023	48,261	49,986
	General ad- ministra- tion.	H	Rs. 2,283	2,078	3,257	2,692	2,768	3,240	3,085	5,063	5,337	5,077	5,738	5,481	5,507
	Contra to tions to ti	10	. B3	Sept. 20					:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Total ex- penditure.	6	Rs.	2,846 1,98,498	1,518 1,65,879	2,045 1,54,597	2,331 1,64,962	1,69,386	3,905 1,88,206	4,4492,05,802	4,235 1,78,416	8,298 1,78,604	1,99,914	2,696 1,97,380	2,272 2,04,615
	Perries.	œ	Bs. 3,145 2,27	2,846	1,513	2,045	2,331	2,272	3,905	4,449	4,235	8,298	2,987	2,696	2,272
	Pounds.	4	R s. 8,059	7.005	7,692	10,334	10,483	12,555	15,756	12,328	15,940	15,656	18,981	17,968	34,737
	Civil works.	9	Bs. 2,162	2,451	3,787	4,453	3,699	2,381	9,589	3,482	2,970	4,872	1,05,228	600'66	21,44,132
Receipts	Miscellane-		B. 39	493	574	181	235	361	384	308	247	272	1,726	2,234	2,97
	Scientific, etc.	14	. B3:	2,714	383	734	920	1,108	1,004	1,115	1,668	2,539	2,958	3,858	3,913
	Medical.	[]	1	5,779	5,970	5,355	5,235	6,093	5,147	5,631	6,851	5,395	16,411	19,605	21,631
	Aduca tion.	[Bs. 4,674	4,251	4,399	3,763	4,150	4,417	3,833	5,792	8.186	6,551	59,169	54,307	72,687
			1:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:			:
	Year.	,	1901-02	1902-03	1903-04	1904-05	1905-06	1906-07	1907-08	1908-09	1909-10	1910-11	1911–12	1912-13	1913-14

f $Jhansi$
of
Municipality
XVI.—A
LABLE

		Total.	18	Bs.	60,658 65,488 68,002 85.201	84,785 96,076	93,376 79,240	1,14,645	1,07,878
		Other heads.	17	Rs.	14,452 11,770 13,663	17,702 32,450	18,299	51,657 20,545	33,389 254,19
-anoitorratani oilo		nrtani oilduT	16	B.S.	3,071 3,763 3,915 3,804	4,278	6,539 2,804 2,838	5,881 8,144	4,869 7,413
		Public works	15	Bs.	6,190 7,725 5,191 5,739	5,983 7,082	20,481	55,814	2,529 10,390
Expenditure.	-aib bn	Hospitala a. pensaries.	14	Bs.	1,805 1,832 1,943 2,064	1,943 2.334 9.517	2,870	1,899 2,013	2,019
Expen	Сопѕегуапсу.		13	Rs.	16,535 20,127 19,061 27,497	30,334 23,163 26,766	26,93 ₁ 24,736	25,334 26,275	27,036
	supply inage.	-n ə t nisM .əərn	12	Rs.	291 522 937 6 72	3,947 7,864 720	2,1 5 1	88	6,101
	Water supply and drainage.		П	R3.	564 1,374 508 390	1.866	1,979	2,720 62,897	19,594
	•,	Public safety	10	Rs.	9,631 10,375 12,446 12,193	9,938 6,643 6,139	5,834	6,467 6,903	8,386 8,386
	Administration and a fexes, collection of taxes,		6	Rs.	8,109 8,000 10,338 10,934	10,660 12,182 11,181	11,504	11,373	12,524
		.LstoT	6 0	Bs.	62,621 67,177 72,722 85,695	91,735 95,529 89,139	81,449 89,184	99,462	1,17,850
	*6	өэхиоз төцтО	12.J.H2	BS:	8,887 10,250 10,352 16,396	16,883 18,162 13,449	13,142 15,998	21,126 56,748	24,172
		ьавоД	9	g.	::::	::	:::	40,000	::_
Income.		.едпеЯ.	νo	BS.	635 1,027 1,261 2,421	2,586 2,820 860	2,391 2,83 3	2 347 3 052	3,016 2,708
H		eexat redtO	ক	Rs.	857 1,296 1,404 1,249				
	рив зэ	Tax on hous land.	ආ	Ŗŝ.	2,885 3,421 3,369 8,497				
		·iortoO	C4	R.s.	49,357 51,183 56,336 63,132	67,632 69,525	60,317	70,356 55,814	67,044
	Year.		, , ,		1901-02 1902-03 1903-04 1904-05	1905-06 1906-07	1908-09 1908-09	1910-11 1911-12	1912-18 1913-14

TABLE XVI-(continued).—Municipality of Lalitpur

,											
		.Isto'I'	18	Rs.	19,329 16,875 20,807	17,433 $16,589$	20,697 27,628	31,376 38,348	38,877	30,582	38,502
		Other heads.	17	RS.	3,119 2,828 2,719	3,2 42 3,006	4,228 9,934	9,586 1,14,748	11,248	10,849	19,778
	anoitor.	Public instru	26	18	1,178 1,305 1,409	1,523 1,681	1,640	2,377	2,258	2,150	2,562
	·1	Public works	15	ž.	784 1,491 6,918	813 881	694 2,265	2,802 4,207	5,533	2,101	1,339
Expenditure.	-sib b	Hospitals an pensaries.	14	Ä	664 535 509	1,229 597	1,243 551	974 527	509	203	503
Expe	Сопѕетуалсу.		13		4,173 3,949 3,383						
	Water supply and drainage.	Main ten- ance.	12	Rs.	118 1,255 218	814	3,4°2 2,749	210	24.5	288 888	675
	War and Ladiq		П	BS:	4,507	125 1,187	178:	533 2.263	1,073	::	964
]	Public satety	10	ď.	2,211 2,282 2,986	2,970	873	2,102 9,964	1,547	2,128 9,081	2,197
	bns no.	Administrati noitoslloo	6	R.	2,625 2,630 2,680	3,041 2,696	3,066 5,065	4,041	2,264	5,00°	8,711
	.LatoT		ø	Bs.	18,276 18,153 18,503	16,045 24,840	25,158 25,513	25,985 99,909	93,918	87,232 -81,938	35,479
	,e	Other source	स्थिमे	B. C.	5,277	5,876 9,674	10,512 9,864	8,053	8,077	8,723	24,330
ne.	Говпз.		9	RS.	:::	: : :	::	::	: :	:	::
Income		Rents.	ಸ	B.	2,227 2,317 2,186	2,225	2,185 2,172	3,063 9,683	8,378	3,572	9,819
	отруг фужев.		4	Bs.	450 623 648	572 612	611 612	612	612	627	7,559
	bas sa	Tax on hous.	හ	Rs.	::	:::	:	: :	::	:	:: -
		.iontoO	23	BS	9,822	7,572	11,850	14,257	21,851	24,336	-223
					::	::	: :	::	: :	:	::
	Year.				1901-02 1902-03	1904-05 1905-06	1906-07	1908-09	1910-11	1911-12	1913-14

TABLE XVI-(concluded.)-Municipality of Mau Ranipur.

								يعدن					
		.fsJoT	18	B.B.	14,012 15,911								
		Other heads.	17	Rs.	1,334	1,238 1,696	2,312	2,624	2,421	1,940	3,033	10,448	1,000
	.snoid	onrieni oliduT	16	æ	808 767	813 898	995	8,302	1,740	1,628	1.448	1,061	2,092
		Public works.	15	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	1,445 2,276	1,420	5,647	2.496	3,258	3,121	2.349	1,340	7,040
Tory.		Hospitials and c	14	R.	900	00 00 00	86	796	962	1,302	1,545	853	08.
Expe		Сопветчапсу	13	Ps.	3,084	4,057	4,072	5,70	5,524	5,404	5,853	8,906	T JE G
	Water supply and drainage.	.90nnnetnisM	12	, %	181	006 1,187	689	381	541	670 670	533	431	ř
	Water and dr	- Capigal.	4	8	1,116	1,273	4,932	425	159	1.611	2,369	1,890	3
		Public safety.	10	R _S .	3,613 3,638	3,832	2,318	2,128	2,073	1,938	1,841	1,357	700.
	bns n taxes.	toidsriaimbA to noidsellos	6	ğ	2,773	9,803	3,543	5,277	4,541	4.486	4,516	2,390	6716
	TeteI.		æ	R.	17,187	21,276	22,759 93, 5 97	21,415				16,817	
!		Other sources.	7	Kg	2,067	5,137	8,177	9,930	4,299	5,909	6,672	12,934	1
		.sn.go.l	ဗ		::	::	: :	: :	:	::	:	:	:
Income.		Rents.	5	ж Ж	454 474	587	82.7	724	777	850	876	769	
Ţ		Other taxes.	শ্বী	R3.	901 857	911	£ 6.	920	959	1,597	1,806	9,314 8.705	}
	рив	Tax on houese.	භ		::	7:	:	: :	:	::	:	::	:
		Octroi.	C3	R.	15,054	14,691	14,693	15,832	13,216	15,095	13,830	::	;
	<u>`</u>			,	: :	::	:	: :	:	: :	:	: :	:
		Year	П.		1901-03 1902-03	19 13-04 1904-05	1905-06 1906-07	1907-08	1908-09	1910-11	1911-12	1912-13	1 0 7 0 7

	Sub-I			ad ables	Cons	tables.		wn		
Name of thana.	Civil police.	Armed police.	Civil police.	Armed police.	Civil police.	Armed police	Jamadar.	Chaukidar.	Rural police.	Road police.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1. Kotwali Jhansi 2. New Jhansi 3. Sadar Bazar 4. Barwa Sagar 5. Baragaon 6. Raksa 7. Baina 8. Moth 9. Chirgaon 10. Baghera 11. Erach 12. Garautha 13. Pandwaha 14. Kakarbai 15. Gursarai 16. Mau 17. Uldan 18. Katara 19. Lachura 20. Lalitpur 21. Talbehat 22. Kelwara 23. Jakhlaun 24. Nathi Khera 25. Bar 26. Jakhaura 27. Birdha 28. Narhat 29. Mahroni 30. Sanjna 31. Madaura 32. Banpur	4 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		7 4 4 2 1 2 3 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 2 2 1 1 1 3 2 3 1 1 3 3 1 3 3 2 3 3 3 3		89 35 39 10 14 19 16 12 10 13 11 42 9 11 15 8 8 11 15 8 12 19 11 15 11 15 11 15 11 15 11 15 16 17 17 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19		1 1	666	27 25 40 53 47 55 41 43 48 39 28 56 55 41 32 44 35 36 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67	12 6 6 8 8 2 6 6 8 8 4 10 14 10 2 6 8 6 4 2 10 2 6 6 2 2
Total	44		62		57 5	••	7	45	1,372	162
Reserve	C.P.18	4	23	 48	159	254	••	• •	••	• •
Grand total	57	4 Consta	85	48	784	254	7	45	1,272	162

^{*}Constabulary police.

TALE XVIII.—Education	\mathbf{T}_{A}	LE	XV	VIII	.— Ec	lucation
-----------------------	------------------	----	----	------	-------	----------

Years. To gain and the part of the par				Total.		Second	ary Edu	cation.	Prima	ry Educ	tion.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 1901-02 141 4,994 109 10 1,252 4 129 3,696 105 1902-03 171 6,013 187 10 1,282 9 161 4,731 178 1908-04 173 6,271 229 11 1,261 12 162 5 010 217 1904-05 209 7,093 66 10 341* 199 6,752 66 1905-06 218 7,452 641 10 358* 207 7,094 641 1906-07 230 7,593 481 10 421* 220 7,172 481 1907-08 235 8,201 395 10 731* 225 7,470 395 1908-09 200 7,540 531 10 1,146 34 190 6,394	Years		d Col-	Schol	ars.		Scho	lars.		Schol	ars.
1901-02 141 4,994 109 10 1,252 4 129 3,696 105 1902-03 171 6,013 187 10 1,282 9 161 4,731 178 1908-04 173 6,271 229 11 1,261 12 162 5 010 217 1904-05 209 7,098 66 10 341* 199 6,752 66 1905-06 218 7,452 641 10 358* 207 7,094 641 1906-07 230 7,598 481 10 421* 220 7,172 481 1907-08 235 8,201 395 10 731* 225 7,470 395 1908-09 200 7,540 531 10 1,146 34 190 6,394 497 1909-10 201 7,252 595 10 1,293			School an lege.	Males.	Females.	Schools.	Males.	Females.	Schools.	Males.	Females.
1902-03 171 6,013 187 10 1,282 9 161 4,731 178 1903-04 173 6,271 229 11 1,261 12 162 5 010 217 1904-05 209 7,093 66 10 341* 199 6,752 66 1905-06 218 7,452 641 10 358* 207 7,094 641 1906-07 230 7,598 481 10 421* 220 7,172 481 1907-08 235 8,201 395 10 731* 225 7,470 395 1908-09 200 7,540 581 10 1,146 34 190 6,394 497 1909-10 201 7,252 595 10 1,293 35 191 5,959 560 1910-11 202 7,317 514 10 1,237	1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1908-04 173 6,271 229 11 1.261 12 162 5 010 217 1904-05 209 7,093 66 10 341* 199 6,752 66 1905-06 218 7,452 641 10 358* 207 7,094 641 1906-07 230 7,598 481 10 421* 220 7,172 481 1907-08 235 8,201 395 10 731* 225 7,470 395 1908-09 200 7,540 581 10 1,146 34 190 6,894 497 1909-10 201 7,252 595 10 1,293 35 191 5,959 560 1910-11 202 7,317 514 10 1,237 35 192 6,080 479 1911-12 220 8,077 616 11 1,212 34	1901-02	••	141	4,994	109	10	1,252	4	129	3,696	105
1904-05 209 7,098 66 10 341* 199 6,752 66 1905-06 218 7,452 641 10 358* 207 7,094 641 1906-07 230 7,598 481 10 421* 220 7,172 481 1907-08 235 8,201 395 10 731* 225 7,470 395 1908-09 200 7,540 581 10 1,146 34 190 6,394 497 1909-10 201 7,252 595 10 1,293 35 191 5,959 560 1910-11 202 7,317 514 10 1,237 35 192 6,080 479 1911-12 220 8,077 616 11 1,212 34 209 6,865 582 1912-13 229 8,294 680 14 1,319 31	1902-03		171	6,013	187	10	1,282	9	161	4,731	178
1905-06 218 7.452 641 10 358* 207 7,094 641 1906-07 230 7,598 481 10 421* 220 7,172 481 1907-08 235 8,201 395 10 731* 225 7,470 395 1908-09 200 7,540 531 10 1,146 34 190 6,394 497 1909-10 201 7,252 595 10 1,293 35 191 5,959 560 1910-11 202 7,317 514 10 1,237 35 192 6,080 479 1911-12 220 8,077 616 11 1,212 34 209 6,865 582 1912-13 229 8,294 680 14 1,319 31 215 6,975 599	1903-04		173	6,271	229	11	1.261	12	162	5 010	217
1906-07 230 7,598 481 10 421* 220 7,172 481 1907-08 235 8,201 395 10 731* 225 7,470 395 1908-09 200 7,540 531 10 1,146 34 190 6,394 497 1909-10 201 7,252 595 10 1,293 35 191 5,959 560 1910-11 202 7,317 514 10 1,237 35 192 6,080 479 1911-12 220 8,077 616 11 1,212 34 209 6,865 582 1912-13 229 8,294 680 14 1,319 31 215 6,975 599	1904-05		209	7,093	66	10	341*		199	6,752	66
1907-08 235 8,201 395 10 731* 225 7,470 395 1908-09 200 7,540 581 10 1,146 34 190 6,394 497 1909-10 201 7,252 595 10 1,293 35 191 5,959 560 1910-11 202 7,317 514 10 1,237 35 192 6,080 479 1911-12 220 8,077 616 11 1,212 34 209 6,865 582 1912-13 229 8,294 680 14 1,319 31 215 6,975 599	1905 -0 6		2 18	7,452	641	10	358*		207	7,094	641
1908-09 200 7,540 581 10 1,146 34 190 6,894 497 1909-10 201 7,252 595 10 1,293 35 191 5,959 560 1910-11 202 7,317 514 10 1,237 35 192 6,080 479 1911-12 220 8,077 616 11 1,212 34 209 6,865 582 1912-13 229 8,294 680 14 1,319 31 215 6,975 599	1906-07		230	7,598	481	10	421*		220	7,172	481
1909-10 201 7,252 595 10 1,293 35 191 5,959 560 1910-11 202 7,317 514 10 1,237 35 192 6,080 479 1911-12 220 8,077 616 11 1,212 34 209 6,865 582 1912-13 229 8,294 680 14 1,319 31 215 6,975 599	1907-08	••	235	8,201	395	10	731*		225	7,470	395
1910-11 202 7,317 514 10 1,237 35 192 6,080 479 1911-12 220 8,077 616 11 1,212 34 209 6,865 582 1912-13 229 8,294 680 14 1,319 31 215 6,975 599	1908-09	••	200	7,540	581	10	1,146	34	190	6,394	497
1911-12 220 8,077 616 11 1,212 34 209 6,865 582 1912-13 229 8,294 680 14 1,319 31 215 6,975 599	1909-10	٠.	201	7,252	595	10	1,293	35	191	5,959	560
1912-13 229 8,294 680 14 1,319 31 215 6,975 599	1910-11	••	202	7,317	514	10	1,237	35	192	6,080	479
	1911-12	••	220	8,077	616	11	1,212	34	209	6,865	582
1913-14 236 9,030 835 13 1,473 49 223 7,557 786	1912-13	••	229	8,294	680	14	1,319	31	215	6,975	599
	1913 -1 4		236	9,030	835	13	1,473	49	223	7,557	78 6
								j			
								ļ			
			,								
						ĺ					
						}			İ		
									ĺ		
									ļ		
				j							

^{*}Excluding primary classes of secondary schools which are shown under Primary Education.

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1915.

Tahsil.	Pargan	ıa,	Localit y.		Class.		Average attend- ance.
			A.—Secondary	 (.	,		
Lalitpur {	Lalitpur Do. Talbehat Mahroni	••	Lalitpur Do. Talbehat Mahroni	••	Anglo-vernacular Middle vernacular Ditto Ditto	•••	102 101 47 57
			B.—PRIMARY.	•			
	Lalitpur	{	Jakhlaun Dailwara Thanwara Burwar	•••	Upper primary Ditto Ditto Ditto	•	62 42 28 30
Lalitpur)	Bansi	{	Bansi Jakhaura		Ditto Ditto	••	66 64
	Talbehat	}	Karesra Kalan Pura Kalan		Ditto Ditto	::	28 40
()	Balabehat		Pali		Ditto	••	56
. [Banpur	}	Banpur Bar	Ţ	Ditto Ditto		100 86 49
Mahroni 🗸	Mahroni Madaura		Patha Kumendi Madaura		Ditto Ditto Ditto	•••	44 76 25
			Surerai Narhat Satarwans		Ditto Ditto Lower primary	••	53 28
:	Lalitpur		Masora Khurd Rajwara Chandras		Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Lower primary(Mu	 ni-	32 22 14 3 124
	_		Lalitpur Cha	u-	cipality). Ditto		53
			W-1 - * *		Lower Primary Ditto		41 9
Lalitpur	Bansi	ζ	Pipra		Ditto Ditto		12 23 18
		(Baroda Swami Harshpur	::	Ditto Ditto	••	24
			Buchera Kotra Bijrotha	::	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto		11 24 18 14
	Talbehat	[Bangawan Kala	in 	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto		17 14 111 23 21

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1915—(continued.)

Tahsil.	Pargan	a.	Locality.	Class of school.	Average attend- ance.
,		В	Lower Primary-	(contd.).	
	Talbehat	••	Geora Gandera	Lower Primary	16
Lalitpur	Balabe h at	}	Balabehat Piprai Bant	Ditto Ditto Ditto	20 16 17
	Lalitpur	{	Dongra Kalan Kalianpur Lagaon Lalitp u r	Ditto Ditto Ditto Practising L. P.	26 23 20 39
Lalitpur {	Lalitpur Talbehat		Lalitpur Talbehat	Behool, U. P. Model girls' school L. P. Ditto	58 21
	Banpur	}	Sindwaha Chinglawa {Deoran Marraoli Kelgawan Paraun Gadiana Selawan	(120-07	20 33 26 15 25 19 36 21
Mahroni	Mahroni	{	Mahroni Chhapchhani Bhondi Gurha	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	92 17 19 20
	Madaora	}	Guna Dongra Khurd Sarhumar Paraul Sedpur Karitoran Patna	Ditto	20 28 26 12 22 15
Mahroni	Mahroni	.,	Mahroni	L. P. Girls' school	23
1	Lalitpur	{	Baroda Bijlon Piron Daoni	Aided L. P. S. for boys Ditto Ditto	25 14 19
Lalitpur /	Bansi Talbehat Lalitpur	·· { ::	Alapur Rakhpanchampur Nathikhera Lalitpur	Ditto Aided mission, Lalit-	16 24 16 43
Mahroni {	Banpur	}	Larwari Mathura Bhailoni Ludhias Pah	Ditto	10 9 12 15

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1915—(continued.)

Tabsil.	Pargana.	Localit	y .	Class of school.	Average attendance.
		BLower	Pri- ntd).		
Lalitpur ¦	Lalitpur {	Bharoni De Khiria Chh	lwara* atara	A. L. P. S. for hoys	. 17 . 15
Lalitpur Mahroni	Balabehat Banpur	Pali Bar	•••	Ditto for girls Ditto	16 21
(Lalitpur	••	Becondary school for	27
Lalitpur	Lalitpur	Do. Do.	••	girls. Mission girls' school Training olass.	6
				3	
		VIV	W		
				3	
		सन्यम	व जयते		
			!		(
	1	1			

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1915 - (continued).

Ta h sil.		Name of school	ols.	Class.	Average attend- ance.	Remarks.
		A.—8	SECONDA	RY SCHOOLS		
Jhansi	ł	Jhansi Barwasagar	••	Secondary Do		
Moth	{	Moth Chirgaon	••	Do	1	
Garautha Mau		Gursarai Mau	••	Do Do		
		B.—UPP	er prim	ABY BCHOOL	.s.	
Jhansi	{	Babina		Upper pri	- 60	
	(Baragaon	~ Æ	Do	. 77	
Moth	١	Erachh Panch Pahargaon Kumharia Kargawan	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	Do Do Do Do Do	43 44 62	
Garaut ha	1	Garautha Bamaur Pandwaha Sarsenda		Do Do Do	. 45 . 35	
Mau	{	Itail Uldan Rewan Ranipur Sujaori Sakrar Katera D B. Aided	::	Do	55 36 84	
		C.—D. B. 1	Lower	PRIMARY SC	ноог.в.	
	ſ	Training class, Jh	ansi	Lower pri m a r y school.		
Themai		Br. S. Barwasagar Mayanpur Dhamna Barehta	••	Do. Do. Do. Do.	16	
Jhansi		Garhmau Kochha Bhanwar Palar Raksa		Do. Do. Do.	14 20 19	
		Model girls' school, I Girls' school, Barw Girls' school, Talaiy	asagor	Do. Do. Do.	. 48	
Mau		Akseo B Sarafa Mau	:.	Do	1 00	

LIST OF SCHOOLS 1915 -(continued).

Mau—concluded).	Banda Baragaon Bhadarwara Churara Dhawakar Ghat Kotra Khandarka Magarpur Madarwas Pachwara Palra Ratausa Rupa Dhamna	E.P.S. school Do.	·	
	Banda Baragaon Bhadarwara Churara Dhawakar Ghat Kotra Khandarka Magarpur Madarwas Pachwara Palra Ratausa Rupa Dhamna	Do	16 20 17 17 19 27 15 16 13 22	
	Banda Baragaon Bhadarwara Churara Dhawakar Ghat Kotra Khandarka Magarpur Madarwas Pachwara Palra Ratausa Rupa Dhamna	Do	16 20 17 17 19 27 15 16 13 22	
	Baragaon Bhadarwara Churara Dhawakar Ghat Kotra Khandarka Magarpur Madarwas Pachwara Palra Ratausa Rupa Dhamna	Do	17 17 19 27 15 16 13 22	
	Churara Dhawakar Ghat Kotra Khandarka Magarpur Madarwas Pachwara Palra Batausa Rupa Dhamna	Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do, Do,	17 19 27 15 16 13 22	
	Dhawakar	Do Do Do Do Do	19 27 15 16 13 22	
	Ghat Kotra Khandarka Magarpur Madarwas Pachwara Palra Ratausa Rupa Dhamna	Do	27 15 16 13 22	
	Khandarka Magarpur Madarwas Pachwara Palra Ratausa Rupa Dhamna	Do	15 16 13 22	
	Magarpur Madarwas Pachwara Palra Ratausa Rupa Dhamna	Do	16 13 22	
concruuea).	Madarwas Pachwara Palra Batausa Rupa Dhamna	Do	13 22	
	Pachwara Palra Ratausa Rupa Dhamna	Do	22	
	Palra Ratausa Rupa Dhamna	Do		
	Ratausa Rupa Dhamna	Da		
	Rupa Dhamna		16	
		Do	18	
	Kachneo	Do	••	New school.
	Girls' school, Mau	Do	11	71011 002001,
	Kumharia	Do	••	
	Atarsuan	Do	23	
	Br. S. Chirgaon	Do	61	
11	Bakwan	Do	. 30	
	Baral	Do	22	
11	Kumhrar Belman	TO a	22 22	
Moth	Donkuss	Do	19	
- 11	Dobori	Do,	17	
- 11	Pipra	Do	18	
11	Semri	Do	17	
11	Sunirya	Do	22	
11	Talaur	Do	24	
`	Belahti Karka	Do,	18	
j	A a to	Do	10	
(1	Asta Br. S. Gursarai		16 16	
11	TVL 23.1	T).	18	
į į	Dumani	Do	25	
11	Aioni	Do	28	1
[1	Ghuraiya	Do.	18	ĺ
	Iksil	Do	24	
Garautha \	Khanaura	Do	14	
	Kherokhar	D o ,	18	
11	Kuretha	Do	16	
- 11	Kakarbai	Do,	18	
11	Motikatra	Do	20	ľ
!}	Simardha	Do	18	[
	Bangroni Girls' school, Gursarai	Do Do	20	
ľ		M. S. L. P.	35	
C	Baragaon gate, Jhansi	* .	45	
Jhansi }		Do		1
- //	Sainyar gate	Do	65	

LIST OF SCHOOLS 1915 - (concluded).

Tahsil.	Name of school.		Class.		Average attend- ance.	Remarks.
	CD. B. LOWER PRI	LMARY	SCHOOLS-	— (e	moluden).	<u> </u>
,	Man M. S.		M. S. L.	P. 1	62	
(Aliai M. Aided Mau	• • •	Do.		21	
	Chauk Dhamela	٠.	Do.		19	
Mau (Garh Dhuriaganj		Do.		38	
	Nanhai Bazar	•••	Do.	٠.	20	
(Sheoganj		Do.	• •	23	
	Gopal Nikhra		Do.		3 6	
(Halwai Bazar		Do.	::	38	
	Khataryana		Do.	::	42	
1	Purani Kotwali		Do.		52	
	Sadar Bazar		Do.		30	
	Garhia Phatak	.,	Do.		84	
+	Pulya No. 9	500	TELEST.	-		
i	A. P. Mission school	near	Do.	۱., I	17	
hansi	church.	132	331E4	18	1	
}	Mission girls' sch	1001.	Do.	37	44	
- 1	Garhia Phatak.	8136		4		
į	Khailar Marora	3/4/3	· D o		32	
- (Punaoli Kalan		Do		24	
i	Th 7 . 1	100	Do.	• •	17	
[T72	¥ #1.1	Do.	**	14	
Į.	Phutera	1.69.)	Do. Do	٠. ا	12 31	
`	Bithri		Do.		91	New school.
}	Dhakarwara	11/	Do.	3.	17	Man renoor
	Burhia		Do.	7	15	
	Dhaurra	11.3103	Do.		16	
ľ	Dhaipura		Do.		17	
?	Ghat Lachura	सन्धा	Do.		19	
[au	Khisni Kalan		Do.		15	
	Kakwara		Do.	¦	18	
1	Lohari	••	Do.		14	
1	Magarwara Nota		Do.		13	
\		•••	Do.	••	19	
	Rampura Turka Lachura	••	Do.		22	
Ioth	Bharosa	٠.	\mathbf{D}_{o_i}		17 21	
hansi	Mondai	••	Do.		18	
(Chandwari		D_0		18	
Loth }	Siva (Moth)		$\mathbf{D_0}$.		17	
	Nand Khas.	- : :	Do.		17	
,	Kharani		Do.		20	
- 1	Bachhoh		Do.		17	
ĺ	i Bhasneh		D_0		24	
Į.	Dhanaura		Do.		17	
Į	Deori	•••	Do.		17	
arautha (Kharon Mahaya		\mathbf{p}_{o}		22	
1	Mahewa Nagra	•••	\mathbf{p}_{0} .	٠. ا	18	
1	Siya (Garautha)		$\mathbf{p}_{\mathbf{o}}$		16	
	Sewai	•••	$\mathbf{D_0}$.	••	20	
-	Gokalpara		Do.		17	
,	~		Do.		37	

ROADS, 1915.

A.—Province	IAL.			Miles.	fu	r. ft.
(i) Cawnpore-Jhansi and Sau	roor road	Ihansi sec	tion	70	1	o
(ii) Approach road to Chirgae				. 0	3	250
(iii) Do. do. to Moth s	tation	J 0000101	::	ŏ	4	85
(iv) Do. do. to Punch		•		ŏ	2	607
(v) Cawnpore-Jhansi and Sau		d Lalitour	section	56	2	0
(vi) Jhansi-Sipri road			••	12	3	0
(vii) Jhansi and Gwalior road	• • •	•••		30	4	165
(viii) Khande Roa Gate road	.,	••		ì	2	316
(ix) Datia Gate road	•••	••		1	2	140
(x) Lachmi Gate road	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••		1	O	600
(xi) Baragaon Gate road	•••	• • •	::	$\bar{2}$	6	200
(11) 2218212 3311	••		··			
		Total		177	0	883
B.—Loca	L.					
IFirst class roads, metalled brid	ged and a	trained thro	ughout.			
(i) Latitpur-Mahroni road	500	353]	26	0	6 34
(ii) Mahroni-Maraura road	CMCS	SIL.	::	15	4	92
(iii) Gursarai-Garautha road	* FRAME	SEE A		7	5	338
(iv) Mau-Tehri road	NOT THE	ALL MADES!		4	6	0
(v) Talbehat railway feeder r	oad	483334		1	1	360
(vi) Lalitpur railway feeder r		SNEWS		1	5	15
(vii) Jakhlaun railway feeder r		38800		ĩ	4	168
(viii) Goona-Madanpur road	A. I. A.	N-11.45		$\bar{1}$	5	450
(ix) Babina railway feeder roa	d	UA II		1	0	280
Local Intra Muni	cipal roa	ds.				
(m) Dead from innation of Civ	ai Classii	an ta conto		0		905
(x) Road from junction of Sig			1111BILL	0	3 5	395
(xi) Road from Allahabad ban (xii) Road from Sadar Bazar to		Dungarow	•••	1	0	340 189
(xiii) Road from dak bungalow			•••	0	3	120
(xiv) Rood from junction to		alior road	toward	0	4	260
city.				0	2	
(xv) Katchery raod	••		-	0		80
		Total		64	4	613
II - First class roads, metalled, pa	rtially b	ridged and e	trained.			
(i) Jhansi-Nowgong roads	••	••		47	2	640
(ii) Ditto Diversio	n roads		\	• 4	0	210
(iii) Mau-Punch road		• •		43	4	330
(iv) Ratausa-Bukhara road				9	1	120
(v) Baragaon-Garautha road	• •	••		14	0	0
(vi) Chirgaon-Bhander road			••	3	2	0
(vii) Moth-Samthar road	• •	••		1	1	68
(viii) Mau-Rath road				0	4	63
(ix) Ranipur railway feeder re	ad	• •		1	6	360
(x) Sukhnai branch road				0	3	440
(xi) Mau-Orai road	••	• •	••]	0	6	136
Local Intra Munic	cipal roa	d.				
					8	592
(xii) Ratausa.Bukhara road	••	••	••	1	-	

ROADS-(continued).

III.—Second class road	ds, unmetall throughout	ed, bri	dged and draine	ed	Miles.	fur	:. ft.
(i) Lalitpur-Durja	npura				2	0	0
(ii) Do. Jakhla		•••	••		13	1	4
(iii) Do. Pali		•••			13	$\tilde{2}$	- 30
(iv) Gugarwara	•	•••			12	2	-83
(v) Talbehat-Sirisg	hat				. 8	4	- 0
(vi) Bijrautha feede				[4	Ō	Ö
(vii) Delwara de			• •		1	4	7
(viii) Dudhai-Dhaurr		• • •			4	6	39 6
(ix) Jakhaura feede	r road	•••			ī	Ó	. 0
(x) Talbehat Pura I Nathi Khera.	Kalan with	bran	ch from Hingor	a to	15	4	0
(xi) Gugarwara-Ban	ipur			(9	4	0
(xii) Parichha railw:	ay station				1	0	0
(xiii) Jhansi-Unao (xiv) Babina Sirisgha	•				7	0	U
. (xiv) Babina Sirisgha	at		••	[13	4	0
(xv) Barwasagar rai	ilw ay statioi	n	••		1	4	0
(xvi) Mustara railwa	y station				.1	4	0
(xvii) Jhansi-Murari		145	THE COURT	[1	0	0
(xviii) Semri Nand kh	nas /	mar.	261-0		1	4	. 0
(xix) Garautha-Mau	50-	반간		}	28	0	0
(xx) Mau Rupa Dha	amua 🦠			[2	0	0
(xxi) Ranipur-Siaori	~	320	+1483500V		7	0	0
(xxii) Ranipur railway	y station . 🕒				1	4	. 0
(xxiii) Bamori Rora,	-				2	0	Q
		14	Total	••	147	7	520
IVFourth class ro			anked, partially		V-1-2-2-		
brio	dged and dra		anked, partially				
<i>bric</i> (i) Durjanpura-Ra	<i>dged and dro</i> .jghat	ined,		••	11	2	0
<i>brid</i> (i) Durjanpura-Ra (ii) Mandaura-Mad	dged and dra ighat lanpur				12	0	0
bric (i) Durjanpura-Ba (ii) Mandaura-Mad (iii) Bangaria-Pirgl	<i>dged and dro</i> ijghat lanpur hat	ined,		••	12 17	0	0
bric (i) Durjanpura-Ba (ii) Mandaura-Mad (iii) Bangaria-Pirgl (iv) Betua-Jakhlaur	dged and dro ighat lanpur hat n -	ined,		::	12 17 13	0 0 2	0 0 0
bric (i) Durjanpura-Ba (ii) Mandaura-Mad (iii) Bangaria-Pirgl (iv) Betua-Jakhlaur (v) Dhukwan Natl	dged and dra zighat langur hat n - hi Khera	ined,		::	12 17 13 8	0 0 2 0	0 0 0
bric (i) Durjanpura-Ba (ii) Mandaura-Mad (iii) Bangaria-Pirgli (iv) Betua-Jakhlaur (v) Dhukwan Natl (vi) Moth-Bhander	dged and dro gjhat langur hat n - hi Khera	ined,		::	12 17 13 8 13	0 0 2 0 0	0 0 0 0
bric (i) Durjanpura-Ba (ii) Mandaura-Mad (iii) Bangaria-Pirgl (iv) Betua-Jakhlauu (v) Dhukwan Natl (vi) Moth-Bhander (vii) Baragaon-Gara	dged and dra ijghat langur hat n - hi Khera	ined,		•••	12 17 13 8 13 25	0 0 2 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
(i) Durjanpura-Ba (ii) Mandaura-Mad (iii) Bangaria-Pirgl (iv) Betua-Jakhlaur (v) Dhukwan Nath (vi) Moth-Bhander (vii) Baragaon-Gara (viii) Garotba-Motik	dged and dra glighat langur hat n - hi Khera lutha satra	rined,		•••	12 17 13 8 13 25	0 0 2 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
bric (i) Durjanpura-Ba (ii) Mandaura-Mad (iii) Bangaria-Pirgl (iv) Betua-Jakhlauu (v) Dhukwan Natl (vi) Moth-Bhander (vii) Baragaon-Gara	dged and dra glighat langur hat n - hi Khera lutha satra	rined,			12 17 13 8 13 25	0 0 2 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
(i) Durjanpura-Ba (ii) Mandaura-Mad (iii) Bangaria-Pirgl (iv) Betua-Jakhlaur (v) Dhukwan Nath (vi) Moth-Bhander (vii) Baragaon-Gara (viii) Garotba-Motik	dged and dra glighat langur hat n - hi Khera lutha satra	rined,		•••	12 17 13 8 13 25	0 0 2 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
bric (i) Durjanpura-Ba (ii) Mandaura-Mad (iii) Bangaria-Pirgl (iv) Betua-Jakhlaur (v) Dhukwan Nati (vi) Moth-Bhander (vii) Baragaon-Gara (viii) Garotba-Motik	dged and dra njghat langur hat n - hi Khera nutha nagar	::ned,	Total		12 17 13 8 13 25 9 15	0 0 2 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
(i) Durjanpura-Ba (ii) Mandaura-Mad (iii) Bangaria-Pirgl (iv) Betua-Jakhlaur (v) Dhukwan Nath (vi) Moth-Bhander (vii) Baragaon-Gara (viii) Garotba-Motik (ix) Gursarai-Saidr	dged and dra	::ned,	Total		12 17 13 8 13 25 9 15	0 0 2 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
(i) Durjanpura-Ba (ii) Mandaura-Mad (iii) Bangaria-Pirgl (iv) Betua-Jakhlaur (v) Dhukwan Nadi (vi) Moth-Bhander (vii) Baragaon-Gara (viii) Garotba-Motik (ix) Gursarai-Saidr V—Fifth class roads, ci (i) Gugarwara-Kai	dged and dra	ined,	Total		12 17 18 8 13 25 9 15	0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0
(i) Durjanpura-Ba (ii) Mandaura-Mad (iii) Bangaria-Pirgl (iv) Betua-Jakhlaur (v) Dhukwan Nati (vi) Moth-Bhander (vii) Baragaon-Gara (viii) Garotba-Motik (ix) Gursarai-Saidr V-Fifth class roads, ci (i) Gugarwara-Kai (ii) Lalitpur-Jakho	dged and dra	ined,	Total	ned-	12 17 18 8 13 25 9 15 123	0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 4	0 0 0 0
(i) Durjanpura-Ba (ii) Mandaura-Mad (iii) Bangaria-Pirgl (iv) Betua-Jakhlaur (v) Dhukwan Natl (vi) Moth-Bhander (vii) Baragaon-Gara (viii) Garotba-Motik (ix) Gursarai-Saidr V-Fifth class roads, co (i) Gugarwara-Kal (ii) Lalitpur-Jakho (iii) Bansi-Bar	dged and dra	ined,	Total		12 17 18 8 13 25 9 15	0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 4	0 0 0 0
(i) Durjanpura-Ba (ii) Mandaura-Mad (iii) Bangaria-Pirgl (iv) Betua-Jakhlauu (v) Dhukwan Natl (vi) Moth-Bhander (vii) Baragaon-Gara (viii) Garotba-Motik (ix) Gursarai-Saidu V-Fifth class roads, ci (i) Gugarwara-Kai (ii) Lalitpur-Jakho (iii) Bansi-Bar (iv) Bar-Banpur	dged and dra	ially t	Total		12 17 18 8 13 25 9 15 123	0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 4	0 0 0 0
(i) Durjanpura-Ba (ii) Mandaura-Mad (iii) Bangaria-Pirgl (iv) Betua-Jakhlaur (v) Dhukwan Natal (vi) Moth-Bhander (vii) Baragaon-Gara (viii) Garotba-Motik (ix) Gursarai-Saidr V—Fifth class roads, co (i) Gugarwara-Kal (ii) Gugarwara-Kal (ii) Eansi-Bar (iv) Bar-Banpur (v) Bansi-Jakhora	dged and dra	ially t	Total	ned-	12 17 18 8 13 25 9 15 128	0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 4	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
(i) Durjanpura-Ba (ii) Mandaura-Mad (iii) Bangaria-Pirgl (iv) Betua-Jakhlaur (v) Dhukwan Nati (vi) Moth-Bhander (vii) Baragaon-Gara (viii) Garotba-Motik (ix) Gursarai-Saidr V—Fifth class roads, ci (i) Gugarwara-Kai (ii) Lalitpur-Jakho (iii) Bansi-Bar (iv) Bar-Banpur (v) Bansi-Jakhora (vi) Talbehat-Jakh	dged and dra ighat lappur hat n - hi Khera tutha tatra hagar leared, parti lgawan ora	ially t	Total	ned-	12 17 18 8 13 25 9 15 128	0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 4 4 4	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
(i) Durjanpura-Ba (ii) Mandaura-Mad (iii) Bangaria-Pirgl (iv) Betua-Jakhlaur (v) Dhukwan Natl (vi) Moth-Bhander (vii) Baragaon-Gara (viii) Garotba-Motik (ix) Gursarai-Saidr V-Fifth class roads, of (i) Gugarwara-Kai (ii) Lalitpur-Jakho (iii) Bansi-Bar (iv) Bar-Banpur (v) Bansi-Jakhora (vi) Talbehat-Jakh (vii) Jakhora-Rajgh	dged and dra jghat anpur hat n - hi Khera utha tatra hagar leared, parti lgawan ora	ially b	Total	ned-	12 17 18 8 13 25 9 15 123	0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 4 4 4	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
(i) Durjanpura-Ba (ii) Mandaura-Mad (iii) Bangaria-Pirgl (iv) Betua-Jakhlaur (v) Dhukwan Nati (vi) Moth-Bhander (vii) Baragaon-Gara (viii) Garotba-Motik (ix) Gursarai-Saidr V-Fifth class roads, co (i) Gugarwara-Kai (ii) Lalitpur-Jakho (iii) Bansi-Bar (iv) Bar-Banpur (v) Bansi-Jakhora (vi) Talbehat-Jakh	dged and dra jghat anpur hat n - hi Khera tutha tatra hagar leared, paris lgawan ora tora tat ur	ially t	Total	ned-	12 17 18 8 13 25 9 15 128	0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 4 4 4 4 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000

ROADS—(continued).

V.—Fifth class r	oads, cleared, part	ially bridged	l and	Miles,	fur	. ft.
Q ₁	rained - (conclude	a).				
(x) Narhat-Didor	nia		1	16	6	0
(xi) Mahroni-Nar				20	4	ō
(xii) Khetwans-Sa				16	0	Ō
(xiii) Kanpura-Ban	nori			4	4	0
(xiv) Mandaura-Gi]	11	0	0
(xv) Bant-Jahazp			•	3	0	0
(xvi) Jakhlaun Dh		••	••]	8	0	0
(xvii) Dudhai-Mah		• •	•• }	6	Ô	Ç
(xviii) Bar-Hazaria		• • •	•• }	13	0	C
(xix) Paron-Churae		• • •	•••	8	4	0
(xx) Hissar-Sairw			••	8	Ŏ	Ç
(xxi) Jhansi-Bhanc		•••	••	10 9	0	Ç
(xxii) Ambabai-Mav (xxiii) Ambabai-Bad	Janna		•••	19	0	Ç
(xxiv) Babina-Badai			•• (14	0	0
(xxv) Jhansi-Baido:			**	18	Ö	0
(xxvi) Jhansi-Orchi			**)	1	4	G
(xxvii) Jhansi-Bhags		ALC: NO.	•• [2	4	Ö
(xxviii) Ghugna-Rani		MONTH FOR A	a .	16	ō	ă
(xxix) Moth-Gursar			\$	17	ŏ	Č
(xxx) Erich-Bangra	WEST TO THE REAL PROPERTY.	NAME OF TAXABLE STREET	7	36	ŏ	č
(xxxi) Chirgaon-Gu	rsa r ai	8633890A		24	ŏ	à
(xxxii) Ramnagar-Ta	alaur	REASONE LINE		11	Ö	ā
(xxxiii) Garautha-Isk		HEREASY/SIGNALAGE		18	0	ā
(xxxiv) Garautha-Ka	karwai			9	0	Č
(xxxv) Kotra-Gursa:	rai Saidnagar 🛛	1 1/ 1/ 1/ 1/		2	0	C
(xxxvi) Iskil -Dhikau		M All Le	••	5	0	C
(xxxvii) Kaidartai-Ni	pan	in Taliban		8	0	C
xxxviii) Mau-Bhakord	Pachoro			3	0	C
(xxxix) Mau-Bhonda		(20 mg/)	••	9	0	C
(xl) Mau Churara		2000	••	6	0	C
(xli) Sukunai-brid	- T		•• }	5	0	C
(xlii) Mau-Ghat L	anchura	사이 기식성	••	11	0	C
		Total		471	9	C
VI.—Sia	cth class roads clea	red only.	ĺ			
(i) Mahroni-Jago		• ••	••	16	0	C
(ii) Jakhora-Koti		••	••	5	Ŏ	0
(iii) Mandaura-So		• • •	••	12	0	C
(iv) Jakhlon-Khi		••	••	14	4	0
(v) Maholi-Amji		•••	••	5	ŏ	C
			••	14	0	(
(vi) Dongra-Sarh			•• [9	0	0
(vi) Dongra-Sarh (vii) Kelgawan-Ba				o	·	
(vi) Dongra-Sarh (vii) Kelgawan-Ba (viii) Larwari-Kela (ix) Ghurai-Dhuk			a-Thakur	9	U	(
(vii) Dongra-Sarh (vii) Kelgawan-Ba (viii) Larwari-Kela (ix) Ghurai-Dhuk pura.	agwan gwan with brand	ch Lahchur		9 16		
(vii) Dongra-Sarh (vii) Kelgawan-Ba (viii) Larwari-Kela (ix) Ghurai-Dhuk pura- (x) Tankori-Nitr	agwan awan with brance	ch Lahchur	••		0	C
(vii) Dongra-Sarh (viii) Kelgawan-Ba (viii) Larwari-Kela (ix) Ghurai-Dhuk pura. (x) Tankori-Nitr (xi) Simthari-Chi	agwan wan with brand a irgaon	ch Lahchur		16	0	e C
(vii) Dongra-Sarh (vii) Kelgawan-Ba (viii) Larwari-Kela (ix) Ghurai-Dhuk pura. (x) Tankori-Nitr (xi) Simthari-Chi (xii) Barwasagar-	agwan swan with brance a irgaon Dhamne	ch Lahchur	••	16 2	0	(
(vii) Dongra-Sarh (viii) Kelgawan-Ba (viii) Larwari-Kela (ix) Ghurai-Dhuk pura. (x) Tankori-Nitr (xi) Simthari-Chi	agwan swan with brance a irgaon Dhamne	ch Lahchur		16 2 11	0 0 4	0
(vii) Dongra-Sarh (vii) Kelgawan-Ba (viii) Larwari-Kela (ix) Ghurai-Dhuk pura. (x) Tankori-Nitr (xi) Simthari-Chi (xii) Barwasagar- (xiii) Baghera-Ghu	agwan www.with brance ingaon Dhamne iraiy: karwai	ch Lahchur	••	16 2 11 3	0 4 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0

ROA	A DS—(con	cluded).				
VI.—Sixth class road	ls cleared o	mly.		Miles.	fur.	ft
(xvii) Mau-Uldan (xviii) Ghat-Lahchura Sijari (xix) Bangra-Katera (xx) Sakrar-Arjar	••	••	••	11 3 6 3	0 0 0 0	0 0 0
		Total		183	4	0
VII.—Fores	st roads.		ļ			
(i) Ghisauli to Dhukwan (ii) Raipur to Sorai (iii) Harorpur to Chhipai and (iv) Baroda Dang to Tenta ar (v) Saipura Munzabta to Dec (vi) Baut to Balabehat via M (vii) Morari to Dhojri Retghat (viii) Bamori Bansa to Morari (ix) Maholi to Kanpora	nd Samra i ogarh orari	Ding		5 3 6 7 18 10 5 5	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Total for district

1,355 8 515

FERRIES.

River.	Ferry.	Village,	Tahsil.		Management.	Income average of 3 years.
	Erachh	Erachh	Moth		District Board	Rs.
ſ	Kukargaon	Kukargaon	Do.	••		22
	Manikpura	Manikpura.	Do.	••		
	Bhaunra	Bhaunra	Do.	••	_	40 48
	Ramnagar	Ramnagar	Do.	••	70	175
	Barehta	Barehta	Jo. Jhansi	• •	_	508
	m:1.1.	Tilehta		••	Do	68
Betwa.		01/9	Do.	••		
Ã)	****	(Z.R.S.P.E.S	Do.	• •	Do	2,150
ŀ		SSER133	Garautha	••	Do	26
Ì	~	Sairwans	Lalitpur	••	Do	14
		Y 23 G	Do.	••	Do	
	77.	Rampura	Do.	••	Do	24
	-	Kisalwans	Do.	••	Do	83
	Basman	Basman	Do.	••	Do	24
Jamni,	Amghat	Kelgawan	Mahroni	••	Do	20
Dha. {	Pindarghat	Pindar and Ramgarh.	Do.	••	Do	11
san. }	Lahchura	Lahchura	Mau	••	Do	16

POST OFFICE, 1915.

Tahsil	•	Pargan	a.	Office.		Class.
1		2		3	_	4
Jhansi	}	Jhansi Do. Do. Do. Do.	••	Jhansi Babina Baragaon Barwasagar Dhukwan woir	•••	Head office. Branch office. Do. Do. Do.
Moth		Moth		Erachh		Do.
Jhansi	{	Jbansi Do.	••	Raksa Sainyar darwaza	••	Do. Do.
Mau	••	Маu	••	Ghat Lahchura		Do.
Jhansi		Jhansi Do.		Jhansi Cantonment Jhansi city Orchhagate. Jhansi R. S. Garhia Phatak Pulia No. 9 Sipri Bazar Jhansi Sadar Bazar Chirgaon Parichha		Sub-office. Do. Branch office. Sub-office. Do. Do. Sub-office. Do. Sub-office. Do. Sub-office. Do. Branch office.
G trautha	{	Garautha Do. Do.		Garautha Gursarai Kakarwai	•••	Sub-office. Branch office. Do.
Lalitpur	{	Lalitpur Banpur Bansi		Lalitpur Banpur Bansi	••	Sub-office. Branch office. Do.
Mahroni	••	Banpur	- 3	Bar	.••	Do.
Lalityur	{	Lalitpur Balabehat Bansi Lalitpur Do. Balabehat		Birdha Dudhai Jakhaura Jakhlaun Kelwara Narhat	•••	Da. Do. Do, Do, Do. Do.
Mau	{	Mau Do. Do.	••	Mau Ghat Kotra Katora	••	Sub-office. Branch office. Do.
Garautha Mau Mau	••	Garautha Mau M au	••	Pandwaha Siaori Uldan	••	Do. Do. Do.
Mahroni	{	Mahroni Madaura Do. Mahroni	** *** **	Mahroni Girar Madaura Sonjna	••	Sub-office, Branch office. Do. Do.
Moth Lalitpur	{	Moth Do, Talbahet	••	Moth Baghaira Talbahet	••	Sub-office. Branch office. Sub-office.
Mau	{	Do. Mau	••	Nathi Khera Ranipur	•••	Branch office. Sub-office.

List of vill	ages and towns e	etc., in the Inansi dist	trict showing days on	List of villages and towns etc., in the Ihansi district showing days on which markets and fairs are held.	tre held.
Name of tabsil.	Name of pargana.	Name of village or town.	Day or days on which market held,	Name of fair and the date on which the fair is held.	Remarks.
Јћапзі	Jhansi	Sainyar Raksa Lahar Gird Pirthipura-Niya Khera Babian Barwasagar Lidhora Palar Jarbo	Wednesday Friday Thursday Sunday Wednesday Wodnesday Monday Daily and cattle mart on Monday and Thurs-	Shri Mahodeoji Mansa Nath, Bhadon Sudi 3rd. Mahadeoji Phagun Badi 14th. Deviji-Kunwar and Ohait Sudi 9th. Deviji Chait Sudi 8th.	
Mau	Маи	Uldan Akseo Bamori Baragaon Bhadarwara Bhanpura Bruta Pulra Pirthipura Pirthipura	Tuesday Monday Thursday Friday Monday Thursday Thursday Saturday Friday		

				Cattle Market. (Town bazar daily).	
} Jal Bihar-Bhadon Sudi	Kedar Nath-Makar Sankrat and Asarb Sudi Puran Mashi.	Jal Bihar (Bhadon Sudi 12th about 16th September).	Fair of Gauraiya Mata- Asarh Sudi Puran- Mashi.	Jal Bihar Fair Bhadon Sudi 12th about 16th Sentember	1
Sunday Tuesday Wednesday Monday Sahurday Tuesday Wednesday Sunday Sunday Wednesday Sunday Sunday		Saturday Thursday Monday Tuesday Saturday Thursday	Friday Tuesday Sunday	Saturday and Sunday	Saturday Tuesday
Susurg a Paik	-	11:11() REPUTERS		••	::-
Pahari Busurg Patha Patha Tiktoli Ghurara Dhawakar Dhoma Banipur	Roni	Rora Rewan Ratausa Siaori Sijara Katera	Kagar Kheron Kakwara Gairaha	Mau Khas	Nota Hati

ø	rks.		4th. 5th. 6th. 7th. 9th.	
d fairs ar	Remarks.		Chait Badi 4th. Do. 5th. Do. 6th. Do. 8th. Do. 9th.	
List of villages and towns etc., in the Thansi district showing days on which markets and fairs are $held$ —(continued.)	Day or days on which . Name of fair and the date market held.	Deviji Durgaë	(1) Mahadeoji ka Mela (2) Kalindri ka Mela (3) Mata ka Mela (4) Hardol ka " (6) Katra (6) Dayagir Mahabirji-Chait Badi days. Mahabirji Chait Badi Badi Badi Badi Badi Badi Badi Badi	
ansi district showing days held—(continued.)	Day or days on which market held.	Menday and Tuesday Saturday Thursday Monday	Thursday Sunday and Wednesday	Saturday
is etc., in the Thansi o held—	Name of village or town.	Chirgaon	Pipra Moth Belwan Bharosa	Simthari
villages and town	'Name of pargana.		Moth	_
List of i	Name of tabsil		Moth	

	ч	:I:	h.	<u>.</u>		
Deviji.Chait Sudi Pu- ran Mashi.	Gushain Baba, Baisakh Sudi Puran Mashi.	Jal Bihar, Bhadon Sudi 12th and Ram Lila Magh.	On the 1st Tuesday after Nag Panchami.	Bishwa Mitraji, Katik Sudi Puran Mashi.		
Monday Saturday Thursday Monday Friday Thesday Sunday Wednesday	<	Tuesday	Monday and Thursday Saturday	Monday and Thursday Monday and Thursday.	Saturday Saturday Monday Friday Wednesday and Saturday and Saturday	Saturday
Singar Bamor Garhwai Garhwai Riyan Bhadarwara, Iskil Kakarbai Siya Dhikoli	Sutta	Garautha Kalan	Do. Khurd Turka Lachura Pandwah	Mahewa Eboni Gurha Erich	Mar Kuan	Gursenda
Garauths						

Garautha ...

List of a	villages and	town	ıs etc., in	the Thansi hele	List of villages and towns etc., in the Thansi district showing days on which markets and fairs are held—(concluded).	on which markets and	l fairs are
Name of tahsil.	Name of pargana.	г. gana,		Name of village or town,	Day or days on which market held.	Name of fair and the date on which the fair is held.	Remarks.
	Lalitpur	:	Lalitpur Khas Thanwara	Khas	Wednesday and Saturday.		
			Lagon Serwans Siron Khurd	HETTI	Monday Friday	Sant Nath, Chait and	
	Bansi	:	Nanaura Bansi	व जयन्	Tuesday Wednesday and Satur-	Dalbakli	
Lalitpur			Jakhora . Pura Kalan Pawa	9	Thursday Sunday	Pawaii. Achan Badi 2nd	
	Таївева	:	Kotra	: : : :	:	and 3rd. Bhourat Baba, Chait Badi 4th and ends to	
	Lalitpur	;	Birdba Talbehat	:::	Saturday Friday and Monday	and Puran Mashi. Piron-ka Mela, Bhadon Badi 9th to 11th	
	Talbehat	:	Batwaho	:	:	st). Nath, 14th	
			_			Latwan o days.	

Deva Baba, Chait Sudi 9th and 10th.	Audohor Saba, Makar. Shankrat 13th or 14th January. Pundwan ka Mela, Bashakha Sudi 10th (about 25th May).				Shankrat Pandwar—be. gins from Shankrat and ends after 4 days	Mahadeoji—Magh Be- sant Panchami,	
:	Tuesday	Sunday Saturday Monday	Sunday Sunday and Wednesday Friday and Monday Tuesday Wednesday	Sunday	Monday Sunday Friday	Thursday Friday Saturday Monday	Tuesday
Dhamkana	Pipra Dhoji	Pali Dongra Kalan Balabehat	Banpur Kailgawan Bar Bar Gugarwara Billa	Sindwaha	Mahroni Kumberi Gurlia	Narhat Dongra Kalan Madaura Saidpur Saunrai Barakehra	Markhera Kari Toran
:		:	:		:	:	
Talbehat		Balabehat	Banpur		Mahroni	Madaura	_
	Lalitpur				Mahroni		

List of Government Forest with their areas comprised in the Jhansi District including the Lalitpur sub-division.

	1 2007 000 07	icomorny the Later;	pur suo-c	1
Range.	Pargana.	Name of village.	Area in acres.	Description.
Jiansi	Jhansi	Babina Baghora Bangawan Barora Dhukwan Ganeshpura Ghisauli Lahar Thakurpura Maukna Manpur Nohra Pirthipura Pura Rasina Rasoi Saiyar Saikar Simaris Simraburi Sukhwan Thakurpura Koti Bajna Simraha Digara Ohamrowa Khailar Bhagwantpura Punaoli Dbikoli Sijwaha Jhansi Tukra	1,218·62 472·29 684·80 198·47 509·68 148·29 285·15 1,057·68 228·75 195·85 378·71 269·22 283·11 304·01 135·29 651·28 151·56 168·09 225·00 1,243·83 245·93 278·27 538·95 1260·75 580·69 925·15 229·03 617·92 490·77 414·23 925·64 124·75	Grass Runds.
		Total Jhansi Range.	14,719 • 43	
Mau Garautha.	M au Garautha.	Barora Ghat Lachura Ghurat Kachneo Kheri Khisni Buzurg Magarwara Rora Bhatpura Ganupura Magarpur Barmain Bhasneh (including Madhopura Itaura and Ranapura).	419.79 680.42 887.76 170.10 315.78 1,077.61 680.60 1,625.19 489.44 802.74 283.63 1,258.18	Reserved Forest.

List of Government Forest with their areas comprised in the Jhansi district including the Lalitpur sub-division.

	Pargana.	Name of village. Gurha Imlota	Area in acres.	Description.
Garautha.	Garanthy	Imlota	877.55	
	-(concld)	Kharwanch Ramora Tharro Moti Katra	485 · 38 230 · 26 673 · 36 435 · 68 2,268 · 93	Reserved Forest. —(concid.)
		Total Mau Garotha Range.	13,642.40	
Moth (Under Collector's charge.)	Moth	Amkhera Atariya Anpura Baghonia Balwan Bamhrauli Barahta Barol Barthori Bharora Bharatpura Dewal Dhamua Ghusgawan Imlia Jaunra Kargwan Karkos Khiria Nand Kumhrar Ladhari Ludhyai Mahewa Mirauna Moth Masauli Nand Khas Nand Pahari Nibi Nimonia Belmau Kumhari Belmau Kumhari Belmau Kumhari Rhaunra Ghat Bijta Buraoli Chelra Chhirauna	51·48 12·68 10·18 18·50 14·65 14·02 31·17 14·70 14·94 7·41 288·44 15·00 8·98 24·96 19·98 13·22 31·15 14·25 11·82 28·49 89·74 17·25 23·84 22·46 23·32 9·58 7·78 10·72 15·60 2·91 1·46 15·57 24·80 10·60 27·43 8·85	Reserved Forest.

List of Government Forest with their areas comprised in the Jhansi district including the Lalitpur sub-division.

Panga	Pargana.	Name of village.	Area in	Description.
Moth (Under Collector's charge.) —(concid.)	Pargana.	Chirga on Dabra Dabra Dabri Dedar Deora Pahari Parichha Patharra Patti Kumharra Pura Chirgaon Pura Nand Ram, Nagar Rarua Reo Sai Saina Saran Sanrai Sewri Shahpur Siya Sikri Salori Sogna Talaur Tanda	28.86 8.92 52.49 12.14 21.51 21.17 4.95 19.10 5.00 15.02 12.39 15.72 33.60 12.75 11.88 15.69 278.54 9.59 12.80 10.30 8.88 188.81 10.80 16.70 17.65 19.25	Reserved Forest—(concld.)
North Lalitpur.	Talbehat	Barma! Behar Shahpur Jharar Hinauta Thana Bangawan Kalan Kapur Khurd Kaprer Kalan Gugar Bhadona Rajawan Talbehat Karesra Pawa Nathi Khera Birdha Hissar Sanori Piprai Rajpur	1,875 80 834 00 184 00 168 00 50 00 115 00 298 00 24 00 75 00 64 00 57 00 101 00 526 42 151 00 576 00 1,993 00 1,577 00 1,330 00 207 00 276 00 1,052 00	Roserved Protected Forest.

List of Government Forest with their areas comprised in the Jhansi district including the Lalitpur sub-division.

Range.	Pargana.	Name of village.	Area in acres.	Description.
North,	Talbehat— (concld.)	Bijrotha Gulenda Lalove Jamalpur Sarkharı Mau Haraspur Pipra Chhimi	914·00 835·00 360·00 448·00 80·00 4,060·00 826·00	st.—(coneld.)
(concld.)	Banpur	Chhipai Baroda Dang Semra Dang Bamori Kharet Porone Bar Tori Larwari Kachnoda	362-00 2,671-00 281-00 296-00 310-00 590-00 152-00 281-00 202-00	Reserved Forest,—Conceld.
South Lalitpur.	Lalitpur Bålabehat.	Total North Lalitpur Range. Sairwans Dudhai Pian Bharauch Murari Chautraghat Balabehat Beoharpura Paterai Rasoi Hinota Bamori Bansa Umaria Wiran Bijori Danwar Chaubaro Pepronia Banspur Saipura Khalsa Maholi Kirroda Mamda Sukhpura Richha Deogarh Kuchdon Saipura Jamunia Chandpur Jehajpur Chauka	21,809·42 184·00 6,920·00 188·00 1911·00 812·00 4,558·00 501·00 1,428·00 310·00 6,510·00 6,510·00 2,377·00 197·00 229·00 541·00 698·00 753·00 499·00 593·00 176·00 1,100·00 680·00 328·00 114·00 795·00 114·00 698·00 795·00 1100·00 1100·00 1100·00 1100·00 1100·00 1105·00	Reserved Forest.

List of Government Forest with their areas comprised in the Jhansi district including the Lalitpur sub-division.

Range.	Pargana.	Name of village.	Area in acres.	Description.
South Lalityur. —(concld.)	Balabehat } Madaura	Garauli (north) Garauli (south) Amau Khera Lakhanjher Gonthra Papro Bangawan (north), Bangawan (south) Bandwa Solda Dhauri Sagor Madaupur (west) Nimkhera Barkhera Parol Patna Madanpur (east) Dorutala Amoda Bhonti Talgawan Barai Hadda Thangana Gona Patna Wiran Jetupura Kurrat Barwar Pisnari (north) Pisnari (south) Gora Kalan (Hansri) Uldana Sonrai Sarkora Sojna	294·00 499·00 280·00 3,714·00 3,710·00 1,486·00 497·00 642·00 1,425·00 2,145·05 264·00 5,497·00 2,135·05 264·00 582·00 1,500·00 1,500·00 317·30 294·00 2,284·56 592·00 1,814·00 889·00 2,284·56 692·00 1,814·00 2,284·56 692·00 1,814·00 2,284·56 692·00 1,814·00 2,284·56 692·00 1,816·00 1,816·00 1,816·00 1,816·00 1,816·00 1,816·00 1,816·00 1,816·00 1,816·00 1,916·00 1,916·00 1,096·00	Reserved Forest(concid.)
		Total South Lallt pur Range. Total Jhansi district,	38,592 • 56 120,689 • 61	

JALAUN.

Supplementary notes and statistics to

VOLUME XXV

OF THE

District Gazetteers of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.



ALLAHABAD:

Printed by F. Luker. Superintendent, Government Press, United Previnces.

1915.

PREFACE.

This brief supplement has been compiled by me under G. O. No. 1554/I-431, dated the 8th August That Government Order contemplates the printing of a volume B only, viz., a statistical appendix with notes; but I found, when I attempted the task. that a more comprehensive revision was necessary if the supplement was to be of any real service. Figures, where required for a single year only, have been given (or 1911-12) as required by paragraph for 1911 3 of the Government Order: but where a series is needed, I have not confined myself to a single decade from 1901, but have added the statistics for two more years, as it seemed pedantic to leave blank the columns for 1912 and 1913 when, in point of fact, figures for these years were actually available and were written in manuscript in the district copies of the Gazetteer.

Further, when it came to inserting notes to explain the statistics, I found that many events had occurred since the Gazetteer was printed, that these events, with corrections, annotations, and modifications, had been recorded by my predecessors and myself opposite the relevant portions of the text, and that the majority of these notes fell naturally into their places as commentaries on the text, and could not, without losing all their usefulness and interest, be abstracted into mere brief notes to the appendix. The text itself moreover contains, as it stands, numerous statements which are now inaccurate, and which urgently call for correction if the present revision is to be regarded as bringing the Gazetteer in any way up to date.

For these reasons I have compiled this supplement in its present form and have even made a few allusions to the current year, in the hope that the notes and additions may be of real service to readers of the Gazetteer. I have freely copied and compiled the manuscript notes made by my predecessors, and my acknowledgements are particularly due to Mr. L. M. Stubbs and Mr. A. C. Chatterjee.

ORAI: }

E. A. P.



		1		
Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
		Снарт	ER I.—GENE	RAL FEATURES.
1	Boundaries and area.	2	Allaha b a d division.	It belongs to the Jhansi division since 1st November 1911.
		3	"Area"	On 1st October 1914, 10 villages will be transferred to Jalaun from Jhansi district (vide Government notification no. 2759/I665, dated the 16th December 1913). This will affect the statistics, as regards pargana Kunch and police station Kailiya and the whole district, of boundaries, population, area, schools, roads, &c.
2	Natural di- visions.	4	"Of low hummocks."	Rather an under statement.
	General appearance.	3	"Ganget i c	This is doubtful.
3	Soils	11	"Almost white."	"Reddish" would be a better description.
		At end of page	" Rabi "	i. e. with irrigation.
		or page	"Connoting detera-	Read "connoting deteriorated."
4,	Proporti o n and compo- sition of soils.	Do.	***	See also the report of the Orai Experimental Farm, 1909-10 and 1910-11, in one issue.
	80118.	2	"Native"	i. e. Native States.
5	River system.	4	" Deep-bed- ded."	The Malanga is a very shallow stream (overflowing its banks in the rains) up to the point where the Jalaun-Bangra road is carried over it by a bridge.
	l	J [

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
	Chapter	I.—G	ENERAL FE	${ m ATURES}$ - (continued).
6	····	4,	"The Non"	The map misnames, but the two names Non and Malanga appear to be interchangeable.
7	The Betwa	3 and 4	"Bed is no longer strewn with rocks and boulders."	There are several near Kotra.
		9	"Fordable."	Except in the rains.
8	Drainage	12 End of para.	"Ravines" "The flood"	Which are covered with low jungle. It probably now runs off in ravines, &c.
9	Jungle	Do.	"Runds"	Rund Timron still exists but grass is not very abundant.
	Groves	3 6	"Practically unknown." " Mahuas''	An over statement. The Mahua is by no means very plentiful in the district. The Pipal and the Bargad grow fairly well if looked after a little. So does the tamarind. After Babul, Nim is the commonest tree. Jamun grows well on Parwa land and should be encouraged. The enemies to tree cultivation in the district besides climate are (1) white ants, (2) goats:—nearly every family keeps goats.
		End of para.	"And a few other places."	The road side avenues are fairly good, specially along the District Board metalled roads; but the old Millingtonia avenues should be gradually replaced.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
	Снартек	I.—G	ENERAL.FE	ATURES—(continued).
10	Precarious tracts.	6	"Its downy blossoms being carried miles by the wind and establishing it in fields hitherto exempt from its baneful action, and defies the efforts of the cultivator to eradicate it."	It is uncertain whether Kans spreads in this way. This weed only needs men and labour and unfortunately that is where Jalaun is deficient. Slackness in cultivation encourages the spread of Kans. The comparative utility of embanking and of digging is a matter of opinion. In the tamine of 1913-14 a lot of Act XIX takavi was distributed to eradicate "Kans," but digging was not deep or systematic, and a great deal of the money was used in other ways.
11	Experimental plantations.	End of para. Close of para	tation." "Forest offi-	apparent, besides the arrest of the formation of ravines (1) there was fodder (grass) available in the Kalpi plantation in the rainless July of 1911 when it was not to be had any where else in the neighbourhood: similarly in the fodder-famine of 1913; but it was sold to Grass Farm (Military). The mere fencing and reserving of the area in fact ensure both a luxuriant crop of grass and a steady growth and reproduction of "acacias" of various sorts. (2) A large number of pig shelter themselves in the jungle by day and devastate the crops of neighbouring villages by night.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
	Chapter	I.—G	ENERAL FE	ATURES - (continued).
12	Building materials.	5	"Rs. 7 per 100 cubic. feet."	The rate varies very much. The ravines are mostly at considerable distances from the metalled roads of the district hence the trouble in maintaining them.
ļ		End of para.	" Comm o n bricks"	Bricks are usually bad.
		Do.	"Tiles"	The flat tiles in common use in the district are notoriously good. It will be a good thing if the village potters are gradually taught to manufacture semicircular tiles.
	Fauna	4	"Found"	Read " frequent."
		6	"Gazelle"	Nilgai are also plentiful in places.
		End of para.	"Larger streams."	There are also said to be Sambhar along the Betwa.
		Do.	"Hares, &c."	Monkeys also abound.
	Birds	5	"Kinds of geese."	The spot-bill breeds here regularly.
13	Cattle	. 5	"Rs. 20 to Rs. 25."	Rs. 40 to Rs. 50 was probably nearer the mark in 1911, and prices were still higher in 1913. There is a market at Orai also.
		10	"Cattle market at Kunch."	Both these cattle markets yield a fair income to the municipalities and can be properly supervised. The market at Amkhera no longer exists. Attempts to start marts in the interior of the district should not be encouraged. A cattle market thrives at Rampura.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	No	otes u p	to da	te.	
	Chapter	I.—G	ENERAL FE	ATURES—	$\cdot (conti$	nued)		
		13	" Suffered "	Also from	cattle	diseas	se.	
14		4	" 84,326 plo- ugh ani- mals."				 -	ī ———
				1904-5.	Bulls and bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.	Cow buffaloes.
				Orai Jalaun Kalpi Kunch Total	27,606 20.926 18,087	14,078 17,874 18,872 10,071 60,890	1,806 1,205 532	5,381 14,866 8,249 9,885 37,881
			Harina a	Orai Jalaun Kalpi Kunch Total	22,802 16,968 13,693	9,256 12,519 11,553 6,314 89,642	858 288 193	5,108 13,684 7,642 7,528 88,952
				Cattle take is a most sistance t	desira	ble fo	rm o	fas-
	Horses	End of para.	" Breed of horses."	It would b	e quite	e usele	88.	
	Otber ani- mals.	8	" Ghi."	Very little goats' mil deficient i milk is co buffaloe r ghi.	k which in cre nsume	ch is e am. d, whi	xce e di The { le cov	ingly goats and
15	Other animals.	2	"They" viz., carts.		purj y good	poses carts	and can b	very

Page.	Heading	Line.	Words,	Names up to date.
	Снартек	I.—G	ENERAL FE	${ m ATURES-}(concluded).$
	Cattle disease.	8	"System of quarantine."	More could be done if it were really possible to prevent flaying of the beasts dead from disease and the sale of their hides.
		11	"Veterinary Assistant."	There are now two (1911).
	Climate	3	"Dry and chilly."	Except when it rains, when it is fearfully damp.
		9	"Rays of the sun."	The glare of the sun is the chief trouble in the hot weather here.
17	Diseases	4	"Fever"	A severe epidemic of fever (a kind of mixture, of malaria, pneumonia and remittent fever) raged throughout the south of the district during the hot weather (April—July) of 1911 causing heavy mortality among the poorer classes.
	Cholera			Cholera was rather bad in Kunch in 1913.
18	Smallpox	End of para.	"Increased mortality."	There is still very little re-vacci- nation in the district. This should be encouraged.
	Other diseases.	Middle of para.	"Plague"	Plague occurred in Itaura and Rura Addu in 1910, and also appeared near Hadrukh in March 1911 claiming about fifty victims in two months. Again in 1912-13 and 1913-14 it appeared and carried off large numbers of people, especially in Kunch town and neighbouring villages, e. g. Anda, Chandni, Chandurra, &c. Inhabited sites are freely and willingly evacuated, and inoculation is accepted if encouraged with tact.

Heading. Line. Words. Notes up to date. CHAPTER II.—A GRICUL T U RE AND COMMERCE. System of Agriculture. of page "Rice" Very rare, 1,000 acres are rally about the limit; but were 1,500 acres in 1911 a good crop. For some canal water was given of charge; but half rates levied in 1912. The rice is in the north-west corne the district, viz. round Market was given of charge; but half rates levied in 1912. The rice is in the north-west corner the district, viz. round Market was given of charge; but half rates levied in 1912. The rice is in the north-west corner the district, viz. round Market was given of charge; but half rates levied in 1912. The rice is in the north-west corner the district, viz. round Market was given of charge; but half rates levied in 1912.	there and time free were area er of
System of Agriculture. of page "Rice" Very rare, 1,000 acres are rally about the limit; but were 1,500 acres in 1911 a good crop. For some canal water was given of charge; but half rates levied in 1912. The rice is in the north-west corne the district, viz. round Market was recorded by the street of the district, viz. round Market was recorded by the street of the district, viz. round Market was recorded by the street of the district, viz. round Market was recorded by the street of the street was recorded by the street was r	there and time free were area er of
Agriculture. of page rally about the limit; but were 1,500 acres in 1911 a good crop. For some canal water was given of charge; but half rates levied in 1912. The rice is in the north-west corne the district, viz. round Ma	there and time free were area er of
garh and Kuthaund. Rie now discouraged, and consider given preference, under auspices of the Agricul Department (1913).	ice is otton r the
20 They are not called Muraos	here.
There are some, but the are larger than in most tricts. 7 of second para. 7 of second para. Whike other districts, all of are stalled in the village, not in sheds in the village In the village gapart, fields at any distance the village get no man Moreover owing to the lence of the Bundelkhandi the are not taken out to get till about 10 a.m. and reabout 4 p.m. End of Poppy " Poppy is not grown at all. seed and dhania (coris seed) are now becoming popen and fetch good prices. En are also being made to plarize groundnut.	discattle, and lands, far from nure. indo- i, cat- graze eturn Lin- ander pular fforts
are also being made to	ffort popu

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
Сн	APTER II.—A	GR I C	ULTURE AN	D COMMERCE—(continued).
24	Kharif crops.	End of para.	" Bajra "	In 1911 owing to the very late rain, there was a much larger area of bajra than of juar.
25	Cotton	8	" Rains"	Moreover too little or too heavy rain in September and October is disastrous to cotton.
		13	" Cotton "	In 1913 the Director of Land Records and Agriculture encouraged cotton, distributing selected "Rath" seed, and arranging for irrigation facilities. Considering the failure of the rains, this cotton did very well where it got enough canal water.
		End of para.	"Ready market."	Also in Kunch; moreover gins and presses exist at Kunch and Kalpi and also one (hardly ever worked) at Ait.
26	Other kharif crops.	6	"Cultivation of cane."	Agricultural officers think that groundnut on <i>Parwa</i> soil will pay the Jalaun tenant much better than sugarcane.
	Rabi crops	9	" Kathia "	Kathia is fast giving place to Pisiya now, and in many fields a mixture of Kathia and Pisiya is grown.
27		12	"Mingling differ ent plants."	In 1909, particularly in Kalpi tahsil, wheat failed to germinate very often, while gram did not.
		Middle of page		Linseed and Dhanya areas are increasing.

) ,		
Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
Сн	APTER II.—A	GR I C	ULTURE AN	D COMMERCE—(contiuned).
28	A 1	3	" Kusum "	Both Kusum and Al are quite extinct now in the district. Al trees survive in many places as curiosities.
29	The agricul- tural station at Orai.	5	" Representative,"	Only partially representative.
		9	"Ex per i- ments."	Zamindars and "honorary visi- tors" are asked once or twice a year to attend informal shows and demonstrations at the sta-
j		End of para.	"Station"	tion. A branch farm was started in 1913 at Madhogarh and various kinds of cotton, &c., sown with some success.
	Irrigation	End of page.	"Metho di- cally de- veloped."	Not as much as it should be. The popularity of "bandhis" grows very slowly and people are usually opposed to them on the black soils. In raviny tracts however, and to prevent erosion, they are appreciated. A great many such bandhis are being constructed as relief works under the Irrigation department during the current famine, 1913-14.
30		End of para.	"Only in tahsil Jalaun Kach-cha wells."	Some hundreds of kachcha wells were successfuly dug in Urkhara Kalan and other villages west of river Nun, near Mangraul in pargana Kalpi, with takavi, in the autumn of 1913.
31	The Betwa canal.	. 3	" Weir "	A second weir has now been added near Parichha.

		.	177 1	NT 1
Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
Сна	PTER II.—AG	RICU	LTURE AND	COMMERCE—(continued).
32		End of para.	"Completion of a second weir at Dukhwan."	This has now been done, but it was considered doubtful even then whether in a bad famine year there would be enough water for both harvests. This misgiving was entirely borne out by the experience of 1913-14: much water Was wasted in the kharif season and the supply of irrigation for rabi, was miserably disappointing. A third reservoir is badly needed.
35	Famine of 1868-69.	M id- dle of	" 1869 ''	Mr. White was Collector.
36	Famine of 1895-97.	para. B eg- in- n ing of	"1896-97"	Mr. Calnan was Collector.
39	Famine of 1905-6.	para. 12	"Collector"	Mr. F. J. Cooke.
40	Famine of 1907-08.	6 End of	"1907" "12,484,816"	Mr. R. L. H. Clarke was Collector. Viz. units.
44	Agricultural Banks.	page.	" Kalpi"	This branch has been abolished, but loans given out by it are still in course of realisation (1913).
45	•••	3	" Dealings"	Individual loans from the district bank are now discouraged, and a fair number of independent banks dealing with the district bank have already been formed: others are being gradually added.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
Сна	PTER II.—AG	RICU	LTURE AND	COMMERCE—(continued).
		4	"6 per cent."	Reduced to 5½ per cent.
		End of para.	" Jagnewa and Nagri."	Abolished in 1910.
46	Trade.	8 of para. 2	" Hedge "	The total disappearance of this hedge is remarkable. Traces of it appear to exist near Waoli. There are two bungalows, at Jagammanpur and Jalaun.
47	•••	Lower part of para. 2.	"Kunch"	Kunch is now the largest mart in the district, but its trade also is threatened by the progressive (?) policy of Gwalior which is building branch railways, deve- loping its small towns and has imposed protective duties, both on imports and exports, across our border; e.g. each head of cattle exported from Gwalior has to pay Rs. 2.
48		End of para, 2.	"Kotra, &c."	Exports of grain from Ait were 1,772 Mds. in 1909, 1,860 in 1908, and less before that.
		2	" Zamurdi."	A very small business and very poor indeed now; and most of the men who did it are either dead or very old or have taken to other work.
-		8	"Patterns."	The patterns are not local but are believed to come from Dattia and Sampthar.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
Сна	PTER II.—AG	RICU	LTURE AND	COMMERCE - (continued).
49	Factories	6	" Ait. "	The factory at Ait did not work at all in 1911-12, and only for a month in 1912-13. It cannot hold its own with Kunch, where the factory was doing well in 1912-13.
				Even Kunch factory (owned by Parsis) did very little in 1913-14, owing to failure of the rains and the shortage of cotton.
50	Communications.	4,	"Roads"	Even the metalled roads of the district get into a very bad condition in the rains. The unmetalled roads are then impassable, even in tahsil Jalaun. The needs of the district include an extension of the railway from Kunch to Jalaun and Madhogarh; and also, or alternatively, a metalled road from Kunch to Bangra and via Madhogarh to Kuthaund. This would open up the fertile land-locked parts of the district.
51	Railways	End of para.	" Out-agen- cies,"	Not now. Abolished in 1908 and 1909, and much of the trade of Madhogarh and Jalaun has been diverted to Auraiya.
	Roads	Mid- dle of para.	" Six "	This is a misprint; possibly 86 was meant; the present mileage totals 86.22, see appendix page XXVIII.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
	CHAPTER II.	-AG	RICULTURE	AND COMMERCE—(concld.).
52	Bungalows:	End of page.	"Kalpi to Hamirpur."	Not bridged, partially metalled.
		3 & 4	"Ata," "Ait" and "Madho- garh."	The bungalow at Ait has been repaired and is habitable but very small. Those at Ata and Somai are habitable but small. The bungalow at Madhogarh is only a wretched room on the top of the Tahsili school; but the District Board contemplates building a new Inspection bungalow there in 1914-15.
		7	"Ait"	Read "Air." The Canal bung- alows are clean and in good repair.
	Ferries.	9	"Rs. 6,500."	mostly swallowed up in main- tenance. The surplus if any is
53	Ferries.	2	"Shergar h- ghat."	given to the District Board. Managed by Etawah.
	Bridges.	End of para.	"Roadway."	Only for foot passengers. It would be a great convenience if a cart road could be maintained along this bridge.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
			CHAPTER III.	-THE PEOPLE.
57	Census	7	"General rise."	It is always high at harvest time; vide Census report. Figures for 1911 were:— Males 209,525, Females 195,250: Total 404775. This is an actual variation of 5,049 on the 1901 figures, or +1.3 per cent. The 1891-1901 variation was 8 per cent.
,	Towns and villages.	12	"Jalaun"	Jalaun tahsil has also much the largest area in the district.
58		7—12	"The mason- ry huildings, &c."	
	Migration.	6	"Immig- rants."	i. e. Harvesters.
		End of page.	. 1015U NIGH ST	i. e. to escape payments.
59	•••	3	"Emig- rants."	The people of Jalaun very seldom migrate to any distant places. The amount of postal money orders received from outside is very small. There is a very great contrast in this respect from the circumstances of the eastern districts. As a matter of fact emigration need not be encouraged except to the mills in Cawnpore, for the great want in most villages is a sufficient number of able-bodied workers.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
	Сна	PTER I	II.—THE PE	OPLE(continued).
59	Sex	End of para.	" Female in- fanticide."	Infanticide is not now active or general, and the provisions of the Act have been withdrawn: neglect of female children how- ever is common.
	Religion	Do.	"Centres of Muhamma- dan rule."	Also in some villages like Ait and Muhamadabad in pargana Orai, where the inhabitants are mostly converts from Hinduism. The weavers of Kotra and Saiyidnagar are also converts.
59	Christianity	1	" Europeans"	The unusually large European population was apparently due to Survey, &c.
60		3	"M. E. Church."	The M. E. Church centre is at Cawnpore. In 1913 the M. E. Church gave their figures as—Christian community 560 Male workers 18 Zanana 11 European Christians 0
		4	"Sub-di v i- sion."	"They call them "circuits."
		End of para.	"Court of the Sessions Judge."	Read "Police office."
		-	The Chaplain of Jhansi."	Read "an S. P. G. Chaplain from Cawnpore."
	Other denominations.	Middle of pa- ra,		Any such connection is highly doubtful. The Aryas and Christians appeal to entirely different classes.
61	Hindu castes	3	"No caste"	Probably mostly illegitimate persons.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
	Ch	APTER	III.—THE P	${f EOPLE}$ - (continued).
61	Chamars	2	" Lona Chamars."	The number of Lona Chamars appears to have been under-enumerated. They are really a quasi criminal tribe.
		7	"Own no land as pro- prietors."	With one or two possible exceptions.
32	Rajputs	Middle of pa-		And Lodhis.
	Sengars	ra. 1	"Sengars"	The Sengars occupy the north- western part of tahsil Jalaun, the Kachhwaha country is to the south of that of the Sengars.
		6 and 7	"Raja of Jagamman- pur.	See Tod's Rajasthan. At Fateh- pur there is believed to be an- other.
		Last line of pa-	"Kachhwa - has."	Sengars are slightly below Kachhwahas. A well-to-do Kachhwaha will not marry his daugh-
63	Kachhwahas	ge. 7	"Narwar"	ter to a Sengar. In Gwalior territory now; the site is old and is shown in one of the maps in V. Smith's Early History of India.
		10 and 11.	"Rajas of Rampura and Gopal- pura."	The Raja of Sikri (now dead) was also a Kachhwaha, and ranked next in these parts among Kachhwahas after Rampura and Gopulpura. The Raja of Machhand in the adjoining Gwalior territory is also a Kachhwaha.
64		6	"Jigni"	A small native state across the Betwa.
		End of para.	" Bundela "	The best known Bundela families are those of Pirauna and Amitha, and also the Raja of Beona (all in Kunch).

ත්	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
Page.	-			
	Сн	APTER	III.—THE P	EOPLE –(continued).
66	Other Hindu castes.	End of para.	" Gujars"	They have a close connection with Samthar (the chief of which is a Gujar). The Gujars call themselves Thakurs and own many villages. The Gujar Muafi holders of Hardoi (Orai) are a good family. Shamsher Bahadur of Sami, a scion of the Samthar family, who died in 1913, held some villages in the district. Roshan Singh of Bangra and Laiq Singh of Sahao are other representatives of Gujar Land holders.
67	Musalmans	End of para.	"Converted Rajputs."	The Musalman Rajputs at Muham- madabad were held to be so for the purposes of the Bundelkhand Land Alienation Act.
68	Lang u a g e and Litera- ture.	Do.	"Poet"	The tomb of a Hindi poet (Musalman) is pointed out at Kalpi, belonging to the Muhammadan period.
	Proprietary tenures.	Middle of pa- ra.	"Large pro- prietors."	Other exceptions are Manmohan Singh of Bangra and Musammat Neto Marwari of Pindari. Moreover the Rao of Gopalpura and the Raja of Jagamanpura own several zamindari villages.
70	Revenue free and Ubari estates.	Do.	"Ubari"	The word "Ubari" is now practically confined to the three "Jagirs" the rest are known as "muafidars."
71	Chief pro- prietors.	3	"Sahudra"	A Marwari lady of Pindari whose estate and business are managed by her son in law.
71	Khaksis	6	"Raja Rag- hunath Singh."	He died in October 1911 and has been succeeded by his widow Rani Harbans Kishori. She has a daughter and no son, but has power to adopt. She is a daughter of the Raja of Ramnagar

Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
Сн	APT <u>E</u> R	III.—THE P	EOPLE—(contiuned).
(Hardoi) " Beona"	1	"Son" "Raja Gov-	in Bara Banki. The estate is heavily indebted to Government and in a depressed condition and has been under Court of Wards management for nearly 20 years, and will probably continue so far a long time yet. Died in 1909. His son Raja Makund Singh is Raja, an unimportant person. He is a son in-law of the Khanpur family in Cawnpore and practically lives there; he has very little in Jalaun besides his hereditary title. Died in October 1913 and was succeeded by his son Raja Ragh-
1	5 End of para	"The Raja" "Son"	ubir Singh. Practically a small zamindar. Read "grandson Raghubir Singh" No. 6-7 Darbari list.
Jagama npur	I Midal.	"Raja Rup Sah."	Died in May 1911. His son Raja Lokendra Sah has since been confirmed in the Jagir.
•••	of para.	rresent	Read "last but one." Raja Loken- dra Sah succeeded in 1911.
	End of para.	"Retainers"	Forty in number.
Rampura	1	"Raja Ram Singh of Rampura"	He received a C. I. E. for famine 1907-8.
	4,	"Honorary Magistrate, resigned."	He was again invested for 5 years with 3rd class powers in Rempura except Tihar in 1908; but did nothing except sign his name. This period expired in 1913 and was not renewed.
	(Hardoi) "Beona" Jagama npur	(Hardoi) 1 "Beona" 1 End of para. Jagama npur 1 Middle of para. End of para. End of para. I	"Beona" 1 "Raja Govind Singh" 5 End of para. Jagama npur 1 "Raja Rup Sah." "Son" "Sah." "Middle of para. End of para. End of para. End of para. "Raja Ram Singh of Rampura." "Honorary Magistrate,

Page,	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
	Сн	APTER	III.—THE P	EOPLE—(contiuned).
		5	"Police force"	In 1914 this was abolished in all 3 jagirs; Gopalpura was amalgamated in police circle Rendhar, and Rampura and Jagamanpur were formed into a new police circle with regular provincial police, and police station at Rampura.
		6	Do.	The jagirdars also maintain their own schools and roads.
74	Gopalpura	End of para.	" Honorary Magistrate" " Civil pow- ers."	He has no civil powers now, and does no magisterial work: he is heavily indebted to Government, and lives too extravagently.
75	Cultivating castes.	5	" Kurmis and Lodhis."	Kachhis are laborious and successful cultivators, especially of vegetables, &c.: they irrigate from pakka wells when no one else takes the trouble to do anything at all.
77	Rents	1	" System "	The system of progressive rents is called "Sanbarhi." It is encouraged by the Collector in attached and Court of Wards Estates, where much land has been lying fallow: it is usual to begin with 4 annas a bigha for fallow, rising to 8 annas and Re. 1 in the following years.
		Middle of page.	" Nautor "	"Nautor" is recognised in a mar- ked way in the special rules of assessment for Bundelkhand.
79	Condition of people.	End of para.	" Habits "	It has been suggested that the in- dolent nature of the people is to a large extent the result of syphilis which is widely preva-

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
	Сн	APTER	III.—THE P	EOPLE—(concluded). lent in the district, and also to
		End of page.	" Warm"	malaria, or other latent disease; but the climate and the nature of the soil are probably at the bottom of it. There is no idea of ventilation in the houses even in rural tracts; hence the marked prevalence of pneumonia.
80		End of page.	" Milk " " Thrown off."	Specially goats milk. Partly at least.
			12114 E-10-1	्रे सने
			,	

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
Сна	PTER IV.—A	DMIN	ISTRATION	AND REVENUE
81	District staff	2	"Allahabad"	Read "Jhansi."
		3 5	"Two" "Raja Rup Sah."	Generally three. Died; his son has no such powers, and as those of the Raja of Rampura lapsed in 1913 and were not renewed, the Rao of Gopalpura is now the only Honorary Magis-
		End of para.	"District Engineer."	trate in the district. There are also an Executive Engineer, two sub-divisional officers and a deputy magistrate of Irrigation, also an Assistant manager, court of wards.
82	Formation of the district (Kalpi).	10	"Kharka"	On the Betwa.
84	Changes in administration.	End of para.	"Re-orga- nisation."	From 1st November 1911, Jalaun formed a part of the Jhansi division.
85	S u b-d i v i- sions.	1	"Jagaman pur, Rampura and Gopul-	Jagamanpur and Rampura are in Jalaun; Gopalpura in Kunch.
		End of para.	pura." "Three villages."	"Parasan is the most important of these. Pargana and tahsil are at present identical.
89	Early settlement of the Jalaun tract.	3	"Kanar"	(i. e. Kuthaund.)
90	UL CAU Us	End of page.	"Mr. P. J. White."	Mr. P. J. White was in this district off and on from 1863 to 1891 when he was transferred as Deputy Commissioner of Bara Banki. There he retired and died at Naini Tal.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
Сн	APTER IV.—A	DMIN	ISTRATION	AND REVENUE -(continued).
92	Resettle- ment of Kunch and	1	" Of Kunch"	Between "of" and "Kunch" insert "the Kanuni portions of."
102	Kalpi. The new settlements. Police station.	2	"Ordinary revision." "Coinci de with fiscal su b-di visions." "Five, Hadrukh, while those at Mau, Mohana and Saiyidn agar are third class." "Moh an a and Saiyid-nagar."	The first revision of Kunch and Orai took place in the cold weather of 1909-10 and actually yielded an increase which some have believed to have been unjustified. A lot of fallow land was apparently recorded as cultivated. The revision of Kalpi was due in 1910-11 but was postponed on account of the census and took place in 1911-12. Jalaun was done in 1912-13, and Kalpi had to be re-done, on account of a far-reaching mistake regarding established cultivation, in the same year. The second revision of Kunch was due in 1913-14, but was postponed on account of famine. Thirteen now, including Rampura. No, they don't and this is sometimes inconvenient. Read "four" for "five," Hadrukh, Mau, Mohana, and Saiyidnagar are now abolished.

<u> </u>		<u></u>	ſ	1
Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
Сна	PTER IVA	DMIN	ISTRATION	AND REVENUE-(continued).
СНА	FIER IV.	9 11 End of para.	" Mau " " Hadrukh " "Mau " "Hadrukh" "Jaisari Kalan."	Read "Kailya." Remove. Removed to Kailya. Abolished. Single circle formed with head quarters at Dakore. P. Orai-Dakore and part of Ait & Orai. P. Kalpi-Kalpi, Churkhi, Ata and part of Kuthaund P. Jalaun-Jalaun, Madhogarh and parts of Orai and Kuthaund. P. Kunch-Kunch, Kailya, Rendhar and part of Ait. Early in 1914 the Jagir police, after considerable enquiry and delay, was provincialised and regularised. One police station was established at Rampura,
103	Crime	Middle of	"Districts"	including the territories of Ram- pura and Jagamanpur, while Gopalpura was added to the police circle of Rendhar. Add "and native states."
104	Infanticide	page. End of	"Proviso"	All operations have been finally
105	Excise	para. End of para.		withdrawn now. In April 1911, the contract distillery system was introduced with bonded warehouses at Orai, Kunch and Jalaun. The Jagirdars also take liquor from these warehouses on special conditions. There were previously four, and are now three, Excise Inspectors working under the Assistant Commissioner of Excise at Jhansi. Their work and circles were rearranged in 1913.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
	CHAPTER IV	.—AD	MINISTRAT	ION AND REVENUE—(contd.).
	Hemp-drugs	End of page.	"License fees."	Tahsilwar settlement of drugs has been made with effect from April 1911.
106	Excise administration.	2	" A "	Three Inspectors now under Assistant Commissioner of Excise.
107	Registration.	Middle of para.		The Tahsildar is still ex-officion Sub-Registrar at Kalpi, but in Jalaun and Kunch Departmental Sub-Registrars have been appointed.
108	Postal arrange- ments.	End of para.	" Head office, &c.''	In 1912 Jhansi became Head office. There are now 6 sub-offices and 17 branch offices situated within the district, while a sub-office at Kadaura is administered as if it were in the district.
108	M unicipalities, Orai.	Bottom of page.	"Magistrate is ex-officio Chairman."	Not now: Pandit Gopal Das Sharma, Rai Sahib, was appointed non-official Chairman in 1913, and took over this office on 1st July 1913.
109		4,	"Octroi dues."	
	(Kalpi)	2	" Octroi"	Kalpi has circumstances and property tax, and tax on certain professions (e.g. grain brokers).
	(Kunch)	End of page.	"Income"	Kunch has circumstances and property tax, besides the cattle
		Begining & end of page.	bers."	

. Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
	CHAPTER IV	_AD	MINISTRAT	ION AND REVENUE—(concld.)
110	Act XX Towns.	1	" Act XX of 1856."	The town Areas Act came into force in 1914.
	District Board.	2	"District Board."	Tabsil sub-committees do a certain amount of work, and have certain powers and responsibilities under bye-laws (1913).
112	Schools	1	"Schools"	There has been a great expansion in all forms of education under the control of the district board within the last four years.
		3	"Sirsa Kallar."	The Sirsa Kalar Girls' School was a failure, and was removed to Jalaun; and that at Gohan to Madhogarh, 1914.
		End of para.	" Gopalpura.''	Gopalpura only maintains one, and that badly.
	Cattle	1	" Eighteen"	Now twenty-one (1913).
	pounds.	2	" Mohana."	Read "Dakore." Pounds have also been opened at Hardoi in tahsil Orai, and Bhend and Rendhar in tahsil Kunch in 1913-14.
113	1	2	" Beona."	Since removed to Kailia,
	Nazul	End of para.	"Kalpi"	The whole of the town of Kalpi has been declared nazul. There were interpellations in the Legislative Council about this in April 1911.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
141	Battle of Kunch.	End of para.	CHAPTER V "West"	
			My N	
			सत्यमेव जय	

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words	Notes up to date.
			DIRECTORY.	
145	Ait.	12	'Musalmans.''	The Sheikhs of Ait were formerly of some importance. Hatim Ali's estate is attached.
	Akberpur.	End of para. Middle of para. End of	partment." "Mara t h a Brahman."	Read "District Board." A very decent young B. A. named Balaji M. Laghate The temple is worth seeing, built
147	Babina	para.	" Unmetalled"	very anxious to have this road
	Bangra	6	" Prosper-	metalled: but the cost is prohibitive: the matter has been before Government more than once. Kunwar Manmohan Singh is heavily indebted, and has constantly to be relieved with "takavi."
		End of	manile -	The Rajputs and Gujars are at logger-heads. There is a large canal bungalow at Bangra.
148	Bhadek	1	"Village"	A fine bandh is being made here
149	Gopalpura.	Middle of para.	1	in the current famine (1914). The police station has been turned into an outpost, now that the Jagir territory has been incorporated in police circle Rendhar, with regular provincial police under the Superintendent of Police, 1914.
	Hadrukh	End of para.	station."	Removed since.
150	Jagamanpur	Do.	"School" "Honorary Magis- trate."	Read "boys school and a girls' school." The present Raja has no powers and is not a magistrate.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
		DI	RECTORY-	(continued).
			"contains."	Also a rest house belonging to the Raja.
			"A third class police station."	The police station was abolished in 1914, and the area included in the new circle of Rampura.
152		End of 2 n d	"Out-agency."	Not now.
157	Jalaun tahsil.	para.	"Hadrukh."	Read "Rampura."
	Kailia	Middle of para.	"It formerly constables."	Read "It contains a police station and a pound." A brand new Police station has just been built, and a school (abolished sometime ago) is to be re-started in the old building (1914).
160	Kalpi	2nd para.	" Mat h u r a Prasad."	Mathura Prasad is dead. He is said to have derived his wealth from the discovery of treasure in Kalpi: he certainly did not make it by pleading.
		3rd para.	" Beginning "	Formerly some manufacture of cloth and dyeing were done; also paper which is still made for Banyas books. Kalpi sweet stuff still has some reputation.
161	•••	End of page.	" Octroi du- ties."	Replaced in 1912 by profession tax and tax on circumstances and property.
162	•••	3	"Pound"	Also a dispensary, which is receiving a new building in 1913 and 1914.
		1		

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
		DI	RECTORY_	(continued).
166	Kalpi tahsil	End of para.	" Hot weather crops."	Also zaid crops in the Jumna bed.
167		Do.	"Thakur Jag- dish Pra- sad."	Read "Chaudhari Jagdish Prasad:" the owner is a minor.
168	• • •	Para 2, line 5.	"Metalled"	It does not now, and it is doubt- ful if it was ever metalled.
171	Khaksis	2	"Raja of Khaksis."	He died in October 1911.
172	Kunch	8 of para 2. Lower part of page.	"Govind Rao's tal." "School"	The bottom of it was dug out in a famine apparently. The new middle school is between the tank and the railway.
173	•••	End of para 2.	"Factory"	By the New Mofassil Company.
		4 of para 3.	"Two"	Now three; and a Girls' School has also been started (1914).
174	•••	2	"Octroi"	Replaced by a circumstances and property tax from April 1913.
181	Madhogarh	1	"Girls' School."	Failed, but revived again in 1914. There is a Christian Padri here, and the converts of the Madhogarh circle are put at 175. They belong to the American M. E. Mission, with its Superintendent at Cawnpore.

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
		DI	RECTORY.	(continued).
		Last line of para.	" Forced the prosperity."	Not since 1909. The Agricultural department started a branch farm here in 1913.
182	M au	1	"And a police station."	Moved to Kailya. The police station is now used as an outpost.
	Mohana	End of para.	"A third class police sta- tion."	Moved to Dakore.
!	Mohammada- bad.	End of page.	" Consisting of Lodhis."	There are some Musalmans harers, who are recorded in settlement as Rajput Musalmans.
183	Orai		" Sessions court, Judge's residence."	Read "Police office, District Surveyor's Office."
184		3	"Zila or High School."	Abandoned in 1913 and the building sold to Boys Christian Home Mission in 1914.
		End of para.	" Octroi dues "	Replaced in 1912 by house tax and tax on circumstances and property.
				The Municipality received its first non-official Chairman in 1913 in the person of Rai Sahib Pandit Gopal Das Sharma.
		1 of 3rd para.	"School"	A large new High School was constructed during 1912-15.
		3 do.	"Sessions court."	Read "police office."

Page.	Heading.	Line.	Words.	Notes up to date.
		DJ	RECTORY—	(concluded).
				Orai also contains a Sessions bungalow, Munsif's Court, and Sub-Registrar's Office; a Hospital, Dufferin Hospital and "Model" school for girls; an experimental farm, administered from Cawnpore, with necessary buildings and quarters; a Municipal office in the town and a bonded ware-house near the tahsil; besides residences for the Executive and Assistant Engineers of the Betwa Canal division, a residence for the District Surveyor, and a small club.
188	Orai tahsil		" Mohana and Saiyidnagar."	W2
189	Pirona	page. 5	" Contains	Add "and a school."
190	Rampura	7	"Maintains his own police."	Not now; regular provincial police under the Superintendent of Police was established here in 1914, the circle including the Jagir territories of Rampur and Jagamanpur.
	Rampura	End of para.	"Good game"	
	Rendhar	1	" Village "	A pound was started here in 1913.
	Saiyidnagar	7	" Zamurdi "	One or two shops still struggle on, but produce very poor, ordi- nary stuff, and very little of it, (1913).
191	Do.	End of para.	"Third class police station."	Now abolished.



सन्यमेव जयते

Gazetteer of Ialaun.

APPENDIX.



GAZETTEER OF JALAUN.

APPENDIX.

CONTENTS.

						PAGE
TABLE I.—Popula	tion by tahsi	ils, 19 11	••	••	••	i
TABLE II.—Popul	stion by than	as, 1911	**	••	••	ii
TABLE III Vital	statistics	••	••	••		ii
TABLE IV Deatl	ns according t	to cause	••	••		iv
TABLE V. Cultiva	tion and irri	gation, 131	19 Fasli	• •		1
TABLE VIPrinc	ipal crops by	tahsils				V
TABLE VIIOrin	ninal justice	••				
TABLE VIII.—Cog	nizable crime		• •		••	x i
TABLE IX.—Rever	nue demand s	t successiv	ze settlome	nts	••	x ii
TABLE XReven	ue and cesses	, for year o	of settleme	nt Fasli		x iii
TABLE XIExci	se	6222	225).	• •	••	x iv
TABLE XII - Star	nps	entia.	21/2			xv
TABLE XIII Inc	ome-tax		REAL.			xvi
TABLE XIV Inco	me tax by tal	bsils	1147565	.,	••	x vii
TABLE XV -Dist	riot board	SETTING.	33933			xix
TABLE XVI.—Mur	nicipalities	ONES	3809		• •	xx
TABLE XVII.—Dis	tribution of p	olice, 191	1.1.1			xxiii
TABLE XVIIIE	ducation	7.01 Y	X W X	• •		xxiv
List of Schools, 19	11-12	etata.	E178 22	.,	••	xxv
Roads, 1911		1137/8		.,	••	x xv iii
Ferries, 1911-12	••	Marsh Silver	30.54		••	xxix
Post-office's, 1911			and the same of		••	xxx
Market, 1911	••	सन्दर्भ	न जयते		• 6	xxxi
Pairs,	••			••	,	xxxii

Table I.—Population by taksils, 1911.

	Fema les	133	138	45	4	46	273
Others.	Males	12	155	192	42	59	344
	Females. Persons. Males. Females	11	293	121	88	105	617
	Fema les.	01	2,675	3,301	4,101	3,291	13,338
Musalmans.	Males.	6.	2,743	3,407	4,384	3,507	14,040
M	Persons.	æ	5,417	6,708	8,485	6,798	27,408
	Fomales.	7	25,643	85,413	73,264	47,283	181,609
Hindus.	Males.	9	27,107	37,702	80,344	49,988	195,141
	Persons.	ro	52,753	73,115	152,608	97,274	376,750
	Females.	4	28,459	98,759	77,409	50,623	195,250
Total.	Males.	က	30,004	41,185	84,782	53,554	209,525
	Parsons.	67	58,463	79,944	1,62,191	104,177	404,775
	_		:	:	•	:	:
	[absil.	-	Orai	Kalpi	Jalaun	Kunch	Total

Note:-On 1st October 1914, 10 villages will be transferred to Jalann from Jhansi district (vide Government notification no 2759-L-665 dated the 16-12-1913) see page 1.

TABLE II. - Population by Thanas, 1911.

	<u>.</u>	Total.			Hindus.		*	Mesalmans.			Others.	
Thans.	Persons.	us. Malcs.	Femules.	Females, Persons.	Males.	Females Persons.	Persons.	Males.	Females, Persons.	Persons.	Males.	Females
	74	· ~	-₩	13	9	7	œ	6	9.	Ħ	12	81
1. Ata	21,94	'		20,826	10,690	10,136	1,153	600	544	70	10	
2. Ait	28,960	60 14,686	14,274	27,315	13,814	13,471	1.573	803	770	22.5	68	88 9
Ų	27,4			26,664	13,879	12,785	748	393	355	27	14	10
4 Dakor	16,942	_	_	15,736	8,061	7,675	1,184	579	605	22	13	on .
ರ				5,584	2,896	2,688	240	119	121	ທີ	ದ	62
6. Jagamanpur	14,6			14,119	7,538	6.581	536	273	263		:	:
7. Jalaun	48,10	_		45,106	23,128	21,978	2,9.6	1,517	1,449	35	19	16
8. Kalpi	288			23,977	12,266	11,711	4,755	2,372	2,383	8	50	88
_	18,7			18,132	9,278	8 854	548	289	259	¥	21	ଛ
10. Kunch	42,906			58.417	19,695	18,722	4,450	2,304	2,146	đị:	21	18
Α,	43.25	_	_	40,505	21,334	19,171	2,700	1,403	1,298	15	90	
12. Madhogarh	40,36			38,789	20,318	18.471	1,551	802	749	22	14	80
13. Orui	29,58	_		25,737	13,319	12,418	3,546	1,808	1,738	247	130	117
14. Rendhar	22,75			106,12	11,469	10,522	804	415	386	ಣ	83	F
15. Rampura	14,53			13,852	7,426	6,426	654	355	66%	<u>.</u>	හ	4
Total	404 775	5 209 525	195 250	376 750	195 141	181 600	97 AUS	14.040	13.368	617	344	273
	:		2000		127 5211	200,101	204,	24.0(4.4	2005	;	,	2

Note.—See notes to page 102 of the text. In 1909 the police circles were reorganized and reduced in number to 12 besides one in each of the three jagirdars. These last were absorbed early in 1914; so from that year on wards the number will be 13. At the end of 1914 Kailia will receive 10 more viliages from district Jhansi.

TABLE III. - Vital Statistics.

			Births.				Deaths.		
Yea	r.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Rate per 1,000.	Total.	Males.	Females,	Rate per 1,000.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	.9
1901		17,404	8,984	8,420	43.53	12,381	6,652	5,729	80.97
1902		21,731	11,285	10,446	54·36	13.254	6,929	6,325	38·16
1903		20,750	10,665	10,085	51 . 91	20,038	10,386	9,702	50.18
1904		22,890	11 814	11,074	57.26	15,283	7,493	7,790	38 · 28
1905		19,484	10,198	9,286	48.74	13,309	6,670	6,689	38 • 29
190 6	••	12,958	6,717	6,241	32 • 41	32,280	16 506	15,774	80 · 75
1907	,,	16,616	8 700	7,916	41.56	19 140	10 061	9,079	47 88
1908		19.498	10,058	9.440	48.77	24 808	12,618	12,190	62.06
1909		13,500	7.042	6,458	38.77	12,251	6.569	5,682	30.62
1910	,,	16,635	8,626	8,009	41.62	18,639	7,266	6,373	34.12
1911		16,251	8,494	7,757	40.66	17 ,09 2	9.095	7,997	42·96
1912	••	19,161	9,888	9,273	47.84	14,806	7,659	7,147	86.58
1913		21,742	11,887	10,405	53.71	15,483	7,947	7,536	88 · 25
1914	••								
1915			!						
1916		1							
1917	• •								
1918			:						
1919	٠,								
1920			!						}
1921									
and so	on,					ļ			
					!			1	
		1					i		
			1						

Table IV.—Deaths according to cause.

				Potal deat	hs from—	•	
Year.		All causes.	Plague.	Cholera.	Small- pox,	Fe v er.	Bowel complaints
1		2	3	4	5	6	7
1901		12,381	•••	47	82	9,968	156
1902		13,254	8	72	67	10,174	162
1903		20, 038	2	251	100	15,187	279
1904		15,283	1,813		62	9,667	155
1905		13,309	1,524	TEST O	24	8,655	88
1906	• •	32,280	4	4,604	739	22,399	360
1907		19,14 0	1	2	5	16,608	91
1908		24,80 8	83	1,087	2	19,697	•111
1909		12,251	T/F	20		10,154	28
1 9 10		13,639	55	28		10,714	34
1911		17,092	55	1	\	13,818	+32
1912		14,806	701	342	18	10,429	50
1913		15,483	570	494	118	10,309	72
1914				1			
1915							
1916	٠.						
1917							
19 18							
1919							
1920							
1921							
and so on.							

[†] There was an unknown epidemic in March, April, May; possibly pneumonia in some form,

Table V.—Statistics of cultivation and irrigation, 1319 Fasli=1911-12.

1															
		Double gropped,		12	Acres.	4,801	8,592	17,730	10,081	41,204					
-			Total.	11	Acres.	94,745	120,456	181,849	148.305	545,355					
			Dry.	10	Acres.	89,005	105,830	154,388	138,370	487,643					
	ij		Other sources.	G.	Acres.	196	45	205	31	474					
	Cultivated.		Tanks.	&	Aores.	:	:	:	:	:					
		Irrigated	Wells.	•	Acres.	479	457	1,743	897	3,671					
		I Ganal.		9	Acres.	5,065	14,077	25,513	8,912	63,557					
			Total.	2	Acres.	5,740	14,576	27,461	9,935	67,712					
		Oulturable.		Ť	Aores.	61,680	60,500	47,410	33,853	203,443					
		Waste							ಣ	Aores.	40,041	78,226	40,179	34,031	192,477
		Total area		¢J	Acres.	196,466	259,182	269,438	216,189	941,275					
						:	;	:	:	:					
		Dargona ond tahail	T of Sans the			Orai	Kalpi	Jalaun	Kunch	Total					

TABLE VI.—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Orai.

	Sugar- cane	# ::: ::
	Ti	\$ 44 46 66 44 44 46 46 46 46 46 46 46 46
ָרָרָ.	Cotton and Arhar.	6,707 7,245 7,008 6,521 4,789 6,148 6,148 4,145 4,145
Kharif.	Bajra and Arbar.	8,093 7,779 8,675 7,429 8,404 8,344 5,314 5,309
	Jusr and Arhar.	12,301 25,411 10,557 21,655 21,655 14,765 19,231 5,463 11,384 10,508
	Total.	36,026 44,764 30,739 43,212 43,212 36,040 20,504 26,094 26,094 26,094
	Barley.	# 167 118 283 283 689 98 98 116 116 116 188
	Linseed.	2,056 2,056 748 1,924 6,023 9,146 14,131 20,724
Rabi.	Gram.	# 15,530 10,970 737 26,864 21,546 8,196 112,307 6,581 6,581
	Wheat alone and mixed.	* 38.837 38.837 9.559 19.005 38.376 38.376 38.376 38.376 38.376 38.386 3
	Total.	\$69,607 66,988 12,969 65,440 65,440 776,478 776,478
	Year.	Pasti.

Table VI.—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tubsil Kalpi—(continued).

	Rabi	-				Kh	Kharif.		
Wheat alone and mixed,	Gram,	Linseed	Barley.	Total,	Juar and Arhar,	Bajra snd Arhar,	Cotton and Arbar	Tii.	Sugar- cane,
1	*	स्वरण्डलात्त्र सद्यमेन जयते		*	~ [55]~	*	*	*	*
400	26,178 25,827 2,168	1.394 2,135 85	231 421 740	43,802 57,266 55,695	14,238 36,487 18,071	24,950 24,491 25.716	3,260 9,361 7,660	504 1,703 1,947	:
0 O 10	28,503 34,929	9,787 9,787	820 154	82,955 61,894	37,710 21,665	25,252 58,347 98,481	9,397 5 649	2,219 3,937	::
35,233 35,511 9,097	29,904 14,182 5,382	8,244 10,538	24.4	32,666 46,190 16,583	4,173 14,724 18,172	27,389 23,539 23,539	4,362,4 4,962,4	1,514 1,614 (82	:
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							

TABLE VI.-Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Jalaun-(continued).

	Sugar-	* 294 2517 2518 2568 302 1,040 1,040
	rii.	98 201 205 236 365 119 75 75
rif.	Cotton and arbar.	11,148 15,277 14,036 16,036 10,854 10,854 12,009 2,193 12,98 12,98 12,98 12,98
Kharif	Bajra and arhar.	24,105 26,440 30,642 22,531 26,104 28,104 38,045 26,381
	Juar and ardar.	* 27.915 59.181 2.05.33 50.05.39 50.700 57.88 86,071
	Total.	** 77,025 77,025 77,011 10,857 78,939 78,972 49,311 77,661
	Barley.	1,306 854 873 8639 803 196 590 47 47
	Linseed.	2,251 8,776 1,1823 11,603 14,660 25,382 26,382
Rabi.	Gram.	**************************************
	Wheat alone and mixed,	35,612 39,858 9,854 11,570 44,188 54,320 12,834 12,834
	Total,	85,909 89,867 27,048 79,048 79,048 116,085 116,085 117,208 39,630
	ij	.; ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
	Year.	Fash, 1309 1310 1312 1312 1314 1314 1316 1316 1319 1319 1319 1319 1319 1319

TABLE VI.—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Kunch—(concluded).

Table VII.—Criminal Justice.

	1 1	98	1	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	nder	Excise Act.	15	7 8 4 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
	Cases under-	Opium Act.	14	11 00 1 11 00 12 00 00 00 4 11 12 4
	Keeping	the peace.	13	48 68 68 68 68 68 10 11 68 68 68 68
	Bad	liveli- bood.	12	02 88 88 90 10 14 44 10 10 88 88 88 88
ect of—	- Carimino	trespass.	11	85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 8
Number of persons convicted or bound over in respect of-	Receiving	stokn property.	92	8 8 4 4 4 8 5 8 8 8 4 1 8 8 8 0 3 8
or bound o	Robbery	and dakaifi.	6	333334 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
victed		Theft.	œ	101 125 125 144 414 489 58 69 69 69 69
ereons con	Criminal	force and Theft. assault.	4	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0
er of pa	Cottle	theft.	9	122 144 166 100 100 100 133 133 88
Numb			ro	स्व्यमेन जयत
	Grice, no	affectine hurt. Rape.	4	ი ი 7 4 £ ი 8 8 4 8 დ 3 6
	Offences	affecting life.	ಾಧಿ	10 11 11 11 11 11 12 13 13 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14
	Offenoes against public	tran- quillity (Chapter VIII).	57	: 560 560 4118 2 12 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20
				g
	Year.		-	1901 1903 1903 1904 1906 1908 1910 1912 1912 1914

Year,	Suo Motu.	By orders of Magis- trate	Sent up	Tried.	Acquit-	Con-
1	2	1			dis- charged.	victed.
		3	4	5	6	7
1901	402		162	223	51	172
1902	386		153	237	55	182
1908	678	••	497	422	65	357
1904	457	E PROS	361	518	122	390
1905	1,229		617	848	643	205
1906	1,146	87	600	896	164	782
1907	783		430	521	62	459
1908	787	VIII	372	575	135	440
1909	522	FELL S	344	490	76	414
1910	500		325	439	67	872
1911	548		339	457	91	866
1912	589	सन्यभव	259	855	64	291
1913	556	••	465	349	35	314
1914	••					
1915	••					
1916	••					
1917	••					
1918	••					
and so on.						

Demand in 1692. 1886. 1873. TABLE IX.—Revenue demand at successive settlement. Year of settlement. 1863. No change. 1851. 1846. 1841. Pargana.

TABLE X.—Demand and cesses for year of settlement and subsequent revisions.

		3			Incidence per acre.	e per					
Pargana and Tabsil.	Where included in Ain-Akbari.	nent Cesses. Total	Jesses.	Total.	Culti-	Total.	First revision.	Second revision.	Third revision	Second Third Fourth Fifth revision revision revision	Fifth revision.
1	R	69	4	70	9	-	80	6	JO	11	12
			1	6		Ser.	Rs. a. p.				
Orai, 1318 F.	:	:	uzuua	T			(a) 1,46,321 11 6 Ccsses 14,846 2 0				
Kalpi, 1320 F.	:	:	जयने जयने				(b) 1,35,332 0 0 C3sses 13,538 4 0				
Jalaun, 1321 F.	:	:			;	347	(c) 2,80,453 6 2 Cesses 27,842 6 0				
Kunch, 1318 F.	•	:	::	:	:	;	(d) 2,68,774 9 0 Cesses 27,059 12 0				
Total	:	•	:	:	:	:	8,30,881 3 8 Gesses 81,286 8 0				

Nore.—(a) B. O. No. 874N/I.—593B, dated the 17th June 1910, to Commissioner, Allababad Division.
(b) B. O. No. 1903N/I.—700B, dated the 26th July 1912 and No. 1261N/I.—789B, dated the 27th June 1913, }
(c) B. O. No. 610N/I.—810B, dated 27th or 30th May 1913 and No. 2252N/I.—810B, dated 14th August 1913, }
(d) B. O. No. 874N/I.—593B, dated the 17th June 1910, to Commissioner, Aakabad Division.

 KI.—Excise.
TABLE]

chs	ס'	aniqO	18	100	12	14	10	2	တ	o,	g,	o,	음	읔	9	25							_
Number of shops for sale of—	*1	Druga	17	69	63	61	55	2	8	88	88	8	09	4	83	33							
1.	·ry spi-	tanoD etir	16	5	105	105	105	105	94	35	35	92	87	87	98	88							
Incidence of receipts per 10,000 of popu- lation from	*1	aniqO	15	Rs. 077	297	306	308	299	300	314	303	348	467	451	463	478							
neidence of receipts per 10,000 of popu- lation from	•	Drugs	14	Bs.	3 22	9	66.	208	172	169	122	125	133	134	169	218							
Inciden per 10 lat	-ai,1 gaib	onpid olo into tari	13	Rs,	499	583	645	456	427	191	471	388	545	530	809	1,049							
	Total char- ges.		12	Rs.	1.185	1,721	2,949	2,691	1,610	1,880	2,007	2,108	4,198	8,483	8,373	9,130							
	Total receipts.		11	B.3	33.887	37,047	40,710	37,855	35,044	36,874	34,956	33,608	44.627	43,532	54,574	69,896							
E	- d ta	Consu. Laoid	107	Mds. s.	24.10																		7
Opium.	-9091	Total stqi	6	Bs.	11.578	11,925	11,903	11,651	11,693	12,232	11,813	13 562	18,195	17,597	18,615	19,114			, e-um	•		-	
	tion in	-sdO ras.	œ	Mds. s.	- 6	5 35	5 36	av.	1 6	4 36	22 22	3 30	Εğ	10 H			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		_				
Drugs.	Consumption in maunds of	Gan- ja.	7	S. S.	3 63	40	45	4*	8 0	1.9	ηG	457								-			
	Total	ipts.	9	Bs.	2.833	2,349	3,649	8,024	869'9	6,684	4.773	4.892	5,167	5.221	8,024	8,729	-						
1.103 m	ori adq Abnəs	Receir bna	20	Bs.				_	10	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		•					
y spirits.	u! u	usmoD oit ollag	4		: ;		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	14 409L.P.	24,810	20,111						-	
Countr	•s4q	lieos A	60	Rs. 13 864	19,437	22,722	25,032	18,109	16,545	17 858	18 270	15 059	21,173	20,594	27,816	41,894	_			_			
-tol n	iori Biq ioupil r	recent Igie	84	Rs.	4	36	88	7	801	188	100	88	88	88	19	61		_					
	Years.		H-1														1914-15	OT-CTCT	1310-17	1917-18	1918-19	1918-20	1920-21

Note:—(1) In April 1911, the contracts distillery system was introduced with bounded warehouses at Orai, Knuch and Jalaan (vide Commissioner of Excise labtez No. 3996, shead the Srd December 1909, to Collector).

(2) The Jagridan sales that eliquor from these warehouses on special contracts (vide 63, O. No. 19/KIII—180, dated the 10th January 1911, to Board of Berenus, U. P.

(3) Tabsilwar settlement of drugs has been made with effect from April 1911 (vide 8. O. No. 81/V—EZZA-(7), dated the 1st March 1911, to Commissioner of Excise, U. P.

TABLE XII.—Stamps.

				${f R}$ e	ceipts from-	-	Motol.
	Ye	ar.		Non- judicial.	Court-fee including copies.	All sources.	Total charges.
		L		2	3	4	5
1901-02		• •	••	17,962	36,111	51,674	1,461
1902-03	••	••		17,428	32,108	50,171	1,477
1903-04	••	••		14,478	33,470	48,712	1,871
1904-05	••			14,070	30,335	45,165	1,414
1905-06	••	••		15,330	27,788	43,876	1,556
1906 07	••	••	1	14,129	35,779	50,606	1,256
1907-08			(3)	16,379	41,326	58,526	1,636
1908-09	••	••	- 6	18,198	36,841	55,722	1,438
1909-10	••	••	R	19,043	48,655	68,445	2,003
1910-11	• •	••		15,289	45,776	61,792	1,542
1911-12	••	••	\$	15,539	41,526	57,716	1,963
1912-13	• •	••	- 0	15,396	45,795	62,228	1,619
1913-14		••		17,951	41,754	60,446	1,785
1914-15	••			सन्धमन ज	(4		,
and so or	1.						
				1			
					İ		
				1			
				ļ]

Table XIII.—Incometax.

Year.			compenies.	nies.	companies.	ries.		Other sources, Part IV.	es, Part I		Total	Objection Part	Objections under Part IV.
	i.	Total receipts					Under Rs.	Rs. 2,000.	Over Rs.	2,000,	charges.	V	Wholly
			Asses-	Tax.	Asses.	Tax.	A sses.	Tax.	Asses-	Tax.		filed.	success- ful.
	1	63	63	4	70	9	7	æ	ರಾ	0.0	11	12	139
		జ్ఞ	B	2	Rs.	R.,	B.	Bs.	Rs.	E.	<u>بر</u>	183.	Rs.
		1	· ·		0		635	10.389	19	5.170	12	196	57
1901-02	:	1,990	:	स		1	98	10,775	62	5,285	2	106	유 :
1902-03	:	19,679	:		を記して		200	5,376	64	5,642	55	143	72
1903-04	:	10,01	:	À	A Shows	1	224	5,967	69	5,988	102	8	1 18
1904-05	:	10,40	:	P P	1000 H		191	5,132	69	5,749	35	86	42
1905-03	:	14,000	:			1	167	4.679	62	5,327	20	54	13
1906-07	: :	1,2001	:	4			681	5,117	19	5,794	57	:	:
20-106	:	12 303	:	à		7	187	5.083	6 9	6,340	99	109	13
1908-09	:	11,092	:	:)	:	080	5 0 sc	63	5,863	20	- 3 6	9 80
1909-10	:	10,934	:	:	:	:	200	5.449	56	5.475	:	88	17
1910-11	:	10,950	:	:	:	:	100	5 164	99	5.791	13	78	16
1911–12	:	11,067	:	:	:	:	20%	2,830	82	5,737	:		6
1912-13	:	11,180	:	:	: :	:	272	5,718	22	5,758	26		91
1914-15	:	-	:	:	;								
1915–16													
1916-17	:												
1917-18	:	~-											
1918-19	:			_									
1919-20	:											_	
1920-21	:										_		
192122	:										_	_	

Table XIV. - Income tax by Tuhsils (Part IV only).

·		Tabsil	Orai.				Tahsil I	Kunch.	
		nder 2,000		ver 2,000.			der 2,000.		7er 2,000.
Year.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Years.	Assesses.	Таж,	Assesses.	Tax.
1	2	8	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
		Rs		Rs.			Rs.		Rs.
1901-02	106	1,570	17	1,212	1901-02	207	3,418	14	1,556
1902-03	109	1,647	18	1,300	1902-03	213	3,476	15	1,640
1903-04	26	723	18	1,396	1903-04	61	1,568	16	1,873
1904-05	28	775	17	1,855	1904-05	68	1,714	19	2,059
1905-06	26	703	18	1,381	1905-06	65	1,644	18	1,632
1906-07	24	755	17	1,329	1906-07	44	1,242	16	1,728
1907-08	28	815	17	1,287	1907- 0 8	50	1,345	16	2,348
1908-09	3 3	968	15	1,316	1908-09	48	1,282	18	2,069
1909-10	26	709	18	1,478	1909-10	52	1,390	15	1,967
1910-11	28	809	15	1,190	1910-11	51	1,443	14	2,082
1911-12	29	808	17	1,259	1911-1 2	42	1,040	15	1,263
1912-13	87	996	14	1,059	1912-13	51	1,382	16	2,217
1913-14	42	1,162	13	1,001	1913-14	59	1,557	15	2,227
1914-15					1914-15				
1915-16	<u> </u>				1915-1 6				
and so on		[[and so on.			1	
					1				
					1				
4	<u> </u>						j	<u> </u>	

Table XIV.—Income-tax by Tahsils (Part IV only).

		Tahsil.	Jalaun.		i		Tahsil		
**	Uı Rs.	nder 2,000.)ver 2,000.		U Rs.	nder 2,000.	0	ver 2,000.
Year.	Assesses.	Tax.	Assesses.	Tax.	Year.	Assessees.	Tax.	A6sessees.	Tax.
1	2	3	4	5	1	2	3	4	5
		Rs.		Rs.			Rs.		Rs.
1901-02	201	3,424	20	1,587	1901-02	121	1,977	10	865
1902 03	209	3,533	19	1,485	19 0 2-03	129	2,116	10	861
1903-04	65	1,852	20	1,484	1903-04	48	1,233	10	889
1904-05	82	2,237	23	1,652	1904.05	46	1,241	10	922
1905-06	66	1,901	23	1,645	1905-06	34	884	15	1,091
1906-07	68	1,888	15	1,156	1906-07	31	794	14	1,114
1907-08	78	2,152	13	1,109	1907-08	33	805	15	1,050
1908 09	72	1,903	19	1,520	1908-09	34	930	17	1,435
1909-10	79	2,068	16	1,281	1909-10	32	854	14	1,187
1910-11	81	2,176	12	1019	1910-11	40	1,021	15	1,184
1911-12	74	1,945	12	984	1911-12	50	1,871	16	2, 285
1912-13	74	2,045	11	922	1912-13	89	967	17	1,539
1913-14	68	1,886	11	968	1918-14	43	1,113	18	1 562
1914-15			:		1914-15				
and so					and so		}		
						Ì		Ì	
				!				-	
-				:				1	
								İ	
<u> </u>			-				}		

TABLE XV. - District Board.

				Receipts	ya'						国	Expenditure.	ture.				l
Years	Edu-	Medi-	Scien- tific,	Mis- cella- neous.	Civil works.	Civil Pounds.	Fer-	Total expend:- ture.	Contri- butions to pro- vincial funds.	General ad- minis- tra- tion.	Edu- ca- tion.	Medi-	Scien- tific, &c.	Mis- cella- neous.	Civil works.	Pounds.	Debt.
1	61	63	4	70	9	4	8	6	10	11	13	13	14	13	16	17	18
	Bs	88	Rs.	Rs.	Bs.	Rs.	Bs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	B.	B.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Bs.
90,100,	1 000			706		5.186	1.559	88.648	4	1,474	17,622		:	49	57,123	1,790	8
1901-02	00,0	9,022	:	826	1,450		3.272		0	1,884	20,735	9,617	:	3	60,545		9
1802-09	100		:	0.43		5.087	<u>u</u>			1.870	22.852	11,516			49,809	1,382	006
1903-04	100	1070	:	334				-		1,928	24,425	16.962	107	113	61,745	1,586	1,415
1904	2 0 0 7		:	976	_			11.32,909	8	2.000	28,986	14,177			83.954	1,635	1,323
1300-00FT	4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		:	1 6	1,000	4.055		3 844 1, 12,033	8	2,235	31,964 13,025	13,025		340	61,253	1,808	906
1900-00	4,010		:	808				1 873 1.49 487		3,212	36,108	13,206			87.911	2,287	6,090
1907-08	4.014		:	100	1 4		-	1.48 023		3,443	37,210	14,614			89,551		:
1908-09	906,4	4, .	:	200			-	9 506 1 34 410	Ó	3.178	37.207	13,592			76,866	2,280	:
1909-10	4,048	•	:	91 500	Č	i di		9 856 1 03 494	ì	3,107	31.321	14.505			51,051		:
1910-11	8,656	_		27.0.72	20,019			E2E,000,1,000.2	?	2019	90 987	99 987 14 900			74.683		:
1911-12	30,456		97	841	841 29,480		, v , v , v	1 10 500	:	9,040	30,676	30.676 15.647			66.138		
1912-13	33,655			1,938	3.34,193	'	2,518	2,5191,19 520	:	000	0.00	602		609	280		
1913-14	62,130	16,406		316	619,93	17,685	2.417	1,46,892	:	122,0	620,20	44,000			200,45		:
1914-15				•••••													
1915-16																	
1916-17			_									_					
1917-18												_					
1918-19																	
1919-20																	
1920-21																	
1921-22																	_
	_						_										

Norg.-From 1910-11 onwards Provincial Contributions are included.

TABLE XVI.-Municipality of Orai.

ı – .						4 ;	Ť S	29	3 6	7 7	₹ (2 8	7 6	9	į į	0 0	#00°		_	_				_		-
		Total.	18	R3.	9,781			r T	7,7	5 C	13,000	4,0	4.	11,33	5 i	20,1	ē,					_				
	head	Осрвъ	12	ž.	837	1,156	1.034	0.00	2,200	162,2	27.7.6 2.7.6 2.7.6 2.7.6	2,150	Z,007	1 830	7,007	1,30.	o Ri	_								_
		Pubiid tourt	16	Ra,	725	9 6	000	1,024	1,610	200	200	020	1,88U	200	070	110	661									
		Pub	15	Rs.	2,214	2,084	2,130	0.47	710	4/0	513 113	70/	97.5	35	410	406	3,967									
ıre.	-nəqsi	itqsoH b bna seiras	14	Bs.	299	299	SS 2	200	1,349	583	1,169	202	328	663	299	66.	68 78 78									
Expenditure.	-TIVAJ	Consci ey.	13	Rs.	2,001	2,238	7,77	2,115	20,00	6,000 1000 1000	4,567	5,495	3	3,756	4,635	4,850	9,116									_
EX	.agau;	-nisM -not .eons	12	B.	124	140	1,496	267	176	147	0/.6	1,041	1,000	900		25	1,768									
	Water-surpay and drainage.	Capi-	11	Rs.	6	•	828	 	200	770	19		464	}	:		9 68									
	-91 .s s	Publio	01	B.	1,455	1,481	1,360	1,745	1,179	27.2	734	89.5	1,177	894	817	668	1,163		-							i
	ឯជន	Admin tion collect taxes.	<u></u>	Ro.	1,826	1,550	1,800	1,963	2,184	2,168	2,537	2,826	2,923	8,119	2,565	1,854	1,684							* *****		•
\ 		Total.	æ	В	10,355	10,639	14,750	11,280	12,810	18,287	13,249	12,910	11,653	12,194	11,573	12,646	17,065	-1	_							
	-anos	ofper o	-	Ř	3811	3.626	6 523	3,496	3,482	3 423	3 095	2 911	2.784	2,991	2.787	3.546	9,546									_
		Loans	9	Á	:	;	;	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;									
		Rents.	10	P.	518	829	821	458	648	038 —	893	1,143	1,186	1 075	1,144	1,051	1,842	1								
Income,	·sext	ј чөД‡О	4	Br.	;	: : 	:	:	:	:	418	444	4:7	407	372	3,680	5,258									
Ä		по хя Г Бия зэв	8	Å	601	645	853	856	945	919	086	905	745	812	782	1.050	1,219									
		.io1toO	51	R.	5 405	5,810	6.558	6,430	7,786	8,055	7,913	7,607	6,481	6.908	6,488	8,318	:	:	:							
		Year.	1		1901-02	1902-03	1903-04	1504-05	1905-06	1906-07	1907-08	1908-09	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12	1912-13	1913-14	1914-16	1915-16	1016-17	1917-18	1018-19	1919-20	1920-21	1921-22	

Nour.—Octroi abolished under Government notification No. £596/XI—D. T., dated 16th, July 1912, with effect from 1st August 1912.

(See pages 108-109.)

Table XVI.—Municipality of Kalpi.

			겁	Income.								Expenditure,	ditare,				
Year.	Octroi.	Tax on houses and lands.	Other taxes.	Other Rents Loans.	Loans.	Other sour- ces.	Total,	Adminis- Water traticn Public and drade collection of safety. Capitals.	Public safety.	Water supply and drainage. Capi. Main. tental. ance	supply sinage. Main. ten-	Con- tals ser- and vancy. dispensaries.		Public works.	Public ins- truc- tion.	Other heads.	Total.
H	64	တ	4	r3	9	1-	x	6	30	=	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
901-02	14,972	:	372	929	:	1,372	17,343	3,790	2.673	289	684	2,309	288	458	1,130	1,089	12.710
.902-03	9,819	:	21.	809	;	1 646	12.292	3,576	2,350	486	1,483	2 449	288 288	1,209	955	2,409	15,705
1903-04	9,170	:	1,024	469	:	2.865	13,528	3,756	2,477	140	1,244	2,060	888	1 623	821	1,286	13 72
1904-05.	8,809	:	1,561	938	:	2.622	13,818	2,994	2,450	982	7.96	3,401	288	1,926	864	663	13,894
1905-06	6.279	:	931	698	:	1,568	9,647	1	1,634	350	2 2 3	3,729	900	1,300	870	1,312	12.705
1906-07.	8,968	:	1,312	3 3	:	1,113	12,995	Ĭ.	433	867	621	3,551	200	1,212	921	1.892	11,638
1807-08.	808.	:	2,37.0	166	:	1,007	12,789	6,1		1,500	231	6,435	086	1,126	1,056	947	08'7'
1808-03	200°, 1	:	1,108	600	:	1,000	11,967	V	1777	444	2 2	0,000	206	£ 6	1,078	1,135	12,47
1908-10.	080,7	:		3 6	:	9 100	14 164	9 6 9 6 9 6 9 6	0.11	20.00	2 6	0,202	007	200 T	1.078	19161	12,031
11.11	0 2000	:	1924	1016	:	0,102	19 747		203	000	9	0000	000	000	1,132	2000	101
1919.13	2000	:	3,330	944	:	610.5	15,756		844	106	021	000	88	1,000	1,410	500	11,835
018.74	\$:	2000	202	:	14.647	19.959	1 6	0.50	000	, Y	2,780	886	, c 2, c 2, z 2, z 2, z	1,000	280	18,008
1914-15 1915-16	•	•	3		:	i i				3		2	}	5	77	600-1-	
1917-18. 1918-19.																	
1919-20 1920-21																	
and so on.																	

Norg. — Cetral abolished under Government rotification No. 2751/XI.—D. T. dated 22nd July 1912, with effect from 1st August 1912. (See page 109.)

			In	Income.							Ex	Expenditure.	ire.				
Year.		no bna a	'səxuq			-Inos		bns noit	1 —	Water supply drainage	pply and	•Копеа	-sip			heada.	
	Octroi.	rsT enod sbusi	Офрек	Rents.	.enso.I	Отрет сев.	Total,	nimbA noit nelloo ast to	d n q jelss	Capital.	Main- tenance	тэвиоО	iqsoH bns snaq	ь и р Бир	oildu genet	Осрец	.[stoT
П	63	က	₹	ಹ	9	-	s	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	91	17	18
	B.	R.	R.	Rs.	3	Rs.	œ.	强	RS.	Bs.	Rs.	Bs.	R.	RB.	Ŗš.	Rg.	E
901-02	14.603	:	2,028	630	:	2,879	20,140	4,308	2,663	631	499	1,879	449	3,498	1,718	2,584	18,229
1902-03	14,055	:	2,125	919	:	3,272	890,03	4,700	2,846	8	419	2,679		1,912	1,823	2.466 17,877	17,87
1903-04	12,902	:	2,054	734	:	6,065	21,755	5,122	2,913		1,157	4,542		2,349	1,699	3,043 22,186	22,18
904-05	8,531	:	1,297	744	:	7,206	17,778	4,097	3,524		455	3,533		6,146	898	1,933	22,7
909-06	11,502	:	1,778	752	:	18,459	32,471	Ŋ.).	2,246	30	301	4,928		1,879	929	3,275	21,36
1906-07	15,587	:	2,259	653	:	6,446	6,446 24,945	A	1,237	1,180	SOT ,	0,0		1,027	46.0	13,317	28,51
80-406	11,362	:	1,622	939	:	4,910	18,833	ì	1,449	9	266,1	7,113		6,932	913	1,592	31,53
1908-09	10,106	:	1,545	166	:	6,443	18,082	W	6,740	Ĥέ	1,271	6,149		2,189		1,634	27,81
1909-10	11,877	:	1,677	1,064	:	5,142	19,700	V.	1,460	d	259	5,523		1,268	383	1,511	17,83
11-0161	9,984	:	2,325	1,140	:	7,881	21,330	5,052	1,683	9£	268	5,168		2,561		1,796	20,19
1911-12	9,276	:	1,939	1,083		8,553	20,820	4,348	1,434	S	569	5,136		151		1,895	15,34
	9,169		2,244	1,176	:	7,633	20,222	4.338	1,453	732	351	5,615		1,914	1,095	1,671	17,84
		1.543	8,199	1,374	:	19,572	30,688	3,651	2,119		1,669	5,608		5,241		1,594	23,974
1914-15	,							,				,				•	
1916-16			1														
1916-17																	
1917.18												_		-			_
1918-19																	
1919-20																	
1000																	
1921.99									_								
•																	
2						_							_	_			

(See page 109.)

Т	ABL	E XV	II.— <i>1</i>	Distrib	ution	of P	olice,	1911.	
Thana.		Inspector,	Sub-inspectors.	Head constable.	Constables.	Town police.	Rural police.	Road police.	Remarks.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Orai	••	1	2	8	24	.,	71	10	
Ait	••		1	2	14	••	90	9	O. P. Ingoi.
Kalpi	••	••	1	5	38		61	6	Do. Babina.
Churkhi	••	••	1	1	10	••	86	2	
Ata		••	1		10	2	72	13	
Jalaun	••	••	19	1	10	18	182	18	
Kuthond	••	••	1	1	9		147	8	
Dakore	••	••	1	1	9	%	5 6	••	
Madhogarh	••	••	1	3	18	9	102	13	Do. Megni and Supa.
Kunch		••	2	4	46	15	79	16	sud pa ba.
Kailia	••		1	3	17		67	16	Do, Mau and Sonaya.
Rendhar	••		1	3	18	112	80	10	Do. Bangra a n d
Armed reserve		1	1	24	150	প্র			Parawar.
Civil reserve	••	1	5	9	63				
			í						

Note:—(1) Mohana and Mao removed to Dokore and Kailiya respectively (and Hadrukh and Saiyidnagar, abolished (vide G. O. No. 25/VIII. 473, dated 6th January 1909).

(2) Early in 1914 the Jagir police were provincialised and a single police station was established at Rampura for Rampura and Jagamanpura, while Gopalpur was absorbed in police circle Rendhar (vide G. O. No. 665/VIII—297, dated 24th May 1913).

TABLE XVIII-Education.

		r	otal.		Second	iary edu	cation.	Prima	ry educ	ation.
Year.		d col-	Seho	lars.		Scho	lars,	-	Soho	olars,
		Sohools and colleges.	Males,	Femules.	Schools.	Males.	Females.	Schools.	Males.	Females.
1		2	8	4	.5	. 6	7	8	9	10
1901-02	••	109	3,987	27	7	769		101	3,193	27
1902-03		153	4,991	194	7	803	••.	146	4,188	194
1903-04	••	139	4,854	271	6	800	6	133	4,054	265
1904-05	••	130	4, 529	224	37	896		123	3,683	224
1905-06	••	138	5,055	483	8	1,073	16	130	3,982	467
1906-07	••	182	5,855	336	7	1,034	24	175	4,821	312
1907-08	••	178	6,403	300	7	694		171	5,709	300
1908-09	••	137	5,675	241	7	680		130	4,995	241
1909-10	••	131	5,744	243	7	755		124	4,989	243
1910-11	.,	128	6,462		6	626		122	5,548	288
1911-12	••	127	6,796	326	6	692	••	121	6,104	326
1912-18		148	6,699	316	6	632		142	6,067	316
1913-14		15 2	7,010	461	6	689		14;	6,321	461
1914- 15	••									
1915–16							i			
1916–17	••									
1917 -18		ļ					ļ			
1918– 19	••									
1919-20										
								i		
		į					ĺ			
				į						
										

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911-12.

Tahs	il.	Name of school.	Class.	Average attend- ance.
		Orai	. Vernacular final	152
		***	. Lower primary municipal	85
	- 4	Do		47
	}		. Upper primary	102
	- 1	1 1 1 1	Ditto	71 81
		37	Ditto	48
	į	1	. Lower primary	87
		TP 1	. Ditto	87
			. Ditto	30
Orai	J	mr	· Ditto	34
Orai	••)	47	. Upper primary Lower primary	59 52
		et 33	. Lower primary Upper primary	61
		as a sunadahad	. Lower primary	51
		Minaurah	. Ditto	20
	- 1		Ditto	24
			Ditto aided	18 17
		84256	MCCASSONE AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND	89
	-	To become	Ditto aided	54
	(. Ditto	26
	,		. Vernacular final	97
	1		. Lower primary municipal	91
	1		Ditto	91 24
		(Charalela)	. Municipal girls' school Upper primary	60
		Ata	Ditto	59
	1	Musmaria	T-111	53
	ļ	Babina	. Ditto	64
		0	Ditto	75
	-	1 44	Lower primary Ditto	34 23
ζ a lpi	J	D. L.:	Ditto	62 62
-r-r	••)	TT	Ditto	88
		Damras	. Upper primay school	52
	}	Bhadrekhi	. Lower primary	20
	1	***	Ditto Ditto aided	37 26
	-	Daniel	D:44.	20 24
		Commod	Ditto	30
		TZ	Ditto	28
		Raipur	. Ditto	32
	/	Rirua	. Ditto	23
	,		. Vernacular final	126
	- 1	Ditto	. Lower primary branch	143
Ta 1a	- 1	Umari	. Vernacular final	77
Jalaun	•• (Ditto	74 105
)		Lower primary branch Ditto	103 34

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911-12.

Tahsil.	Name of school.	Class.	Average attend- ance.
Jalaun— (concluded).	Sahao Jignewa Sikri Orekhi Kharra Sirsa kalar Vaoli Hadrukh Kuthond Gohan Shekhpur Buzurg Mijhona Ramai Amkhera Bhadekh Sarawan Gorabhupka Harauli Sirsadogarhi Marori Jagatpur Kailor Dhanaurah Eton Ajitapur	Ditto Ditto Ditto Lower primary Ditto Upper primary Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Upper primary Ditto Upper primary Lower primary	51 50 64 81 27 68 53 78 81 85 85 81 85 86 81 85 86 81 85 86 81 85 86 81 85 86 81 86 81 86 81 86 81 86 86 86 86 87 88 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86

LIST OF SOHOOLS, 1911-12-(concluded).

Tahsil.	Name of school.	Name of class.	Averag atten dance
Kunoh <	Kunch Ditto Ditto Manik Chauk Anda Bhend Bangra Pindari Kuthonda Rendhar Satoh Khaksis Pirauna Garirna Dirsoti Keolari Basob Beona Mau Chandurrah Gendoli Chhani Pandri Chamarsena Titra Khalilpur Gopalpura	Ditto	10 12 13 6 6 9 5 5 7 2 4 4 5 5 8 8 5 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8

	1	ROADS, 19	11,			
		B.—Local				-
I.—First class metalled roa	ds.					
					Mile	s fur
(v) Orai station roads .	•	••	••	(now)	5	6
		7	lotal		86	1.70
		GRAND T	OTAL		671	1.06
Nore:—(1) No other chang		e page 51.				2
(2) The under mentioned be maintained as 2nd cla future, vide Government December 1913, to Chair	ass road ; Order 1 rman. D	ls in first ra no. 746/IX, istrict Boar	te order dated th rd. and a	for the le 11th grant		
of Rs.7,068 for special re these roads in 1914.	pairs w	as made by	Governm	ent for		
these roads in 1914.	pairs w	as made by	Governm	ent for	N	 Iiles. 10
of Ms.7,068 for special re these roads in 1914. Kalpi-Hamirpur Ata-Itaura	pairs wa	as made by	Governm	ent for	. N	
Kalpi-Hamirpur	pairs w	as made by	Governm	ent for	 	10
these roads in 1914. Kalpi-Hamirpur Ata-Itaura	pairs w	as made by	Governm	ent for		10 6
Kalpi-Hamirpur Ata-Itaura Ata-Reth	pairs w	as made by	Governm	ent for	 	10 6 9
Kalpi-Hamirpur Ata-Itaura Ata-Reth Orai-Mohona	pairs w	as made by	Governm	ent for		10 6 9 14
Kalpi-Hamirpur Ata-Itaura Ata-Reth Orai-Mohona Aet-Katra	pairs w	as made by	Governm	ent for	 	10 6 9 14 7
Kalpi-Hamirpur Ata-Itaura Ata-Reth Orai-Mohona Aet-Katra Branch to Saidnagar	pairs w	as made by	Governm	ent for		10 6 9 14 7
Kalpi-Hamirpur Ata-Itaura Ata-Reth Orai-Mohona Aet-Katra Branch to Saidnagar Kunch-salaiya Buzurg	pairs w	as made by	Governm	ent for	 	10 6 9 14 7 3
Kalpi-Hamirpur Ata-Itaura Ata-Reth Orai-Mohona Aet-Katra Branch to Saidnagar Kunch-salaiya Buzurg Kunch-Bhend-Jalaun	pairs w	as made by	Governm	ent for	 	10 6 9 14 7 3 14 15
Kalpi-Hamirpur Ata-Itaura Ata-Reth Orai-Mohona Aet-Katra Branch to Saidnagar Kunch-salaiya Buzurg Kunch-Bhend-Jalaun Bangra-Rendhar	pairs w	as made by	Governm	ent for	 	10 6 9 14 7 3 14 15 5
Kalpi-Hamirpur Ata-Itaura Ata-Reth Orai-Mohona Aet-Katra Branch to Saidnagar Kunch-salaiya Buzurg Kunch-Bhend-Jalaun Bangra-Rendhar Jalaun-Ata	pairs w	as made by	Governm	ent for		10 6 9 14 7 3 14 15 5
Kalpi-Hamirpur Ata-Itaura Ata-Reth Orai-Mohona Aet-Katra Branch to Saidnagar Kunch-salaiya Buzurg Kunch-Bhend-Jalaun Bangra-Rendhar Jalaun-Ata Orai-Kotra	pairs w	as made by	Governm	ent for	 	10 6 9 14 7 3 14 15 5 19

FERRIES, 1911-12.

						-			
Income,	ient.	Managem	1.	Tahsi	ge.	Villag		Ferry.	River.
130		Jalaun d	••	Jalaun	••	Romai		Romai	1
225	ara.	rict bos Do.		Do.		Mahtauli	••	Mahtauli	
	• •	Etawah	••	Do.	julpur	Salaua Bij	ur	Salana Bijulp	- 1
••	• •	Do.	• •	Do.	••	Shergarh	••	Shergarh	
	••	Do. Do.	••	Do. Do.	Kermu-	Johikha Keontra	••	Johikha Keontra	
••	• •	1 50.	••	D0.	retmu-	kha.	•••	г еопита	- 1
, 30		District b Jalaun.	••	Kalpi	of Kal-	A Muhalla pi.	••	lari Bulda	
50		Do	• •	Do.	COURS	Jita Mau		Iita Mau	
320	• •	Do. Do.	• •	Do. Do.	w/(9LR)	Khargoi	• • •	Khargoi	g l
110	••	Do.	• •	Do.	na	Dahelkhar Hirapur	••	Dahelkhand Hirapur	Jamna.
195	••	Do.	••	Do.	eikhpur	Simra She	nnr	Simra Sheikh	E
400		Do.	•••	Do.		Pal	· ·	Pal	
260	••	Do.	••	Do.		Raipur	••	Raipur	- 1
190		Do.		Do.	18.1	Mainupur		Mainupur	
100	• •	Do. Do	••	Do. Do	20 9 169	Sareni Gulauli	••	Sareni	,
100	••	Do.	•••	Do.	SEA DE	Narhan		Julauli Narhan	- 1
100	• •	Do.		Do.	and	Magraul	-:-	Kartel	
			•	NEST.		Shaikhp			- 1
6,500		Public Wo	••	Do.		Kalpi	ge	Pontoon Brid	\
125-		Jalaun d		Orai	स्यमव न	Kotra		Kotra	g i (
45		Do.		Do.	ar	Saiyidnaga		Saiyidnagar	₽ ₹<
85-	••	Do.		Do.	••	Mohana		Mohana	Betwa.
100-	••	Do.		Kunch	••	Salaiya	• • •	Salaiya	÷ (
	••	Private Do.		Jalaun Do.	••	Megni Ditto	icha	Megni * Supa Nunai	Pahaj.
					·				

^{*} Since 1912-13.

POST OFFICES, 1911.

Tahs	il.	Name of	office.		Class.
Orai	{	Orai Ait Kotra Said Nagar	••	••	Head office. Branch-office. Do. Do.
Kalpi	{	Kalpi Kalpi Railway S Ata Churkhi Itaura	tation	::	Sub-office (combined). Branch office. Do. Do. Do. Do.
Jalaun	{	Jalaun Madhogarh Hadrukh Gohan Umri			Sub-office (combined). Sub-office. Branch office. Do. Do.
Kunch	\	Kunoh Kailia Bangra Rindhar Kadaura Gopalpura Rampura Jagammanpura Jigni			Sub-office (combined). Branch office. Do. Do. Sub-office. (combined). Branch office. Do. Do. Do.
			सयमेव	जयत	

Note: -In 1912 Jhansi became Head office (vide Dir General, Post Office of India No. 13F., dated the 22nd June 1912). There are now 6 Sub-offices, including Orai, and 17 branch offices situated within the district, while a Sub-office at Kadaura is administered as if it were in this district (see page 108).

MARKETS, 1911

Tahsil.	Town or village.	Market days.
Orai	Orai Ait Jaisari Kalan Saiyidnagar Kotra Dhurat Kusmilia	Sunday and Wednesday, Thursday, Do. Wednesday, Tuesday, Do. Saturday.
Kalpi	Ata Itaura Ternanganj	Monday and Friday. Daily. Sunday and Thursday
.Jalaun	Amkhera Intaun Wasli Kuthaund Hadrukh Jalaun Madhogarh Jagamanpur Rampura Jamlapur Zunnardar Juhtohli	Tuesday and Saturday, Sunday and Wednesday, Monday and Friday, Sunday and Thursday, Monday and Friday, Sunday and Thursday, Tuesday and Saturday, Sunday and Thursday, Monday and Friday, Sunday and Triday, Sunday and Triday, Sunday and Tuesday, Sunday,
Kunch	Kunch Rendhar Pindari Basob Bhend Deogaon	Friday. Thursday. Sunday. Thursday. Thursday. Thursday and Saturday. Monday.

FAIRS.

Tahsil.	Locality.	Name of fair.	Date.	Average attend ance.
·				
		सन्यमेव जयते		

No change: but figures in column 5 are unreliable, and will be revised before the next census.

HAMIRPUR.

Supplementary notes and statistics to

VOLUME XXII.

OF THE

District Gazetteers of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.



ALLAHABAD:

Printed by F. Luker, Supdt,, Government Press, United Provinces, $1\,9\,\dot{1}\,3\;.$

Alterations and Additions to Part A of the Hamirpur District Gazetteer, bringing it up to date 1911-12.

Page 1, lines 1 and 2.

The district of Hamirpur is one of the four districts which were taken from the old Allahabad Division in 1911 and formed into the new Jhansi Division.

Pages 14 and 15.—JUNGLES.

With the conclusion of the settlement of 1880 the conditional settlement of these hill jungles also terminated.

Mr. Carr, Assistant Conservator of Forests, was instructed to examine and report on their condition and as a result of his report it was decided to protect the areas of forest land here alluded to together with other areas totalling in all 12,035 acres by applying to them the provisions of section 35 of the Forest Act (VI of 1878).

Grazing of cattle and cutting of timber in these areas are accordingly governed by regulations.

The areas lie in the villages of:—Bilkhi, Sijahri, Srinagar, Ratauli and Bilrahi of Mahoba Tahsil and Tola Soem, Swasa Muaf, Panchi, Karahra Dang, Indaura, Mundhari, Jaitpur, Bhilauni, Barkhera, Ajnar, Gund, Ari, Larhpura, Baghoura, Ghutai, Kulpahar, Bhadarwara, Rikhwaho, Ataniyan Muaf, Lakhaura, Pasanabad, Khoi, Sijawan, Rampura Nauabad, Sidhwara, Chouka, Bachecha Kalan, Ranipura, Satari, Thurat, Sarangpura, Ruri Kalan, Chatarwara, Tondar, Deogaon, Tola Patar, Khiriya Khurd and Budhwara of Kulpahar Tahsil.

The question of the preservation of Babul jungles in Hamirpur was also taken up and after an inspection of Babul bearing areas by Mr. Whitehead, Assistant Conservator of Forests, it was decided to acquire certain areas under the Land Acquisition Act.

Accordingly two blocks of land, one with an area of 2,784 acres in villages Bhogaicha. Chaksona, Kamokhar, Kunehta, Kargaon, Neoria and Tihar and another with an area of 1,660 acres in villages Bandhur Buzurg, Bhatra and Chilehta Jalalpur

were acquired in 1912 and handed over for administration to the Forest Department. The compensation paid for 4,444 acres was Rs. 54,063-13-5. All the villages are in Maudaha Tahsil.

Cattle, page 18, lines 12-16.

There is now no Government bull kept for breeding purposes in the district.

Page 20.—CATTLE DISEASE.

During the year 1911-12 485 deaths of cattle from various forms of disease were recorded, rinderpest accounting for more than half the deaths.

Page 24.—Infirmities.

The census of 1911 gives the following figures:—Deafmutes 166, Blind persons 1,744, Lepers 190 and insane persons 115. The important difference is in the number of blind people, and the chief causes are inattention to the cleanliness of children's eyes and unskilled treatment by so called eye-doctors.

Page 39.—Canals.

The irrigated area has been much increased since the opening of the Dhassan Canal and the construction of a second weir on the Betwa Canal and the area irrigated in 1910-11 and 1911-12 was respectively 21,848 acres and 23,670 acres. Of these totals 6,608 acres and 9,141 acres were irrigated from canals and the rest from wells. These figures are from the area crop statements. The Canal figures differ very much.

The area will largely increase as the Dhassan Canal gets into full working order.

Page 35.—Embankments.

The construction of embankments received a considerable impetus in the years 1908-09. Two parties from the Irrigation Department were deputed to the district to prepare projects and ninety-one embankments were constructed as aided works Government paying $\frac{3}{4}$ and zamindars $\frac{1}{4}$ of the cost. These embankments submerge 2,531 acres of land. The two large embankments at Channi and Khamaria were constructed by the Public Works Department as famine works in the same year.

Channi embankment submerges 250 acres and Khamaria 386 acres. Four small embankments were constructed in the Jalalpur Pargana as Civil Works and submerge between them 343 acres.

During that year and in subsequent ones 125 embankments also have been constructed with advances under Act XIX of 1883 at an estimated cost of Rs. 23,380.

Agreements have also been signed by the zamindars for the construction of a large number of embankments designed by the Irrigation Department. One of them at Goendi to cost Rs. 8,000 is already under construction, others will be constructed during 1913.

Under the agreements above alluded to the zamindars bind themselves to pay yearly 4 per cent. on the capital cost of the embankment and to do the ordinary annual repairs.

Page 43.—HISTORY OF THE DHASSAN CANAL.

The revised scheme was sanctioned Under Secretary of State's no. 17 P. W., dated 17th June 1910. The sanctioned estimate is Rs. 45,16,227. Under this scheme the storage capacity is increased to 3,673 million cubic feet, and it is anticipated that 78,750 acres will be irrigated annually.

The canal was partially opened for irrigation on 19th December 1910.

The construction estimate was closed on the 31st March 1911 and the division classed as a Revenue Division from the 1st April 1911.

During the rains of 1911, a length of revetment wall fell at Lachura but the rebuilding was successfully completed before the rains of 1912.

Pages 54 and 55 .- Weights and Measures.

The Srinagri rupee has entirely disappeared from use and is not now current coin.

Page 59.—RAILWAYS.

Work on the Cawnpore-Banda Railway was started in April 1911. The Jumna bridge is being constructed about 1,000 yards below the junction of the Jumna and Betwa rivers. Stations in this district are to be at Pateora (Jumna South) Sumerpur and Maudaha.

The estimated cost of the Railway is Rs. 80,36,657 of which the Jumna bridge alone accounts for Rs. 32,00,000. The Hamirpur part of the line is not likely to be open for traffic before 1914 but the portion north of the Jumna will be opened in 1913.

Page 60.—LOCAL ROADS.

Metalled local roads in the district now total 78 miles, 7 furlongs.

The Rath-Kulpahar road of 26 miles 6 furlongs has been metalled throughout and the Rath-Hamirpur road as far as Muskara (i.e. 17 miles).

Unmetalled local roads total 486 miles 7 furlongs.

The chief recent additions constructed as famine works in the two last famines being

The Baswari-Sisolar road ... 29 miles.
The Maudaha-Jalalpur road ... 21 miles.
The Kunehta-Kabrai road ... 16 miles.
The Srinagar-Jaitpur road ... 14 miles.

PROVINCIAL ROADS.

These roads are as described in the gazetteer.

Page 61.—TRADE ROUTES.

The project of metalling the road from Rath to Hamirpur has been dropped definitely. With the construction of the Cawnpore-Banda Railway and the removal of the Head Quarters of the district from Hamirpur to Mahoba, the need for such a road has ceased and if the metalled road is to be continued at all, it will unquestionably be joined to the Cawnpore-Hamirpur-Mahoba road at Maudaha. When the railway is completed with its Sumerpur Rath Belatal branch the district will be particularly well supplied with means of communication.

Page 62.

The bungalows at Kunehta, Sisolar and Jalalpur which were built of unbaked bricks during the famine of 1908 were found too expensive to maintain and were demolished in 1911.

A new inspection house was built at Muskara during 1912, the old house being utilized in the extension of the police station.

Page 65.—Census of 1911.

The Provincial report is not available in office at the time these notes are being written. Since the last census was taken in 1901 the population has risen to 465,223, an increase during the decade of 6,681 or 1.46 per cent.

The density is now 205 per square mile.

There are curious variations in the different tahsils as the following table will show:—

			Variation,	1901—11.
Name of tabsil.	Population, 1911.	Population, 1901	Actual.	Per cent.
Hamirpur	123,055 108,404 63,546	71,625 125,731 111,926 61,938 87,322	+7,881 -2,676 -3,522 +1,608 +3,390	11.00 2.12 3.15 2.60 3.88

URBAN AND RURAL.

The decade has witnessed some slight movement of the population towards towns, 9.27 per cent. of the population live in towns against 8.3 per cent. at last census.

SEX

The disproportion between the sexes has slightly increased. Males numbered 234,842 and females 230,381 in 1911, a difference of 1.9 per cent.

RELIGION.

Classified according to religion the population contained in 1911, 434,024 Hindus, 30,455 Mahomedans, 363 Christians, 85 Jains, 266 Hindu Aryas and 30 Sikhs. The increase in number of Hindu Aryas is noticeable and to a less extent that of Christians and Jains. The census figures of 1911 show curious variations in the population of different castes. Thus the number of Chamars has increased by 5,683, of Lodhis by 1,931, of Thakurs by 1,844, while Brahmans have decreased by 4,969 and Ahirs by 1,649, i.e. Chamars increased in numbers by 9.8 per cent., Lodhis by 4.6 per cent., Thakurs by 7.3 per cent. while Brahmans decreased by 10.1 per cent. and Ahirs by 5.3 per cent. The increases on the population of the district was 1.46 per cent.

Page 84.

Seth Shambu Karan has died and been succeeded by Seth Bishun Karan.

Their property in Hamirpur has been for six years under the management of the Collector in execution of Civil Court decrees and in 1912, 4 villages paying Rs. 6,677 in Government revenue were sold at auction for Rs. 1,08, 500.

Their remaining property in this district pays Rs. 11,912 revenue and consists of 9 villages and a share in one other.

Page 85.—PROMINENT FAMILIES.

Rao Pancham Singh of Swasa died in 1912 and was succeeded by his son Rao Hanwant Singh.

CHAPTER IV.

Page 95.—DISTRICT STAFF.

The staff usually consists of a Joint Magistrate stationed at Mahoba and two full powered Deputy Collectors, one in charge of the Hamirpur Sub-Division and the Treasury, the second in charge of the Sub-Division comprising the Rath and Maudaha tahsils.

It has been decided by Government however that a third Deputy Collector should be appointed if possible in the Touring season to the charge of the Treasury.

There are four Excise Inspectors attached to the district and a Sub-Deputy Inspector of Schools in addition to the staff mentioned in the Gazetteer.

Page 98.—FUTURE CHANGES.

The decision on the question of the transfer of the Head Quarters of the district was indefinitely postponed by Sir John Hewett, late Lieutenant-Governor.

Sir James Meston has however decided that when funds permit it is desirable to transfer the Head Quarters from Hamirpur to Mahoba.

Page 111.—REMEDIAL LEGISLATION.

Up to September 30th, 1912, i.e. the end of the revenue year, the owners of 167 estates had repaid in full the loan advanced them under the Bundelkhand Encumbered Estates Act and 2 estates which had been taken under direct management had been released on recovery of the amount advanced.

In all out of the total sum advanced by the Treasury to indebted proprietors Rs. 2,38,270 had been recovered by the end of the revenue year 1911-12.

After Page 111 .- QUINQUENNIAL SETTLEMENT.

The first quinquennial settlement of the district was made in 1912 on the figures of the fasli year 1319. The parganas resettled were Hamirpur, Sumerpur, Maudaha and Jalalpur. The settlement of Hamirpur and Maudaha had been postponed from the previous year on account of the census operations.

One-hundred and fourteen Mahals had been created since settlement and were assessed afresh under the rules.

The net result of the settlement was a total increase of revenue of Rs. 13,214-13-0 distributed among the parganas as follows:—Hamirpur+Rs. 646; Sumerpur+Rs. 14,278; Maudaha+Rs. 1,552; Jalalpur-Rs. 3,261-3-0.

The year was not a normal one. The rains had broken very late in the year and were very continuous and as a consequence very little kharif and very full rabi were sown. Jalalpur and Hamirpur showed therefore an area somewhat less than usual under cultivation as they have a preponderance of lighter soils where the kharif crops are chiefly sown while Maudaha and Sumerpur where heavier soils predominate sowed a nearly normal area. The increase was chiefly noticeable in Sumerpur.

Page 112.—POLICE STATIONS.

The distinction of 1st, 2nd and 3rd class police stations was abolished under Mr. Hoskins' scheme in 1908. Apart from this there has been no alteration in the number, or situation of thanas, but the removal of the Kashipur thana to Mahobkant and of the Jalalpur thana to Mamna have now been definitely sanctioned.

Page 113.—POLICE FORCE.

One post of circle inspector was increased in 1910. In 1911 one post of sub-inspector was increased and 11 posts of constables in the Armed Police.

In 1909 the provisions of Act XX were withdrawn from the towns of Sumerpur and Kulpahar.

There is now a force of 5 jamadars and 63 chaukidars in the notified areas of Mahoba and Rath and the towns of Hamirpur, Maudaha and Jaitpur. The number of road police was increased to 84 in 1912, while as a result of the redistribution of the force of village police the number was reduced from 1,078 to 1,017 in 1911.

Page 115.—Excise.

The outstill system was abolished and the contract supply system introduced with effect from 1st April 1911.

Three bonded warehouses were established at Hamirpur, Mahoba and Rath.

Under this system country spirit is issued on fixed days twice a week to licensed vendors on payment of duty and price.

The adjoining native states of Baoni, Beri, Sarila, Bihat and Jigni also take their country spirit from bonded warehouses in this district.

The duty up to this year was 4 annas per gallon of 50° under proof liquor and 8 annas per gallon of 25° under proof liquor. This duty will be doubled with effect from the 1st April 1913.

The number of shops has been considerably reduced in past years and the actual number of licensed shops in 1912 was 79.

HEMP DRUGS.

In 1909 the tabsilwar contract system was substituted for the district contract system.

The change is suited to the district and has resulted in much increased fees.

Charas has largely taken the place of ganja as the drug most consumed by the people while the consumption of bhang has greatly decreased. In 1912 there were 47 shops licensed for the sale of drugs.

OPIUM.

The consumption of opium has also decreased.

The price to licensed vendors is now Rs. 22 per seer and it is ordinarily retailed by them at about 8 annas per tola. There were 23 shops licensed for the sale of opium in 1912.

Page 118.—Post office.

Hamirpur is now only a sub office under Banda. The alteration was made in 1912.

Page 119.--ACT XX Towns.

Sumerpur and Kulpahar are not now administered under Act XX. Their population and importance were not considered to warrant their retention as Act XX towns.

Page 119 et seqq. - EDUCATION.

Literates are now (in 1911) 3.9 per cent. of the total population 7.03 per cent. of the male and .07 per cent. of the female. Evidently a different standard was applied in 1911 to that applied in 1901 for female literacy has certainly increased in Hamirpur, while these figures show it to have decreased. The increase in literacy is therefore more than indicated by a comparison of the 1901 and 1911 figures. Besides the list of District Board and aided schools in the appendix there is a private school which teaches English maintained by the zamindars at Rath, where about 50 boys are studying and a Mahomedan school at Hamirpur maintained by the Mahomedan community and a number of other private schools of less importance including a Sanskrit Pathshala at Mahoba maintained by P. Sheo Charan Tiwari. These have been opened within the last year or two.

Page 122.—CATTLE POUNDS.

There are now 29 pounds in the district. To those mentioned in the Gazetteer must be added pounds at Terha, Misripur, Goendi, Budhwara, Jaitpur and Pureni while the pound at Patara no longer exists.

J. S. STEVINSON, C.S., Collector.

Dated the 12th March 1913.

सन्यमेव जयते



सन्यमेव जयते

Gazetteer of Hamirpur.

APPENDIX.



GAZETTEER OF HAMIRPUR.

APPENDIX.

CONTENTS.

TABLE I.—Population by ta	hsils, 1911	••	••		i
l'ABLE II.—Population by the	hanas, 1911	••	••	••	ii
Table III.—Vital statistics	• •	••	••	••	iii
TABLE IV.—Deaths according	ng to cause	••	••	.,	iv
TABLE V.—Cultivation and	irrigation, 1319	Fasli	••	••	7
TABLE VI Principal crops	by tahsils	• •	••		v i
Table VII.—Criminal Just	ice	• •		••	x i
TABLE VIII.—Cognizable or	ime		••		x ii
Table IX.—Revenue demai	ad at successive	settlements	••	••	xiii
TABLE X.—Revenue and ces	sses (settlement	year)	••	••	xiv
Table XI.—Excise	e173835		••	••	XV
Table XII.—Stamps	and the	10.	••	••	x vi
TABLE XIII.—Income-Tax	Carlotte St	E53	••	••	xv ii
Table XIV.—Income-Tax 1	y Tahsils	G3657	••		xv iii
TABLE XV.—District Board		200	••	••	xix
TABLE XVI. — Distribution of	of Police, 1911	<i>\$69</i> • •	••		xx
TABLE XVII.—Education	UNITE:	17	••	••	xxi
Schools, 1911	14111	N. C	••	••	xxii
Roads, 1911	at his to	25.00	••	• •	XXV
Ferries, 1911	10 TO 10 TO	NEW TOTAL	••	• •	xxvii
Post Offices, 1911		354	••	••	xxviii
Markets, 1911		11111111	••	••	xxix
Fairs, 1911	महामेन व	रणने	••		XXX

Table I.-Population by takeils, 1911.

1								
	Males. Fernales.	13	z.	ĝ;	118	174	8	435
Others.		12	104	83	67	56	72	308
	Persons.	#	175	- 34	185	68	9	747
	Femalés.	10	2,206	9,890	2,484	2,258	4,840	15,678
Musalmans.	Males.	6	2,279	3,608	2,432	2,163	4,295	14,777
Mı	Persons.	8	4,485	7,498	4,916	4,421	9,135	30,465
	Females.	7	36,311	57,481	51,375	28,898	40,203	214,268
Hindus,	Males.	9	38,535	57,982	51,928	29,597	41,314	219,756
	Persons.	وتر	74,846	115,463	109,903	58,895	81,517	434,024
	Females.	4	38,588	61,410	53,977	31,330	45,076	230,381
Total.	Males,	3	40,918	61,645	54,427	32,216	45,636	234,842
	Persons.	CI	79,506	123,055	108,404	63,546	90,713	465,228
			:	:	:	:	:	 .:
	Tabsil	1	Hamirpur	Rath	Kulpahar	Mahobs	Maudaha	District total

TABLE II.—Population by thanas, 1911.

		Tota	Total population.	on.		Hindus.		Ħ	Musalmans.	•		Others.	
Name	Name of Thana.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
	-	G4	ಣ	4	ъ	9	-	8	6	10		12	13
Ainar		26.243	13,174	18,069	25,653	12,872	12,781	514	263	251	76	33	37
Вежаг	::	26,486	13,450	18,036	24,120	12,315	11,805	2,365	1,134	1,231	<u></u>	- ₆	:
Hamirpur Felslenr	:	7,855 90,911	10.653	10.259	19.917	10101	9.756	950,1 0990	487	508	4	4	3
Jeria	: :	28,987	14,616	14371	27,874	14,041	13,833	1,112	574	538			:
Kashipur	: :	22,918	11,503	11,415	22,055	11,060	10,995	854	437	417	6	9	eo ;
Kulpahar	:	21,025	10,546	10,479	19,555	9,834	9,692	1,372	062	710	97	2	7.2
Kabrai	:	18,644	3,588	9,058	18,083	10,240	8,776	561	182	30.5	:	: :	:
kurara Falmira	:	22,942	11,670	11.138	21,677	11,091	10.586	1 059	514	545	15	ж :	2
Mahoha	: :	32,410	16,308	16,102	28,450	14,435	14,015	3,730	1,817	1,913	530	56	174
Maudaha	: :	31,175	15,527	15,648	25,952	13,143	12,819	5,190	2,374	2,816	23	2	13
Muskara		31,482	15,838	15,644	29,914	15,057	14,857	1,532	765	767	98	16	ಜ
Majhgawan	:	32,981	16,476	16,505	31,441	15,735	15,706	1,537	738	799	т •	ر د	:
Panwari	:		13,687	13,567	25,523	12,856	12,667	1,730	08	8	-	⊣ ;	:
Rath	: :		19,600	20,055	35,737	17,761	17,976	3,832	1,792	2,040	98	47	66
Sumerpur	:		15,208	14,362	28,211	14,499	13,712	1,314	675	633	4		H
Srinagar	:	23,456	11,837	11,619	22,878	11,531	11,347	929	30s	271	63	-	
			234 842	230.381	434.024	219.756	214.268	30.455	14.777	15,678	744	309	435
	Total	465,223	234,842	1320,381	484,024	219,750	214,268	30,455	17,06	0/0'07	-	600	-

TABLE III .- Pital statistics.

						Births.	hs.			Deaths	ths.	
		Year.			Total.	Males.	Females.	Rate per 1,000.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Rate per, 1,000.
		1			Ø	co	4	10	9	7	æ	6
1901	:	:	:	:	19,200	9,837	698'6	41.87	14,173	7,279	6,894	30.91
1903	:	:	:	:	26,022	13,236	12,786	56.74	17,020	8,757	8,263	87.12
1903	:	:	:	:	23,510	12,169	11,341	51.27	25,631	13,241	12,390	55.90
1904	:	:	:	:	27,840	14,434	13,406	12.03	13,810	7,145	6,665	30.12
1905	:	:	:	:	22,417	11,525	10,892	48.88	13,639	6,988	6,651	29.74
1906	:	;	:	:	14,435	7,548	6,887	31.48	29,900	15,547	14,353	65.21
1907	:	:	:	:	17,433	9,011	. 8,422	38-01	22,219	11,444	10,775	48.45
1908	:	:	:	:	27,509	14,105	13,404	59.99	21,474	10,984	10,490	46.83
1909	:	:	:	:	15,131	7,713	7,418	33.00	13,384	6,981	6,403	29.19
1910	:	:	:	:	22,336	11,480	10,856	48.71	17,376	9,162	8,214	*68.48
1911	:	:	:	:	24,910	12,986	11,924	53.54	20,101	10,748	9,353	43.21

• The rates from 1901 to 1910 are calculated from the returns of the 1901 census,

TABLE IV.—Deaths according to cause.

											Total des	Total deaths from—	1	
		:	•	Year.					All causes.	Plague.	Plague. Cholera.	Small- pox	Fever.	Bowel complaints
			7	- 4					64	. e	44	īŌ	9	t-
1901	:	•	7:	:	स				14,173	:	:	П	9,801	257
1903	:	:	:	:	त्यमे	T()	I		17,020	භ	17	72	10,368	458
1903	:	:	::	:	ब ज			() H(()	25,631	9	499	299	15,135	679
1904	:	:	٠:	• :	यते	Ç,			13,810	36	ಣ	ນລ	8,259	290
1905	:	:	: :	:		>	:	1	13,639	160	:	7	8,551	201
1906	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	29,900	:	4,593	98	19,326.	989
1907	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	22,219	9	:	13	16,769	316
1908	:	;	:	:		:	:	:	21,474	24	321	46	14,587	276
1909	:	:	:	:		:	:	•	13,384	:	32	C4	10,281	75
1910	:	:	:	:		:			17,376	:	1,649	:	11,575	149
1911	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	20,101	69	7-4	¢1	14,022	135

Table V.—Statistics of cultivation and irrigation, 1319 Fasti.

								Cultivated				
Porcens and tabsil.		Total area.	Waste.	Cultur-		Ir	Irrigated.					Double
Torn ormograp				aple	Total.	Canals.	Wells.	Tanks.	Other sources.	Dry.	Total.	cropped.
1		C3	က	4	ಚಾ	9	7	œ	6	10	11	12
		Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Hamirpur Sumerpur	::	84,822 155,483	24,454 18,243	21,547 49,605	1,200	1,121	56 252		23	37,621 87,374	38,821 87,635	5,283 11,804
Tahsil Hamirpur	:	240,305	42,697	71,152	1,461	1,121	308	nerio.	32	124,995	126,456	17,087
Rath Jaialpur	::	246,320 120,735	48,256 37,271	50,724 38,966	6,257 343	5,223	964 85	::	6	141,083 44,155	147,340	22,603 9,114
Tabsil Rath	:	367,055	85,527	89,690	6,600	5,475	1,049	:	76	185,238	191,838	31,717
Kulpahar	:	857,917	53,645	148,502	10,502	1,173	8,876	298	155	145,268	165,770	20,997
Mahoba	:	210,963	23,554	103,707	4,167	1,372	2,582	149	64	79,535	83,702	16,703
Maudaba Muskara	::	148,923 141,995	12,899 20,930	63,366 51,673	435 505	::	431	::	17	72,223 68,887	72,658 69,392	5,898 9,343
Total Maudaha	:	290,918	33,829	115,039	940	:	919	:	21	141,110	142,050	15,241
Total	:	1,467,158	239,252	528,090	23,670	9,141	13,734	447	348	676,146	699,816	101,745

TABLE VI.—Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Hamirpur.

	Cotton and arhar.		10,196	12,639	:	:	:	:		5,423	4,074	3,337	496	
	Til.		3,100	4,236	:	:	:	:	:	3,326	6,410	3,244	1,456	
Kharif.	Bajra and arhar,		5,528	4,975	:	;	:	:	:	8,194	8,728	12,008	14,027	
	Juar and arhar.		27,399	36,653	:	:	:	:	:	56,612	41,750	50,963	19,748	
	Total.		48,367	61,273	5	THE STATE	:	:	;	77,496	63,844	72,192	37,984	
	Linseed,		388	1,951				763	:	137	1,064	1,677	3,454	:
	Wheat and gram mixed.		10,636	11,813				12,542	:	2,881	10,839	20,055	42,023	
bi.	Wheat.		585	188		e e	7). 101-	908	:	791	1,022	2,035	1,085	
Rabi,	Gram and barley mixed.		3,463	3,319	:	:	:	1,817	:	698	1,059	3,161	7,234	
	Gram.		44,931	39,737	:	:	:	44,116	•	44.605	56,219	39,510	49,743	
	Total,		17,09	58,398	•	*	•	61,158	*	50,005	71,452	65,540	105,493	
	H	:•3	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	
	Теаг .	Fasti.	1309	1310	1311	1312	1313	1314	1315	1316	1317	1318	1319	

· Figures not available cwing to Survey and Settlement operations.

Table VI-(continued).-Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Rath.

			B	Rabi.						Kharif.	rif.			
Уват.	Total.	Gram.	Gram and barley mixed.	Wheat.	Wheat and gram Linseed. mixed.	Linseed.	Total.	Juar and arhar.	Bajra and arbar.	Til.	Cotton.	Kodon.	Важап.	Rice of both kinds.
Fasti.	200	900	ŀ	100	177.	7. 25.	101 200	C H	07.0	10 806	6	6	1	1 100
13081	oooioa -			700	767,11	0,470	121,000	40,793	10,748	15,505	200,002	3,290	3,479	08c'T
1310	77,133	39,808	4,954	664	17,666	13,310	138,369	51,398	16,588	30,272	31,814	2,000	3,258	1,335
11811	58,998	22,946	11,966	289	35,653	14,515	133,379	48,859	18,953	84,429	25,221	2,527	1,237	639
1312	•	:	:	:	े <u>द</u>				THE STATE OF	:	:	:	:	:
1313	•	:	:	:	यन	15 77			:	:	:	:	:	:
1314	•	:	:	:	:	}	:	3	:	:	:	:	:	:
1315	*	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
1316	49,159	41,227	1,077	486	3,619	1,077	132,732	67,105	16,933	14,497	23,788	2,819	4,596	612
7181	72,181	40,091	3,946	532	21,370	3,946	133,237	53,062	18,006	36,322	18,202	1,920	1,920	1,011
1318	80,616	32,322	6,183	1,080	30,321	8,283	132,362	52,692	20,540	30,056	21,764	2,104	2,083	1,087
1319	123,704	44,043	12,880	453	50,489	12,515	99,664	26,904	26,467	26,245	11,089	4,021	1,214	1,071
	_													

· Figures not available owing to Survey and Settlement operations.

Table VI-(continued).—Area in acres under the principal crops, takeil Kulphahar.

				Rabi.							Kharif			
Year.	Total.	Gram.	Gram and barley mixed.	Wheat	Wheat and gram mixed.	Linseed.	Barley	Total.	Juar and arbar.	Bajra and arhar	151.	Cotton.	Kodon.	Rice of both kinds.
Fasli, 1309	57,341	35,882	9,395	3,012	3,082	4,994	5,933	115,413	49,979	1,738	23,304	16,597	16,974	945
1310	52,293	27,767	7,337	3,513	4,359	8,293	5,636	119,020	50,097	1,125	33,155	14,701	14,181	398
1311	52,314	18,718	9;636	3,828	9,941	9,195	5,908	120,856	54,731	1,741	38,710	10,568	11,102	527
1312	74,407	965 18	2,309	4,692	18,302	10,080	7,728	606,40	18,515	1,314	21,498	10,096	14,200	869
1313		:	:	:	्रिके यते				•	;	:	:	:	:
1314	*	:	:	:		À	:	3	:	:	:	:	:	:
1315	*	;	:	:	:	•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
1316	42,083	25,003	797	4,116	1,099	2,137	8,047	123,096	66,760	1,342	22,424	9,128	13,183	547
1317	48,181	24,752	2,209	4,497	4,499	4,550	6,538	123,638	56,439	1,891	35,511	6,374	13,592	800
1318		27,823	2,517	4,413	6,727	5,043	5,703	122,730	53,834	1,541	39,841	9,351	10,068	780
1319	70,574	29,000	233	3,966	16,791	9,775	10,006	106,104	41,297	1,197	34,445	10,942	11,418	633
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
	-	_					_							

Figures not available owing to Survey and Settlement operations.

TABLE VI-(continued). -Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Mahoba.

	Cotton, Kodon, both kinds.	9,795 10,355 633	9,359 . 9,544 . 641	7,859 8,248 243	6,164 8,239 321	:	:	626 7,980 258	527 9,394 240	282 9,150 368	4,017 6,895 282	1,886 6,319 180	
Kharif,	Ti.	12,326	17,339	20,915	11,237	:	:	16,483	11,862	20,438	24,707	22,400	
	Bajra and arhar.	224	88	231	121	:	:	132	89	55	455	180	
	Juar and arhar.	21,229	21,922	26,191	11,855	:	:	18,437	18,436	15,410	27,248	9,684	
	Total.	56,941	60,260	64,902	37,495			62,126	60,118	65,580	65,747	41,073	
	Barley.	2,473	1,885	2,120	2,903		1	2,803	3,067	2,395	1,983	2,293	
	Linseed.	8,118	4,334	4,818	7,405		À	- 33 	2,653	3,134	2,964	7,513	
	Wheat and gram mixed.	2,680	2,543	6,786	12,154	क्षेट्र 1यने	9	998	2,473	4,334	6,690	15,217	
Rabi.	Wheat.	866	1,129	885	1,254	:	:	939	1,315	1,513	1,654	2,092	
	Gram and barley mixed.	3,322	2,107	2,852	989	:	:	726	1,073	830	1,112	1,477	
ı	Gram,	17,333	14,526	9,863	16,014	;	:	5,673	17,954	15,567	18,114	18,815	
	Total.	28,047	25,280	25,748	40,416		•	11,508	29,244	28,600	32,909	47,407	
	Year.	Fasti. 1309	0181	1311	1312	1313	1314	1315	1316	1317	8181	6181	

• Figures not available owing to Survey and Settlement operations.

TABLE VI-(concluded). - Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Maudaha.

			Rabi.						Kharif	rif.		
Year,	Total	Gram.	Gran and barley mixed.	Wheat.	Wheat and gram mixed.	Linseed.	Total.	Juar and arhar.	Bajra and arbar.	Tii.	Cotton.	Kodon.
Fasti.												
1309	74,544	60,280	2,211	106	7,362	3,340	71,180	35,976	5,491	9,648	14,093	4,208
1310	69,355	44,279	1,559	06	12,973	9,394	80,584	40,446	4,998	1,478	15,744	3,599
1311	33,093	10,837	2,284	169	13,245	5 893	44,905	21,115	5,000	8,084	7,229	1,679
1312	•	:	:	्री व ज	V4			:	:	:	:	:
1313	•	:	:	१८ यते	L		2	:	:	:	:	:
1314	45,333	33,443	426	141	8,177	2,335	3	:	:	:	:	. :
1915	27,940	24,035	196	249	1,726	261	69,188	34,552	3,300	8,105	642	2,085
1816	64,541	53,300	445	934	6,934	2,130	76,431	38,438	2,689	8,636	792	2,953
1317	75,947	45,481	362	253	22,256	5,440	76,619	29,065	2,311	18,171	187	2,170
1318	78,154	33,284	193	326	34,648	6,509	82,814	26,229	3,534	13,161	505	3,213
1319	114,879	41,624	3,724	227	52,877	19,801	42,345	12,721	3,932	6,773	239	3,701

• Figures not available owing to Burvey and Bettlement operations

Table VII.—Criminal Justice.

				ž	ımber	of persons	convict	Number of persons convicted or bound over in respect of	l over in res	spect of				
Year.	Offences against muhlio					Criminal		Robbero	Receiving		Bad	Keeping	Cases under-	nder—
	tran- quility (Obapter VIII).		affecting drievous life.	Rape.	Cattle theft.	force and Theft, assault.	Theft.	and dakaiti.	stolen properfy.	Criminal trespass,		the peace.	Opium Excise Act. Act.	Excise Act.
1	61	60	4	70	9	1~	00	6	10	11	12	13	14	10 10 10
1901	14	10	17	सुङ	54	29	131	Ĉ	58	103	<u>0</u>	51	7.0	78
1902	6	31	14	나	τĊ	84	124	e	58	7.1	233	106	ъ	89
1903	94	41	14	က	Ġ.	31	166	ಞ	12	114	29	41	6	68
1904	. 22	69	22	7	2	44	167	1	44 JG	88	 	65	23	63
1905		83	22.5	=	50	27	163	16	65	171	38	20	80	7.3
1906	. 24	22	6	গ	99	23	170	27	8	258	23	27	9	19
1907	09	03	26	co	14	10	93	18	23	51	16	57	භ	17.
1908	. 25	24	133	Ħ	47	11	121	10	41	123	9	22	ಣ	14
6061	:	14	15	:	31	15	132	9	30	110	7Ċ	4	:	14
1910	45	13	10	:	53	15	18	တ	37	48	25	18	₩	15
1911	83	11	32	;	39	24	84	:	24	65	6	47	4	36

Table VIII.—Cognizable crime.

									Number	Number of cases investigated by police.	investi- ice.	Nur	Number of persons	rsons
			Year	ï.					Suo motu.	By orders of Magistrate.	Sent up for trial.	Tried.	Acquit- ted or dis- charged,	Convicted.
			-						67	ော	4	ŗĢ	9	4
1901	:	:	•	:	2.7			(A)	757	23	515	693	131	561
1903	:	:	:	:	त्यमे				871	88	584	791	206	585
1903	:	:	:	:	व ज				952	20	628	851	135	969
1904	:	:	:	:	यने		ľ		1,012	23	663	840	126	714
1905	:	:	:	:).	:		1,266	98	856	1,060	140	920
1906	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	1,136	35	774	1,208	271	937
1907	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	989	37	417	744	243	501
1908	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	833	18	507	707	148	559
1909	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	780	53	464	626	151	475
1910	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	501	31	347	490	135	855
1911	:	:		:		:	:	:	538	92	375	609	163	446
								_			_			

TABLE IX.—Revenue demand at successive settlements.

						Yea	Years of settlement.	ment.			
	Pargana.		Mr. Erakine, 1807.	Mr. Wauchope, 1810.	Mr. Waring, 1816.	Mr. Valpy, 1821.	Mr. Valpy, 1826.	Mr. Ainslie, 1831.	Mr. Pidcook, 1836.	Messrs. Allen and Muir, 1842,	Mr. Neale, 1879.
			Rs.	B3.	Rs.	Rs.	B3.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs
Hamirpur	:	:	77,437	85,798	1,10,436	1,03,781	94,120	79,506	77,600	71,433	74,020
Sumerpur	:	:	1,56,383	1,68,897	2,62,154	1,74,220*	220*	1,66,929	1,63,669	1,40,348	1,41,360
Maudaha	:	:	1,89,941	1,88,502	2,06,128	1,52,441	441*	1,51,538	1,47,201	1,37,969	1,22,859
Muskara	:	:	2,60,452	8,06,179	4,01,135	3,90,412	3,76,299	2,92,690	2,75,800	2,51,143	1,22,590
Jalalpur	:	:	^		À	1	à	-			C 63,270
$\mathbf{Rath} \dagger$:	:	2,01,667	2,59,131	3,19,471	2,70,	2,70,614*	2,67,882	2,59,047	1,82,464	2,17,720
) Tulmores	Panwari	:	1,07,433	1,50,264	1,90,097	1,85,	1,85,530*	2,14,952	2,11,309	11,82,464	\$ 2.15.800
renibanat	Jaitpur	:	:	:		-	:	:	\$40,756	[34,295	
Mahoba	:	:	•		:	:	:	:	:	¶67,369	11,10,203
	• Separate figures not available: represents highest demand.	es not ava	ilable : repr	esents highe	st demand.		Settled by	Settled by Major Erakine, 1853.	kine, 1853.		
	† Including the small pargana of Kharka absorbed in Bath.	small pa	rgana of Kh	arka absorbe	ed in Bath.		Settled by	Settled by Mr. Ingram in 1864.	n in 1864. ng in 1956		
	T Includes now	a portion	or the old p	argana or Je	ajaipur Koar	ela.	i permea i	Setued by Mr. Freeling in 1000.	ng in 1000.		

TABLE X.—Demand at settlement and subsequent revisions.

Juneam Incidence per sore	Pargana and tahsil. Where included in a least total. Ain-r-Akbarn, Act 500 Cesses, Total. Cultiva- Total.	2 3 4 5 8	Rs, Rs, As p. Rs.	Hamirpur 52,529 5,265 57,774 2.30 10 10 53,841 80,457 9,045 99,502 1.74 10 3 1,04,735	Tahsil Hamirpur 1,42,979 14,297 157,276 1.91 10 6 1,58,576	Khandaut 54,988 5,498 60,486 1·71 8 0 51,060 Rath 2,20,037 22,003 242,040 2·84 15 9	Tahsil Rath 2,75,025 27,501 302,526 2.50 13 2	Eath 1,71,445 17,574 189,019 1.56 8 6	Mandaha 86,585 8,691 95,276 Khandela 90,701 9,070 99,771	Tahsil Maudaha 1,77.286 17,761 195,047 2.03 10 9	Total 8 44.027 85.179 929.506 11.89
-ive1	Second sion.	6			:		<u> </u>			<u> </u>	
nois:	Third rev Fourth ion.	10 11			; :		: :			: :	<u> </u>
·	Fifth rev	12			:		:	1		:	

TABLE XI.—Excise.

				İı		Druga.						Incidence	of recei	pts per	Number	e eh	3DR
	nor] grou	Country	y spirit.	aT m	.atq	Consun	Consumption in mannels of-	0	Opium.	.afdi	e981	10,000	from—	TOI 1	for sale of-	le of-	<u>.</u> [
Year,	Receipts foreign liq	Receipts.	Consump - tion in gallons,	tori siqisəsi İbase bas	(ieser fatoT	ajnaĐ.	.astadO	T of a I	Copsump-	90 er IsłoT	adO latoT	to upta -bulout g n i Tari,	Drugs.	.muiqO	Country stricts.	Drugs.	.aniqO
-	64	ေ	4	a re	9	7	æ	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	11	18
	B8.	Bs.		B.	Rs.	Mds. s.	Mds. s.	BB:	Mds. s.	Rs.	-Bs.	Rs.	Bs.	Rs.			
1901-02	:	15,641	:	:	3,256	63	8 22	11,029	9 22 0	29,926	1,261	348	72	245	116	9	20
1902-03	:	19,645	:	:	3,500	0	10 35	11,577	7 23 19	34,722	988	437	68	257	117	9	23
1903-04	:	22,722	:	:	2,650	H	4 13	13,299	9 25 114	38,671	1,282	505	53	296	117	9	22
1904-05	:	26,898	:	:	2,518	0.18	4 14	13,277	25 181	42,693	1,145	598	26	295	116	88	22
1905-08	:	20,756	:	:	3,383	1 0	8	8 13,694	1 27 36¥	37,783	9,933	461	74	304	116	58	22
1906-07	:	13,115	:	:	3,730	:	4	6 15,181	1 23 94	32,026	3,493	291	88	337	98	50	22
1907-08	:	23,097	:	:	2,981			3 15,144	21 24	41,222	919	513	99	337	98	49	22
1908-09	အ	23,773	:	:	2,048	:	0 36	13,876	3 19 18	39,730	2,325	529	52	308	88 33	49	83
01-6067	:	20,789	:	:	5,317	#s 0	68 99	14,175	5 16 26	40,281	2,673	462	118	315	79	20	24
1910-11	:	28,550	•	:	7,142	98 0	12 21,	15,471	14 19	51,163	4,928	634	158	34.1	62	22	24
1911-12	47	26,417	15,592-25	:	8,941	8	8 194	17.110	16 1	52,516	8,311	675	194	372	7.9	47	83 .
	_	_			_												

Table XII.—Stamps.

		-		Re	eceipts from		
		Year.		Non- judicial,	Court-fee including copies.	All sources.	Total charges.
		1		2	3	4	5
		,		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1901-02		••		8,251	26,853	35,576	595
1902-03	••	••	••	8,790	25,112	34,350	774
1903-04	••	••	• •	8,584	25,203	34,339	677
1904-05	••	••	0	7,365	20,468	28,301	680
1905-06	••	••	CHA	8,296	22,706	31,501	1,194
1906-07	•• ,	••		6,868	23,315	30,679	618
1907-08	••	••	600	10,329	30,094	41,020	828
1908-09	••	••	1.0	10,543	25,646	36,689	829
1909-10	••			11,193	30,728	42,499	956
1910-11	••	••		9,752	33,158	48,513	824
1911-12	••	••	संय	12,005	31,281	43,884	820
				1			

Table XIII.—Income-tax.

			-	Collec comp	Collected by companies.	Profits of companies.	ts of.	Õ	Other sources Part IV,	38 Part I	٧.		Objections u Part IV	Objections under Part IV.
	Year.		Total receipts.	Asses-	E	Asses-	Ė	Under Rs. 2,000.	в. 2,000.	Over Rs. 2,000	3, 2,000.	Total charges.	برا	Wholly or partly
				goes,	, year	S603.	Tax.	Asses- sees.	Tax.	Asses, sees.	Tax.		filed.	success- ful.
	ı		63	ಣ	4	5	9	7	œ	6	10	11	12	13
			Rs.		Rs.	1	Rs.	S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S	Rs.		RB.	Bs		
1901-02	:	:	15,345	:	सह सह	4	73	605	9,542	34	2,803	273	199	72
1902.03	:	:	14,653	:	गमेव		260	2 93	9,287	37	2,997	95	147	57
1903-04	:	:	10,261	:	जि		261	169	4,582	33	3,139	123	80	19
1904-05	;	:	10,289	:	ाते स्ते		261	172	4,649	39	3,284	8	34	18
1905-06	:	:	11,093		:	ч	200	162	4,254	43	3,479	1-	62	.9
1906-07	:	:	10,917	:	:	:	:	167	4,475	41	3,193	104	23	16
1907-08	:	:	11,101	:	:	r-1	242	191	4,894	949	3,445	8	76	21.
1908-09	:	:	8,638	:	•	H	193	200	5,132	45	3,313	99	87	- 50
1909.10	:	:	8,436	;	:	;	:	194	4,965	20	3,471	106	68	23
1910-12	•	:	060,6	Ħ	580	H	145	203	5,281	43	3,024	<u>r~</u>	98	47
1911-13	:	:	8,912	13	281	Ħ	156	213	5,533	42	2,942	8	51	ν.c.

Table XIV .- Income-Tax by takeils, Part IV only.

	,000 000	,x.e.T	ಸರ	523	348	240	251	293	277	258	258	305	237	237
faudha	Over Rs. 2,000.	-весваевъ	4	7	TO.	ಣ	က	41	4	4	4	ιφ	4	4
Fahsil Maudha.	Under s. 2,000.	тат.	ಳಾ	1,444	1,307	713	786	739	177	804	₹89	574	260	607
	Under Re. 2,000	,89988988А	63	68	8	7 7	27	28	288	29	233	13	19	21
	er ,000.	жаТ.	ಸಾ	180	138	178	230	292	491	491	504	611	601	547
Mahoba	Over Rs. 2,000.	У васавев	4	1	Н	-	67	က	9	9	70	<u>r</u>	<u></u>	9
Tahsil Mahoba.	ler 000.	.xeT	က	266	576	629	627	651	9/6	976	1,214	1,084	1,223	1,279
E 7	Under Rs. 2,000.	.89083088A	61	75	22	26	23	22	9	40	20	45	49	33
18T.	Over Rs. 2,000.	Tax.	ıφ	413	362	403	555	693	592	541	797	844	510	638
ulpah	B.S.	Аѕвевяеня.	41	10	4	20	1	6	0	ø	12	13	90	10
Tahsil Kulpahar.	Under Rs. 2,000	хяТ	6	2,040	1,951	893	913	697	733	837	784	835	1,086	1,212
Ħ	D &	A8868809.	C/1	124	121	150	65	22	28	33	32	34	41	48
ď	Over Rs. 2,000.	, xeT	õ	1,290	1,731	1,826	1,910	1,863	1,737	1,832	1,512	1,661	1,475	1,322
Rati	Ba.	Азвевеев,	47	17	24	23	23	23	21	23	21	24	21	13
Tabsil Rath.	Under Bs. 2,000.	.xsT	က	3,218	3,038	1,504	1,510	1,490	1,573	1,623	1,680	1,633	1,655	1,707
	B. C.	.89988988A	62	203	202	56	22	56	82	63	63	63	63	64
ür.	Over Rs. 2,000.	Tax	10	403	346	533	330	400	295	325	248	53	200	198
Hamirpur.	Bs.	,89988988A	4	4	භ	7	ĸ	r0	47	ro	4	Н	ಣ	က
Tabsil Ha	ader 2,000	,xeT	က	1,870	1,899	968	761	129	741	654	77.	608	756	728
T_{a}	Under Rs. 2,00	A ssesses.	C3	119	120	36	တ္ထ	27	88	151	32	34	12	99
					: :		;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
		Year	1	1901-02	1902-03	1903-04	1904.05	1905-06	1903-07	1907-08	1908-09	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12

TABLE XV.-District Board.

пор	Superannu a t l charges.	97	Rs,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	403	462
	Dept.	18	Rs	850	850	803	800	812	13	1,535	5,840	1,518	5,474	3,809
	Pounds,	12	Rs.	2,975	2,991	3,125	2,718	2,944	3,267	9,752	3,238	3,319	3,272	3,841
	Civil works.	16	BS.	38,458	62,088	74,528	68,462	82,270	76,118	60,528	820,99	63,010	57,503	55,708
	Miscel- lancous.	15	Rs.	59	89	63	124	303	299	317	328	355	15	629
170,	Sofentific &c.	14	Rs.	410	456	395	417	397	911	1,514	1,419	1,375	2,108	1,637
Expenditure.	.IsoibsM	13	Rs.	8,388	9,324	8,677	8,824	9,534	10,667	10,343	10,918	11,073	11,232	10,851 1,637
	Education.	13	BS.	20,218	24,000	26,186	25,276	27,640	30,736	33,875	34,898	35,624	37,020	38,921
	-bA fareneD ministra- ton.	11	BB	1,639	2,011	1,680	1,929	1,869	2,639	3,490	4,240	4,182	3,757	3,856
	Oontriba. or stoots filousory filousory filousory	10	Rs.	085				9	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Total Ex-	6	R3,	72,997	1,01,788	1,15,457	1,08,550	1,25,769	1,24,649	1,15,354	1,26,959	1,20,585	1,20,784	1,19,764
	Ferries.	86	Rs.	1,950	1,725	9,017, 1,775	1,745	1,670	3,746	5,392	7,953	6,614	290'2	7,651
	Ponnds.	2	BS.	8,166	8,705	9,017	10,420	200'6	8,555	14,187	8,102	1,023	10,329	226'6
	Civil works.	g	Rs.	2,894	2,952	2,992	5,248	8,146	1,365	1,704	13,094	869	2,540	24,611
Receipts.	Miscellane- ons,	1 0	B.	48	22	122	189	243	189	230	869	359	108	694
	Solentific, &c.	40	器	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	22	832
	Medical.	60	Rs.	1,308	1,367	1,329	1,705	1,322	1,348	1,757	1,629	1,968	2,281	5,489
	Education.	es .	B.	1,222 1,	1,490 1,8	1,497 1,329	1,638 1,705	1,577 1,8	1,644 1,	1,640 1,	1,884 1,6	2,519 1,	3,825 2,	28,830 5,
	Year,	1		1901-02	1902-03	1903-04	1904-05	1905-03	1906-07	1907-08	1908-09	1909-10	1910-11	1911-120

* From this year the provincial contribution was for the first time credited under different heads of receipt,

TABLE XVI.—Distribution of Police, 1911.

Thana.		Sub- Inspec- tors.	Head Con- stables	Con- stables.	Munici- pal Police.	Town Police.	Rural Police.	Road Police
, 1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8.
Hamirpur		1	1	8		11	3	2
Ajnar	••	1	1	10			67	2
Kulpahar	••	1	1	10		7	41	-
Mahoba		2	1	10	17	•••	59	10
Maudaha		2	1	8		10	69	10
Kabrai		1	1	9			44	4
Sumerpur		1	FIF	8		••	58	8
Srinagar		15		8		••	54	6
Kashipur	••	(6)	1	9		••	57	6
Majhgawan		1.6	1	8		••	74	
Lalpura		1 1	1	3/607			52	8
Jalalpur		1	1	8		••	52	
Bewar		1	70/14	M 8		•••	64	4
Muskara	• •	1 4		8		•••	66	6
Rath		1/5	1	8	23	• • •	69	8
Kurara	••	10	1	8		•••	53	2
Jariya	• •	1	1	8		••	63	6
Panwari		1	सन्दरम्ब	141 8		••	72	4
Outposts.	į	,				••	'-	
Sisolar	.,		1	4				
Chandaut		••	1	4	••	••	**	••
(A. P.		••	1	3	••	••	••	••
Kharela } C. P.		••	•	3	••	••		••
Civil Reserve		••	••	1	••	••		••
Armed Police	••	4	••	33	••	••		••
Magistrate's Cour	- 1	1	21	96	•••	••		••
Superintendent Pe		1	5	14	••	••		••
Office.		1	1	6	••	••		••
Line duties	••	1	4	11	••	••	••	••
Total		28	52	323	40	28	1,017	84

N.B.—Outpost Kharela has an Armed Police force of one head constable and 3 constables and one constable of Civil Police.

Table XVII.—Education.

					Total,		Secoi	Secondary education.	tion.	Prii	Primary education.	tion.
	Year.			Schools	Scholars	lars.	1.0	Sch	Scholars.	5	Sch	Scholars.
				Colleges.	Males.	Females.	Schools.	Males.	Females.	Schools	Males,	Females.
	H			63	ಣ	4	ಸ್	9	7	œ	6	10
1901-03	:	:	:	8	3,947	35	7	919	:	82	2,988	58
1902-03	;	:	:	123	4,913	22		896	:	116	3,945	27
1903-04	;	:	:	124	4,929	64	7	866	:	111	3,931	64
1904-05	:	:	:	128	4,267	23		648	;	121	3,619	23
1905-06	:	:	•	127	4,499	99	-1	864	;	120	3,635	99
1906-07	:	:	:	127	4,404	137	4	941	:	120	3,463	137
1907-08	:	:	•	187	5,335	325	œ	612	113	129	4,723	212
1908-09	:	:	:	145	5,673	337	ας	730	115	137	4,940	222
909-10	:	:	:	150	5,700	393	œ	797	114	142	4,903	279
1910-11	:	:	:	147	5,663	351	æ	714	104	139	4,949	247
1911-12	:	:	:	149	5,921	354	4	775	;	142	5,146	354

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911.

	<u> </u>			
Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class.	Average attend- ance.
(Hamirpur {	Hamirpnr		96
. [Sumerpur	Ditto Sumerpur	Vernacular Middle Ditto	117 44
	- }	Ditto Rameri		140
1	Hamirpur {	Kurara	1	39 83
	Sumerpur {	Ingohta	Ditto	52
	Hamirpur	Panthia Buzurg Patara	Lower Primary. Ditto	26 29
į	Sumerpur	Bidokhar	Ditto	31
1	Hamirpur	Pandhari	Ditto	24
Hamir-	Sumerpur.	Chhani Buzurg Bhauli	TYPE .	36 32
pur.	Hamirpur	Jhalokhar	Ditto	26
- }	ì	Tehra	Ditto	31
	Sumerpur ?	Kandaura	Ditto	20
1	Sumerpur	Banki Pateura	Ditto Ditto	24 26
1	(Pachkhura Buzurg	Ditto	36
1	Hamirpur {	Kandaur	Ditto	25
ł		Hamirpur Girls' School	Upper Primary	34
}	(Sumerpur Girls' School Deogaon	Lower Primary Aided School	$\frac{14}{22}$
],	Sumerpur <	Ujnedi	Ditto	20
Į		Sahjanan	Ditto	23
`	(Bachrauli	Ditto	25
,		Maudaha	Vernacular Middle	87
[Maudaha {	Ditto	Branch School	134
ĺ	35	Muskara	Upper Primary	70
	Muskara }	Bewar Kharela	Ditto	83 85
1	Maudaha	Artara	Ditto	75
	Muskara {	Gabrauli	Ditto	86
ļ	Maudaha	Lodhipur Newada		38
ĺ	Muskara	Patanpur Bijehta	Ditto	24 34
i	Maudaha {	Bhamai	Ditto	19
1	mandana	Sisolar	Ditto	28
Mauda-	Muskara {	Umri	Ditto	88
ha.	museana)	Imilia Baswari	Ditto	27 26
	Maudaha	Bhainsm ar i	Ditto	31
	(Karhia	Ditto	37
	Muskara	Bihuni	Ditto	26
	l '	Kambaria	Ditto	27
		Sayar	Ditto	33
		Naraich	Ditto	25
ļ	Maudaha	Masgaon	Aided School	18 24
Ì		Husaina	Ditto	15
} i		Kandhauli	Ditto	19
	\	Makraon	Ditto	13
			(

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911-(continued).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class.	Average attend- ance.
Maudaha —(con- cluded).	Maudaha— {	Bhulsi Baije Mau Bewar (Girls' School)	Aided School Ditto Lower Primary	18 17 20
Mahoba	Mahoba	Mahoba Srinagar Sijahri Surha Bhandra Paswara Bilbai Chikahra Pahra Makarbai Ganj Gahra Srinagar (Girls' School) Mahoba station Mahoba Pawa Bilkhi Sijwaha Singhanpur Beghari Tika Mau Goendi Kabrai Mahoba	Middle School Upper Primary. Lower Primary. Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Lower Primary. Aided Christian Mission orphanage. Girls' School Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Lower Primary. Lower Primary. Ditto Lower Primary. (Girls' School).	159 76 28 23 18 24 28 24 28 24 28 24 28 24 28 24 28 24 28 24 28 20 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40
Kulpahar	Kulpahar	Kulpabar Panwari Ajnar Jaitpur Supa Songra Baindo Nanaura Gauhrari Iktauhan Mundari Bijaipur Mahua Bandh Nagaraghat Bharwara Pipra Muaf Kilaua Budhwara Kankua Kulpahar Panwari (Girls' School) Kashipur Burero	Middle School Upper Primary Ditto	64 95 49 49 44 82 31 33 20 24 26 21 26 25 19 24 90 21 25

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911-(concluded).

		71 BOHOODS, 1911—	COM		
Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.		Class.	Average attend- ance.
Kulpahar —(concld.)	Kulpahar	Seonri Dhawar Dulara Bagwaha		Aided School Ditto Ditto Ditto	20 26 16 23
Rath	Rath Jalalpur Rath Jalalpur Rath Jalalpur Rath Jalalpur	Rath Do Do Do Majhgawan Gohand Dhagwan Jalalpur Aunta Khera Salajit Jaria Jarakhar Nauranga Bilgaon Islampur Chandaut Tola Rawat Dhamna Amund Italia Kupra Neoli Bansa Mumna Malehta Rehunta Bira Kachwa kalan Jitkri Baukhar Ballaon Dhanauri Umaria Galhia Kulenhda Mawai Kaithi Bilrakh Sirsi Kasba Khera Itaura Rahak Nahdawra		Middle School Branch School Model Girls' School Upper Primary Ditto Ditt	97 166 48 63 63 40 51 53 58 46 48 48 34 82 89 26 38 28 27 25 45 17 40 17 22 17 27 27 27 27 27
	<u>-</u>				

	ROADS, 1911.		·	Len	gth.
	A.~Provincial.			Miles	Fur
1. 2.	Cawnpore, Hamirpur and Saugor ro Fatehpur, Banda and Saugor road	oad		42 24	0 0
		Total		66	0
	BLocan.		-		
I - -	A. First class roads, metalled, bridg throughout.	ed und dr	ained		
1.	Hamirpur station road			14	0
2.	Kabrai railway station feeder road	••	••	2	õ
3.	Mahoba railway feeder road Mahoba to Charkhari	••	•••	3 5	5 7
4. 5.	Jaitpur railway feeder road	• •		í	3
6.	Maudaha to Muskira	••	•••	ī	4
7.	Mahoba to Lauri	2/		4	$\bar{2}$
8.	Kulpahar railway feeder road	200		2	4
	62.55	1623			
		m			
		Total	••	35	1
1. 2.	Rath to Kulpahar Hamirpur to Rath			26 17	•6 0
	Carrier State	Total		48	•6
<i>A</i>	. Second class roads, unmetalled, lri throughout.	d _s ed and	drained		
1.	Jaitpur to Kulpahar			4	0
2.	Railway feeder road to Kari Pahai	i railway	station	0	3.6
3.	Charkhari to Supa railway station	••	••	0	2.5
				4	6.1
		Total	••	-30	
	-B. Second class roads, unnetalled partially drained,				
	partially drained, Banda to Sumerpur			19	0
11	partially drained. Banda to Sumerpur Hamirpur to Kalpi			19 18	0 4
1. 2. 3.	partially drained. Banda to Sumerpur Hamirpur to Kalpi Hamirpur to Muskira		and	19 18 32	0 4 0
11. 2.	partially drained. Banda to Sumerpur Hamirpur to Kalpi		and	19 18	0

Hamirpur District.

	ROADS, 1911—	(continued).		Leng	gth.
ĮII.	EFourth class roads, unmo bridged and c	etalled, banked, p Irained.	artially	Miles	Fur
1. 2.	Rath to Chandaut Baswari to Sisolar	••	::	22 29	4 0
3. 4.				16 14	0
		Total	••	81	4
	IV. Sixth class road	s, cleared only.	-		
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15.	Maudaha to Kapsa Rath to Jalalpur Panwari to Lahchura Rath to Kochhechha Benwar to Kharela Srinagar to Supa Sumerpur to Pateora Jhalokhar to Jalalpur Jalalpur to Kharela Nowgong to Charkhri an Rath to Jaitpur Kunchta to Kabrai Srinagar to Jaitpur Sumerpur to Pailani	d to Tehra		21 9 23 12 11 21 13 8 10 22 27 24 16 14 2	06 00 00 00 46 40 00 04
	•	Total	••	286	0
			į-		

FERRIES, 1911.

Income,	Ecased to-	J 1985 0,000.	Leased to-	-	Rs. 850.	:	•	:	:		
Management.	Public Works Depart. Leased to-ment. Set the T	District Board	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto		:	:	•		
W.	Public men		Ä	Ä.	Ā	Private	Ď,	Š.	Ä	 	
	:	: :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		
River.	Jumpa	Letwa Jumpa	Do.	Do.	ğ	Betwa	Jumna	Do.	Betwa		1
ý.	:	É			arg	È.	;	:	:		
Name of ferry.	Hamirpur	Difto Bhauli	Sikrorhi	Pataura	Surauli Buzurg	Sahorapur	Barus	Bachtrauli'	Chandaut		
	:	: ;	趙	4 1	nrg	.:	:	:	:	 	
Village.	Hamirpur	Ditto Bhanli	Sikrorhi	Pataura	Burauli Busurg	Sahorapur	Barua	Bachhrauli	Chandaut		
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		
Pargana,	Hamirpur	Ditto	Ditto	Sumerpur	Ditto	Ditto	Hamirpur	Ditto	Jalalpur		
	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:		
Tábail.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		
Ţ	Hamirpur	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Rath		

POST OFFICES, 1911.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Name of office.	Class.		Manage- ment.
<u> </u>	_ (Hamirpur	Head office combin	eđ	Imperial.
<u> </u>	Hamirpur {	Kurara	Branch office		Do.
Hamirpur }	. (Sumerpur	Ditto		Do.
· ·	Sumerpur {	Lalpura	Ditto		Do.
(Maudaha	Maudaha	Sub-office		Do,
	Muskara	Muskara	Ditto		Do.
Maudaha	Maudaha	Sisolar	Branch office	••	Do.
	75	Bewar	Ditto	••	Do.
()	Muskara {	Kharela	Ditto	••	Do.
	8	Mahoba	Sub-office combined	••	Do.
Mahoba	Mahoba <	Kabrai	Branch office		Do,
	(Srinagar	Ditto	••	Do.
	ſ	Kulpahar	Sub-office	••	Do.
7711	77.1.1	Panwari	Ditto		Do.
Kulpahar	Kulpahar {	Jaitpur	Branch office		Do.
		Ajnar	Ditto	••	Do.
/	(Rath	Sub-office	••	Do.
	$_{ m Rath}$ \langle	Jariya	Branch office		Do.
Rath	(Majhgawan	Ditto		\mathbf{D}_{0}
	(Jalalpur	Ditto	••	Do.
	Jalalpur {	Chandaut	Ditto	••	Do.
••	Charkhari State.	Charkhari	Sub-office combined	••	Do.
				÷	
			<u> </u>		

MARKETS, 1911.

Tahsil.	Pargana.		Bazar.	Market days,
Hamir {	Hamirpur Sumerpur	: {	Kurara	Tuesday and Saturday. Sunday and Thursday. Wednesday and Saturday. Saturday.
(Maudaha	{	Sisolar	Tuesday and Saturday. Monday and Friday,
Maudaha	Muskara		Khareja Gahrauli Pahari Bhitari Muskara Baswari Imilia	Tuesday and Saturday. Friday. Wednesday. Sunday. Tuesday. Monday. Monday.
Mahoba	Mahoba	{	Mahoba Ditto Kabrai Go'ndi	Tuesday Friday Saturday Tuesday Monday Wednesday
Kulpahar	Kulpahar		Lohenri Pipra Minaura Majngawan Ajnar Tikaria Jaitpur Supa Satari Kulpahar Gaurahri Bijaipur Kilauwa Bharwara Panwari Paharia Chauka Kankua Teia Kashipur Dharwar Bendo Seonrhi Nagara ghat	Thursday. Monday. Tuesday. Sunday. Friday. Monday and Thursday. Friday. Saturday. Wednesday. Tuesday. Monday and Tuesday. Wednesday. Sunday. Sunday. Sunday. Sunday.
Rath	Rath	{	Gohand	Tuesday. Saturday. Friday.

MARKETS, 1911-(concluded).

Tahsil.	Pargana.		Bazar.		Market days	
Rath	Rath		Rath Aunta Kasba Khera Muskara khurd Majhgawan Tola Khangaran Jarakhar Basela Kuchhechha Puraini		Sunday. Thursday. Monday. Tuesday. Wednesday. Thursday. Monday. Friday. Thursday. Thursday.	
				The state of the s		
				>		
			सत्यमेव जयते			

FAIRS, 1911.

Tabsil.	Pargana.	Town or village,	Name of fair.	Date,	Average attendance.
Hamirpur,	Sumerpur, Hamirpur.	Jhalokhar Miranpur Patara Do. Do. Kurara Shankarpur Saunkhar Maihanan Bhauniyan Atraiya Deogaon Pataura Kuchhechha Chhani Buzurg Bhakaul	Bhuinyan Rani, Dunaya Kanu Pir Jalbaba Mahabir Bare Deo No name Manasar Nath Basnag Kamikhya Devi Goshain Baba Sidh Rakh Baba Bhutani	Every Sunday Kartik Purnmashi Kartik Magh A g h an Puranmashi. Chait Sudi Naumi and Kuar Puranmashi. Month of Pus Kartik Puranmashi. Kartik Puranmashi. Kartik Puranmashi. Pus Amawas A g h an Puranmashi. Pus Puranmashi. A g h an Puranmashi. A g h an Puranmashi. A g h an Puranmashi. A g h an Puranmashi. (commences). A g h an Puranmashi.	200 1,000 250 250 250 260 200 3,000 2,000 500 200 100 10,000 200
	Su	Pauthia Kalauli Tir Sumerpur Pandhari Narsara Bidokhar	Jhanru Baba Goshain Baba . Dhar meshar Baba	Aghan Amawas Do. Aghan Amawas and Bysakh Amawas. Pus Sudi Ashtami (commences). Chait Sudi Ashtami. Magh Badi Panchami (commences).	1,500 100 200
Rath.	Jalalapur.	Chandaut Bokhar Indarpura Kupra Puraini Bhendi	Ram Lila Do Bhuinyan Rani Sardha Devi Sidh Baba Mahesuri Devi	Pus Badi Tij to Amawas. Pus Badi Ashtami to Puranmashi. Chait Sudi Pan- chami. Chait Sudi Ashta- mi. Katik Sudi Naumi Chait Sudi Naumi and Dasmi	400 400 2,000 600 500 4,000
	Rath.	Chandwari Khera Salajit	Dunaya Ram Lila	Kartik Sudi Pu- ranmashi. Aghan Sudi Ashta- mi to Puran- mashi.	200 2,000

FAIRS, 1911-(continued).

Tabsil.	Pargana.	Town or village.	Name of fair.	Date.	Average attendance,
/	(Bira	Chatur Bhuj Mahraj	Chait Badi Ama- was.	600
d).	d).	Malehta	Sati Debi	Makar ki Sank-	200
		Rath Purab	Ram Lila	rant. Kuar Sudi Duj to Kartik Badi	5,000
		Rath Uttar	Bare Pir	Duj 11th Rabi-us-sani	1,000
ude	ad.	Ballaon Bara	Dunaya Shiamla Devi	Kartik Sudi Duj Asarh Sudi Pu-	600 3,000
omcl	one			ranmashi	-
्री	9	Kuan Khera	Bhairon Baba	Bhadon Sudi Chhath.	500
Rath-(concluded)	Rath-(concluded)	Tunka	Mardan Ghaib	Rabi-ul-awwal on Thursday.	1,000
22 I	Ba	Rauran	Sheoratri	Phagun Sudi Chaudas to Sudi Duj.	500
		Nauranga	Ram Lila	Pus Sudi Dujto	1,000
		Jarakhar	Do, ,,	Puranmashi. Magh Sudi Duj to Paranmashi.	1,500
	Kulpahar.	Mahob Kanth Thurat	Sidh Ram Lila	Makar ki Sankrant Aghan Puran- mashi.	2,000 1,000 to 1,500
ļ		Jaitpur	Krishn Lila	Kartik Puran-	3,000
		Rupnol	Mahadeo	mashi. Kartik Puran-	1,000
냂		Kamalpura	Dhanush Jagya	mashi. Aghan Sudi Pan-	1,000
Kulpahar.		Supa	Krishn Lila	chami. Pus Badi Pan- chami.	2,000
Ku		Kulpahar	Jal Behar	Bhadon Sudi Teras.	3,000
		Ajnar	Dhanush Jagya	Pus Sudi Dwa- dashi.	2,000
		Laherhi	Do	Magh Badi Tij	2,000
		Nunaura Gaurahri	Do Krishn Lila	Pus Sudi Teras Aghan Badi Pan	2,000 1,000
\	:			chami.	
pa.	Mahoba,	Mahoba	Ram Lila	October 17th to	1,000
		Do	Kajaliya	29th. Sawan Puran-	2,600
		Srinagar	Jaora	mashi. Kuar Sudi Naumi	800
Mahoba		Atraur	Dhanush Jagya.	and Chait Naumi Aghan Sudi Pan-	1,000
M		Sijwaha	Do	chami. Aghan Sudi Dashmi aond Ekadashi.	2,000

FAIRS, 1911-(concluded).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Town or vallage,	Name of fair.	Date.	Average attendance.
	,	Pawa	Kans Lila	Aghan Sudi Pu-	1,600
		Rahilia	Suraj Kund	ranmashi. Kartik Puran-	500
11		,	Juruj Iruna	mashi.	
1,		Dandhat Sijahri	Ram Lila	Aghan Badi Chhat January	700 600
÷	8	Ratauli	Siddhan	Khichrahi	200
ğ.	g	Makarbai	Do	Do,	200
72	cte	Marehta	Do	Kartik Badi Duj	100
8	80	Utiyan	Debi	Aghan Badi Duj	500
اک	ا ڳڙ	Dharaun Surha	Bindraban Baba Kanhaiya	Aghan Baisakh Sudi Pu-	200 200
41	الجا	Surna	паппатуа	ranmashi.	
Mahoba-(eoreluded).	Mahoba—(concluded)	Goindi	Sidhan and	Aghan Sudi Pu-	2,000
(a)	I I	Sachaura	Dhanus Jagya		100
~	74	Sachaura	Kalika	Aghan Badi Ama- was.	100
		Mahewa	Mohan Baba	Aghan Sudi 7th	100
-		Bilbai	Siddhan	Pus	1,500
()	l	Dharra	Nai Debi	Aghan Sudi Pan- chami	500
ì			CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	Спаш	
(1	Sigolar	Mahraja Baba	Baisakh Puran-	500
	Maudaha.		7719 444 4	mashi and Kar-	
11		Tikri Buzurg	Mansa Nath	tik Puranmashi Baisakh Puran-	300
			110011	mashi and Kar-	
- 11				tık Puranmashi	_
		Ratauli	Siddh Baba	Aghan Sudi Eka-	800
		Himauli	Rhao Miyan	dashi. Basant Panchami	350
		Gadaria Khera	Bhao Miyan Siddh Baba	Aghan Sudi	800
[취				Chauth.	
Maudaha.		Maudaha	Kans Lila	Bhadon Puran- mashi.	3,000
չ	Mu skira	Bhadan		Aghan Puran-	400
- []		Bnadan	••	mashi.	200
[]		Bihuni Kalan	Ram Lila	Kartik	500
- 11		Baswari	Do,	Do	500
. []		Muskira Alra Gaura	Do Nagpanchami	Do Nagpanchami	300 500
	, 월)	Gahrauli	Ram Lila	Nagpanchami Kartik	600
. []		Sauniyan	Do	Do	200
11		Kharela	Do	Do	500
1		Chhani	Gaughat	Khichrahi day	2,000
1		}	1	1	1

BANDA.

Supplementary notes and statistics to

VOLUME XXI

OF THE

District Gazetteers of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.



ALLAHABAD:

Printed by the Superintendent, Government Press, United Provinces, $1\ 9\ 1\ 6\ .$

Alterations and additions to Part A of the Banda District Gazetteer, bringing it up to date (1915).

CHAPTER I.

In the first line of the opening paragraph on page 1 substitute "Jhansi" for "Allahabad."

In the paragraph on General Appearance on page 2 substitute "South and east" for "South" in line 4 and "west" for "east" in line 6.

In portion of the paragraph on Lakes and Jhils on page 20 after the word "works" in line 2 add "and in and along the patha numerous large irrigation tanks are now under construction."

On page 22 in the paragraph on *Jungles* add the words "and in trans Ken Banda" after "tahsil" in line 13.

In portion of the paragraph on jungles on page 23 substitute "at" for "within three miles of" in lines 15 and 16 and "are" for "is" in line 23; in line 24 read "presses" for "press" and add "Manikpur" after "Markundi."

For the portion commencing at about the middle of page 26 with the sentence "No detailed working plan has been prepared, the forest being managed in accordance with a rough scheme drawn up by Mr. Blanchfield, Extra Assistant Conservator in 1896" to the end of the paragraph on page 27 substitute the following:—

"Prior to 1911 no detailed working plan had been prepared, the forests being managed in accordance with a rough scheme drawn up by Mr. Blanchfield, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests in 1896. Under this scheme the system originally adopted was that all trees under 15 inches in girth were to be left standing, as well as all mohwa, achar, asula and ber. The scheme was subsequently slightly changed and it was laid down that no tendu, mohwa or achar was to be cut, and that the Range Officer should mark for reservation trees under 15 inches in girth which showed promise of developing into good straight stems, suitable either for timber or ballies. The object in view being a sustained annual supply of fuel, a rotation of 25 years

was chosen and the forests divided into five working circles with an annual coupe aggregating one-twenty-fifth of the area of each circle. Coppice areas when fellings were stopped in 1907 were selling at the low rate of Rs. 2 per acre although the demand had been improving steadily. For bamboos the forest had been divided into 12 blocks six of which were opened and six closed every alternate year.

From July 1911 a working plan drawn up by Mr. Whitehead, Deputy Conservator of Forests, has been in force. By its prescriptions regular green wood fellings have been stopped and felling restricted to what is required to meet the demands of local villagers for their bona fide household and domestic requirements, timber being given them at fixed schedule rates. All the reserved and unclassed forests are included under one working circle. Dry wood is removed from coupes arranged on a five year rotation, the produce being sold by area by auction annually in the same way as bamboos for which fellings are arranged under two fellings series separately for reserved and unclassed forests with a three year rotation, the cutting of mature bamboos being regulated by certain rules. Minor produce is generally sold on tender to the highest bidder. Grazing of rightholders' cattle is permitted free, other people pay at the uniform rate of one anna per head of bull, cow, or bullock, and two annas per head of buffalo, and a number of cattle go up to the forests from distant villages for a few months during the monsoon. All the forests are at present open to grazing and the limit of grazing has been fixed in the working plan at one head of cattle for every 4 acres of forest, a buffalo being reckoned as equivalent to two head of cattle, though the incidence of forest grazing actually works out to 2.68 acres per head of cattle: this however does not take into consideration the considerable areas of village waste and private forests also used as pasture by the cattle which resort to the forests.

In times of scarcity the forest are thrown open to free grazing for bovine animals (not browsers) and constitute a most valuable fodder reserve.

The income from all forests averaged from 1896 to 1900 Rs. 3,184 of which the unclassed forests contributed only Rs. 341.

From 1900 to 1905 the average from all forests was Rs. 7,588 to which the latter contributed Rs. 1,081, a noteable improvement taking place under all heads. From 1906 to 1910-11 the average annual income owing to stoppage of coppice and bamboo fellings fell to Rs. 5,051, the unclassed forests contributing Rs. 1,110. Since the introduction of the new working plan the gross annual receipts for the two years have averaged Rs. 8,301 and the expenditure amounted to Rs. 8,650 including the zamindars' 45 per cent. share of the Pachpan Paintalis forests, but not the pay of the Divisional Forest Officer or head office establishments. The receipts however of these last two years have been somewhat swollen owing to the felling of wood on new fire lines and does not represent the ordinary revenue which might be expected from the working of the forests, under the present working plan which has for its object the protection and improvement of the forests. The value of the forests, however, must be judged rather by the improvement they may possibly cause in the rainfall, the provision of a food and fodder reserve in famine years, and the maintenance of a regular supply of timber for local requirements, besides providing a good supply of fuel when regular working is again opened, which advantages would have been lost but for the reservation. In connection with the question of fodder it may be noted that during the famine of 1907-1908, 23,261 maunds of hay were extracted from the Ranipur, 30,153 maunds from the Chauri Donda and 1,353 maunds from the Kolhua reserves. This quantity supplemented by 4,031 maunds from the Pachpan Paintalis forests of Kalyanpur and 809 maunds from those of Dadri together with 13,100 maunds from the Panna forests was baled and exported by the forest department to famine stricken parts. More recently in 1912, grass from the Banda forests was cut, baled and exported to Guzerat by private contractors who have steam presses at Markundi and Manikpur for trade purposes though the greater portion of the hay supply of these traders comes from protected village lands leased by them nearer the pressing centres."

On page 29 in the paragraph on *Minerals* substitute the words "It is now a thing of the past though up to a few years ago it still flourished" for "It still flourishes" in the last line but 5.

In the last line but 6 of the second paragraph on page 32 add "Though rare considerable numbers are still brought in for the reward which is 10 per head" after "Baberu."

On page 33 in line 4 substitute "at much higher rates" for "at the same rate."

Paragraph on Cattle, page 34. In line 8 substitute "were" for "are" and add "but the shows commanded little interest and have now been discontinued "after "bullocks" at end of last line but 5 add "to fall again owing to the effects of the 1908 famine to 182,314, 270,397 and 198,721 at next census in in 1909" in the last line but 3 add "but in recent years prices have shown a tendency to rise still higher" after the word "pair."

On page 36 at the end of the paragraph on *climate* add "Of recent years the Agricultural department have kept a temperature record at the Attarra Demonstration farm and have recorded hot weather shade temperatures as high as 1252."

On page 38 at end of fourth sentence in the portion of paragraph on *Rainfall* add the words "The years since then have again been extremely prosperous as although the rains were by no means timely any loss on the kharif crops has been more than made up by bumper rabi harvests."

At the end of first sentence of the paragraph on *Health* insert "though unjustly as it compares distinctly favourably with the climate in most parts of these Provinces."

On page 40 substitute the following for the paragraph on Infirmities:—

"The figures for the various censuses have been.
--

Year.	Lunatics.	Lepers.	Deaf mutes.	Blind,
186 1	466	2,415	898	5,975
1891	181	1,266	1,023	6,528
1901	216	512	651	8,646
1911	879	678	781	5,588

CHAPTER II.

In the paragraph on Cultivated Area on page 44 add "and since then has risen to 924,447 in 1911" after "acres" in line 12 and "but owing to better years a recovery of some of 9% had been made by 1911 despite the famine of 1908" after "1891" in the last line but 9.

On page 46 in line 2 add "though of late years there has been a steady tendency to an increase in the rabi yet" before the word "over." For the last sentence on the same page substitute "In the tracts commanded by the Ken canal the tendency towards an enhanced do fasli area and an increased proportion of rabi are more pronounced than elsewhere."

On page 51 at end of the portion of the paragraph on Other Kharif Crops add "It has however been shown at the Attarra farm that sugarcane can be made to yield magnificent crops and there is no doubt that as soon as the Ken canal is in a position to give water through the hot months of the year a very large area will again go under this crop."

For sentences 5 and 6 in the portion of the paragraph on *Rabi* Crops substitute "until recently wheat was practically never grown alone—it is now however a common crop in canal irrigated lands."

On page 54 for the portion "The famine programme of the district has been thoroughly revised by Mr. Silberrad Some 600 projects have been so far prepared in case of another famine" substitute the following:—

"The famine programme of the district has from time to time been revised and in its present form depends mainly on large irrigation projects and road work with a subsidiary programme of village works consisting mostly of bandhis, the schemes for which have been drawn up with professional assistance.

Large numbers of these bandhis were constructed during the scarcity of 1905-06 and the famine of 1908 which have for the most part proved of considerable permanent value."

On page 55 in the paragraph on Wells add "Bhaunri and" after "round" in line 8.

At end of the portion of the paragraph on Wells on page 56 add "except that an adequate supply for domestic services has been obtained in the town of Banda which formerly suffered severely from scarcity of water.

For the paragraph on the Garh Chappa tank on pages 57 and 58 substitute the following:—

"Along the edge of the scarp in the Mau tahsil works are now under construction at Katra Khamba, and Baburi, while schemes are under consideration at Jaiwanti, Khandeha and Aunjha which should render the whole of the plains portion of that tahsil reasonably safe from famine. On the patha round Bargarh three tanks have already been constructed and others will shortly be taken in hand.

On the Manikpur patha a large tank is under construction at Manikpur and many others will in a short time be taken up in the neighbourhood.

All these schemes allow for flow irrigation for rice cultivation and rabi sowing in the land commanded below the dam, and also much of the area within the reservoir will as the water falls be put under rabi."

On page 60 in lines 25 and 26 for the words "will be commenced as soon as the project is sanctioned" substitute "is already in hand and it is hoped will be completed before the lapse of many months. Without this additional storage the Ken is a maimed scheme as it cannot meet the requirements made on it for the rabi and is absolutely unable to supply water in the hot weather."

On page 61 in line 16 add "which now appears to be becoming the case" after "regularly."

On page 62 in the paragraph on the *Paisuni Canal* in line 1, substitute "Several projects" for "The project" and "have" for "has" in line 2 substitute "was originally "for "is" in line 6 substitute "would have been "for "will be" in line 8 substitue "would have commanded" for "will command."

For the portion commencing with the fourth sentence to the end of the paragraph substitute the following:—

"It however proved impossible to obtain a suitable site for the escape weir and another project has now been worked out. In this similarly to the case of the Ken Canal the main reservoir will be above the falls at Itwan—a long earthen dam giving nearly 4 million cubic feet storage. From the reservoir the water will pass by the river channel to a pick

up dam situated about 2 miles below Ansuia. Here the main canal takes off on the left bank and proceeds northwards until it has crossed the railway. Thence one branch commands the Baghain Paisuni doab, while another crossing the Paisuni on an aqueduct commands the doab between that river and the Ohen."

For the paragraph on The Ohan Canals on pages 62 and 63 substitute the following:—

"The Ohan river rises in the uneven country lying between the Matolar and Manikpur forest blocks in the Karwi tahsil. A magnificent natural site for a reservoir presented itself and surveys were worked out for a scheme based on this which was to feed a canal on each side of the river. Further investigation however proved the scheme impossible as no safe site could be found for an escape.

A modified scheme has now been worked out by which two reservoirs will serve the whole country lying between the area commanded by the Paisuni scheme and a north and south line through about Chibon.

For the time being the Paisuni scheme is unfortunately held up owing to difficulties in acquiring the necessary land in a Native State, but it is to be hoped that this difficulty may be shortly settled and that the next decade may see both this and the Ohan Canals in working order."

On page 70 at end of the portion of the paragraph on Other Calamities add "Many of these pests could be checked by reasonably clean farming and the all round outturn greatly improved; the district suffers however from a marked shortage of available labour — until the population increases very largely indeed there will never be sufficient hands to till the ground as it should be done."

On page 72 at end of the portion of the paragraph on *Prices* add "Of late years however the district has shared in the general rise of prices which has occurred throughout the provinces."

In the paragraph on Wages, page 72, after the fourth sentence insert "This rise which might have been looked on as only temporary has proved permanent; large numbers of labourers have during the last few prosperous years become small tenants, and everywhere the farming class complains of the difficulty

in obtaining sufficient labour."; and delete last five words of the fourth sentence.

In the paragraph on Banks on page 74 delete the portion of third sentence after comma; and for the portion of the paragraph commencing with the fourth sentence to the end substitute the following:—

"A few years after this a group of societies was founded in court of wards villages in the south of the Girwan tahsil.

The organization society never flourished and has now ceased to do any work. The bank at Mataundh and another at Bilgaon had to be liquidated as they showed no trace of the co-operative spirit.

The central bank at Bargarh which dealt with a group of affiliated societies in the neighbourhood was excellently managed so long as its original founder was alive, but fell on very evil times on his death. The affiliated societies have most of them now been organised on an independent basis and are doing well; the central society will shortly have to be liquidated.

The Girwan group really took hold and by example from them a large number of societies have been successfully founded in villages in the south of the district.

As soon as it was seen that the movement was likely to spread it became necessary to organise machinery to finance the movement, and in 1912 the Banda District Bank was formed for the double purpose of making advances to the local societies and of arranging for the inspection of their work and the proper auditing of their accounts".

On page 77 in the paragraph on *Markets* substitute "thirty-five" for "thirty" in line 1 and "15,000" for "5,400" in line 3, of the sixth sentence.

On page 79 in the paragraph on Railways delete the word "three" and insert "Panhai" after "Bargarh" and "Tikaria" after "Manikpur" in line 2 and delete the word "two" in line 3 of fourth sentence. In line 1 of fifth sentence after "stations" add "except the second and fourth of the first group of five are open for."

On page 80 in the portion of the paragraph on Railways after sixth sentence which ends with the word "developed" add the following:—

"A branch from the Khairada station on this line to Cawnpore is under construction, which will cross the Jumna in the neighbourhood of Hamirpur and provide stations at Ichauli and Akona in this district."

From the eighth sentence omit the portion "ano.her from Cawnpore to Satna or some other convenient station in that direction"; and substitute "second" for "third" and "third' for "fourth."

Omit the portion "Of these the last and the secondby the registration of traffic".

On page 82 in the portion of the paragraph on Bungalows add "at Chaunri and Ranipur and a third is under construction at Markundi—all three in the Karwi tahsil" after "bungalows" in the second line and omit the remaining portion after it with the exception of the last two sentences.

CHAPTER 1II.

On page 88 substitute "next" for "last" in the first line.

After the paragraph on Census of 1901 add the following paragraph:—

"The most recent census was in 1911. A series of prosperous years marred only by the famine of 1908 had enabled the population to increase the total returns giving 675,237 souls or an increase of 7 per cent."

In the paragraph on *Towns and Villages* on page 88 substitute "1,215" for "1,193" in line 1, "1,038" for "1,032" in line 2, "141" for "126" in line 3, and "34" for "32" in line 4.

In the paragraph on *Religions* on page 90, substitute "1911" for "1901" in line 1, "619,300" for "594,070", "37,068" *for* "36,332" "198" for "186", "357" for "79" and "300" for "362" in line 2, "9" for "15" and "5" for "14" in line 3.

On page 92. In the paragraph on *Chamars* substitute "106,328" for "98,109" in line 1 and "18.5" for 16.5" in line 2.

In the paragraph on Brahmans on page 92, substitute "91,621" for "92,397" and "14.8" for "15.5" in line 1.

In the paragraph on *Rajputs* on page 92, substitute "1911", for "1901", "48,495" for "49,313" and "7.8" for "8.3" in line 1.

On page 93. In the portion of the paragraph on Rajputs substitute "23" for "36" in line 1 and "13,141" for "9,650" in line 2.

In the paragraph on Bais substitute "13,096" for "13,206" in line 2.

On page 94. In the paragraph on Dikhits substitute "6,844" for "7,697" in line 3.

In the paragraph on Panwars in line 1, page 94, substitute for the words "number 1995" the following:—

"numbered 1995 in 1901, but only 623 in 1911; many in the latter year have obviously been enumerated in some other clan."

On page 95. In the paragraph on Januars substitute "704" for "892" in line 1. In the paragraph on Raghubansis substitute "1,409" for "1,397" in line 2.

On page 96. In the paragraph on Gaur substitute "1,323" for "2,809" in line 1. In the paragraph on Gautam substitute "2,413" for "2,757" in the last line. In the paragraph on Other Rajputs substitute "1,170" for "1,377" in the first line.

In the paragraph on Ahirs substitute "63,220" for "59,151" and "9.6" for "9.9" in the second line.

On page 97. In the paragraph on *Koris* substitute "21,542" for "28,142" in the second line.

In the paragraph on *Kurmis* substitute "31,669" for "24,282" and "1911" for "1901" in the first line, and "5·1" for "4" in the second line.

On page 98. In the paragraph on *Kachhis* substitute "20,185" for "20,426" in the first line. In the paragraph on *Lodhis* and *Arakhs* substitute "16,843" for "16,076" in the third line and "21,267" for "18,909" in the last line.

On page 99. In the paragraph on Banias substitute "20,113" for "18,842" in the second line.

In the paragraph on Kayasths substitute "8,367" for "9,424" in the first line.

On page 100 substitute "2,353" for "2,385" and "2,310" for "1,949" in line 11, "8,850" for "5,707" in line 16, "466" for "222" in line 23 and "1911" for "1901" in line 24.

On page 101. In the paragraph on Musalmans substitute "1911" for "1901" and "37,068" for "36,332" in the first line.

In the paragraph on Sheikhs substitute "11,801" for "16,880" in the first line and "31.9" for "46.4" in the second line.

In the paragraph on Pathans substitute "10,460" for "8,263" and "28.3" for '22.4" in the first line.

In the paragraph on Saiyids substitute "2,679" for "2,713" and "7.2" for "7.4" in the first line.

In the paragraph on Other Musalmans substitute "246" for "264," in the first line.

In the portion of the paragraph on Other Musalmans on page 102 substitute "894" for "566" and "731" for "343" in the second line.

In the portion of the paragraph on Brahman families on page 109, delete the last sentence but one, viz., "Ganga Parshad is the only remaining descendant of any note".

CHAPTER IV.

On page 123, in the paragraph on District Staff substitute "Jhansi" for "Allahabad" at the end of the first sentence.

After the seventh sentence insert a fresh sentence, viz., "Besides these there are honorary magistrates at Hardauli and Karwi, who sit separately."

For a part of the ninth sentence commencing with "Banda" and for the whole of the tenth sentence substitute the following:—

"Cawnpore but Sessions work of this and the Hamirpur district is taken by an Additional Judge who also has civil powers as a Subordinate Judge. The remaining civil work is taken by a Munsif."

In the portion of the paragraph on Settlement of 1905-08 on page 141 insert a fresh sentence at the end viz., "This amount has during the past few years been slightly raised by revisions under the Bundelkhand system of fluctuating assessments."

In the last sentence of the portion of the paragraph on Police stations on page 142 substitute "has been" for "will be" and "those" for "that", and add "and Kalinjar" after "Pangara" and "Kartal", before "Kalinjar".

In the portion of the paragraph on *Police Force* on page 143 substitute "three" for "two" in the first line. "34" for "36", "39" for "60" and "365" for "393" in the third line—"26" for "17" and "123" for "77" in the sixth line.

In the last sentence but one substitute for the portion "but 14 men......at Rajapur" the following:—

"As has the local chowkidari force in the Karwi Notified Area both being replaced by provincial police. The two Act XX Towns of Sitapur and Rajapur are now the only places maintaining their local force."

In the last line of the sentence substitute "1,307" for "1,648".

On page 146, at the end of the portion of the paragraph on Excise, add the following sentence: "Since 1st April 1911 there have been further changes and the district is now under the contract distillery system, the liquor being supplied from Katni."

On page 146 at the end of the paragraph on Revenue add the following:—

"Of recent years with a better preventive system and a fuller administrative staff a very large increase in revenue has been secured although consumption has remained practically stationary. For 1912-13 the total income was Rs. 62,924 and a considerable further increase was secured at the auction of vend licences for the succeeding year".

For the words "is that now adopted" at the end of the last sentence of the portion of the paragraph on *Hemp Drugs* on page 147 substitute the following:—

"Was subsequently adopted for some years; under the most recent arrangements however tabsilwar licences have been reverted to to the considerable benefit of the revenue."

For the last sentence of the paragraph on Opium on page 147 substitute the following:—

"Poppy used to be grown in the district under Opium department licences the average acreage being about 1,000; but of recent

years under the contraction of the department's operations cultivation here has been shut down entirely ".

On page 150 in the portion of the paragraph on Postal arrangements substitute "were" for "are" in the last sentence but one; and insert the following sentence at the end of the paragraph:—

"In recent years the offices at Bhaunri, Chibun, Itwan, Khanna, Sardhua and Sindhan Kalan have been closed as not being required by the public demand—while additional offices have been opened at Bissenda and Markundi".

In the portion of the paragraph on Banda municipality on page 151 insert the following sentences at the end of the last sentence but three:—

"The whole system of taxation is now under revision as under the orders of Government octroi has to be abandoned. Its place will be taken by (1) a tax on land and houses, and (2) a terminal tax on a few special commodities".

In the third sentence of the paragraph on Act XX Towns on page 151 substitute "used to be" for "is" in line 2 and "was' for "is" in line 3, and at the end of that sentence add the following, changing full stop to semicolon:—

"Under the new Act however the chowkidari force will be maintained by Government and the whole of the assessed income will be available for local sanitary and improvement schemes".

In the portion of the paragraph on District Board on page 152 insert after the last sentence but two the following:—

"This Sub-Committee will shortly be raised to the status of a Sub-Board. Each tahsil has moreover a Sub-Committee which manages all local matters on behalf of the Board".

In the portion of the paragraph on *Education* on page 153 substitute "risen to 7,058" for "stood at 4,156" and "140" for "128" in the last sentence but one—and "seventy-three" for "forty" and "2,000" for "1,000" in the last sentence.

In the first line of the paragraph on *Primary schools*, page 153 substitute "49" for "38" and "85" for "87"—and also add at the end of the second sentence "and have since risen to 78".

On page 155 paragraph on *Medical institutions* substitute "were" for "are" in the last sentence but two, and "was" for "is" and "has now been "for "will shortly be" in the last sentence but

one. For the last sentence substitute "there is also a Police Hospital at Banda".

On page 155 in the paragraph on Cattle pounds substitute "32" for "37" in the first line and "four" for "five" in the fourth line of the second sentence.

Delete "Pawaiya" in the second sentence and "Bhaunri", "Baryari Kalan", "Chibun", "and Khandeha" in the third sentence—and insert "and between "Pahari" and "Sardhua" in this sentence. Substitute "Rs. 7,953" for "Rs. 2,700" in the fourth sentence.



Gazetteer of Banda. APPENDIX.



GAZETTEER OF BANDA.

APPENDIX.

CONTENTS.

				PAGE
TABLE I.—Population by tahsils, 1911	• •		***	i
TABLE II.—Population by thanas, 1911	••			ii
TABLE III Vital statistics		••		iii
TABLE IV Death according to cause		***	••	iv
TABLE V Cultivation and Irrigation		••		v
TABLE VI.—Principal crops by tahsils	••	••		vi—xiii
TABLE VII.—Criminal justice	••	• •	••	xìv
TABLEE VIII.—Cognizable crime		••	••	xv
TABLE IXRevenue demand at successive	settle	ments	••	xvi
TABLE X.—Revenue and cesses		••	••	xvii
TABLE XIExcise	• •	• •		xviii
TABLE XII.—Stamps	1		••	xix
TABLE XIII.—Income-tax	医水	3.	• •	xx
TABLE XIV.—Income tax by tahsils		9		xx i
TABLE XV District board				xxv
TABLE XVI Municipality	72.07		••	xxvi
TABLE XVII.—Distribution of police, 1911	197	••		xxvii
TABLE XVIII —Education	4.1	••	••	xxviii
List of schools, 1911	DT.	• •	••	xxix
Roads, 1911	wan.oo	,.	••	xxxiv
Ferries	WEI		••	xxxvii
Post offices, 1911			••	xxxviii
Markets	1117		••	xxxix
Fairs	વલલ			xl
Forests	••	• •		x lii

Table I.-Population by taksils, 1911.

		Total.		!	Hindus.		M	Musalmans.	·é		Others.	
Таћві].	Регвопв.	Males.	Females.	Persons,	Males.	Females. Persons	Persons	Males.	Females.	Femalss. Persons.	Males.	Females
1	63	က	4	20	9	1	8	6	10	111	12	13
Banda	97,258	49,083	48,175	87,394	41,223	43,111	9,457	4,614	4,843	437	243	221
Pailani	116,08	40,991	39,820	74,748	38,296	36,452	5,563	2,695	2,868	:	:	:
Baberu	82,069	41,187	40,882	76,847	38,305	38,041	5,650	2,843	2,807	13	83	34
Kamasin	81,421	41,139	40,282	79,180	366'68	39,182	2,168	1,107	1,031	-13	34	33
Mau	68,260	34,843	33,417	66,288	33,817	32,471	1,911	666	918	19	669	28
Karwi	84,759	43,112	41,647	81,226	41,317	89,909	3,390	1,715	1,675	14}	8	හ
Badausa	79,626	40,135	39,433	77,095	38,818	38,277	2,521	1,310	1,211	12	1-	νc
Girwan	83,531	41,671	41,8:0	77,082	38,493	38,589	6,408	3,158	3,250	4.1	50	21
Total	657,237	332,161	325,076	619,300	318,268	303,032	87,038	18,435	18,633	869	458	411

Table II.—Population by thanas, 1911.

1	#									_			_		_		_			-	ī	
	Females.	G4 70	214	:	:	99	. 28	:	:	7 6			-	48	13		:	•••	_			411
Others.	Males.	1 5	235	:	:	96 96	. 32	:	٦	88	9	7	õ	24	ଷ	9	₹	4				458
	Total.	en ř	449	:	•	2 2	99:	:	-	27	11	23	G.	107	60	00	₹*	L ~	Ç1			869
	Females.	605	3,792	1,724	1,144	453	595	387	1,389	1,333	887	415	2,146	1,152	170	137	337	711	536			18,633
Musalmans	Males.	633	3.521	1,639	1,036	482	047	365	1,417	1,403	936	463	1,985	1,118	201	165	348	787	544			18,435
М	Total.	1,238	90° 7.313	3,353	2,310	945	1.243	752	2,806	2.741	1,829	878	4.131	2,270	371	303	685	1,448	1,080			87,008
	Females.	6,185	10,259	21,613	14,439	18,732	18,666	12,506	23,976	17,246	20,913	11,628	15,009	17,672	8,433	4,539	15,019	13,629	15,749			305,032
Hindus.	Males.	9,425	24.374	22,951	15,345	19,162	19,629	12.963	23,577	17,380	21,441	11,993	14.540	18,164	8,809	4.619	15,189	13,723	16,186			313,268
,	Total.	18,610	20,683	44.564	30,184	97,894	38.040	25,469	47,553	34,626	42,354	23,621	29,549	35.836	17.942	9.158	30,208	27,352	31,935			619,300
ion.	Females.	9,792	10,710	93,337	15,983	19,233	13,016	12,893	25,335	18,613	21,805	12,057	17,159	18,872	8,616	4.678	15,356	14,343	16,286			325,076
Total population.	Males.	10,059	10,894	24,580	16,411	19,674	18,939	13,328	24,995	18.826	20,383	19,467	16.530	19,336	9,030	4.790	15.541	14.464	16,731			332,161
Tot	Total.	19,851	21,604	47.917	32,394	38,907	26,955	26,931	50,360	37,439	44.188	24.534	83,689	38,208	17,646	9.468	30,897	28,807	33,017			657,237
		:	:	:	: •	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: ;			:
,	Name of thans.	Mataundh	Khanna	Paileni	Tendwari	Rajapur	Raipura	Merks	Bisonda	Dobom;	Badanes	Kalimiar	Pancara	Karwi	Manikun.	Terror	Dahari	Girwen	Kamagin			Total
	run InireB sandt lo'] F4	64 0	o 4	k 10	9	t~ 0	00	9 5	3 =	10	7 0	2 7	7.	2 4	2 5	α.	2 0	28			

TABLE III .- Vital statistics.

-			Birt	hs.			Dea	ths.	
Yea	r.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Rate per 1,000.	Total,	Males.	Females.	Rate per 1,000.
1		3	8	4	5	6	7	8	9
1901	••	28,759	12,376	11,383	37 · 65	17,498	9,187	8,311	27.73
1902		28,558	14,889	13,669	45.25	20,526	10,907	9,619	32·5 3
1903	••	26,930	14,137	12,828	42.72	27,453	14,34 3	13,110	43.50
1904	••	30,221	15,945	14,276	47.89	15,426	8,158	7,268	24 · 44
1905	••	26,945	14,122	12,823	42.70	18,101	9,597	8,504	28 68
1906	••	23,800	12,746	11,054	3 7 · 71	30,110	15,943	14,167	47•71
1907	••	24,77 6	13,043	11,78 3	39·2 6	24,943	13,195	11,748	39 · 52
1908	••	29,055	15,503	13,552	44.55	30,488	15,491	14,997	48 • 15
1909	••	20,627	10,825	9,802	32.66	18,081	9,576	8,455	28 · 57
1910	••	26,54 6	14,141	12,405	42.06	22,786	12,158	10,628	36·10
1911	••	26,968	14,159	12,809	42.73	19,769	10,708	9,061	31 83
						; ;			
						į L			
	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Table IV.—Deaths according to cause.

					lotal deat	hs from-	•	
	Year.		All causes.	Plague.	Cholera.	Small- pox.	Fever.	Bowel com- plaints.
	1	<u> </u>	2	3	4	5	6	7
1901	••	• •	17,498	•••	289	5	13,220	305
1902	••	••	20,52 6	2	1,467	49	18,841	382
1903			27,453	44	331	641	17,192	776
1904	••		15,426	5		30	10,437	240
1905	••	••	18,101	272	72	9	12,468	255
1906			30,110	87	6,185	40	17,693	485
1907	••	• •	24,272	1	379	125	17,067	284
1908	••	••	30,488	100	934	145	20,388	526
1909			18,031	यमेव न	24	2	14,038	147
1910			22,786	1	3,834	5	14,600	107
1911	••	••	19,769	2	11	1	14,505	91
						!		
	~		<u> </u>	1	J	<u> </u>		- , , ,

TABLE V.—Statistics of cultivation and irrigation, years of settlement.

							Cultivated.	ed.			
Pargana and tahsil.	Total area.	Waste.	Culturable.		I	Irrigated.					Double-
				Total.	Canal	Wells.	Tanks.	Other. sources	Dry.	Total.	cropped.
H	64	60	4	5	9	7	8	6.	10	11	13
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Aores.	A cres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Banda (1311 Fasli)	273,276	25,753	107,913	504		488	:	16	139,106	139,610	1,153
Pailani (1311 ",)	232,228	43,501	61,837	320		314		9	126,570	126,890	945
Baberu (1312 "	232,447	18,422	88,513	894	ÍÝ	388	;	မှ	125,119	125,513	11,706
Kamasin (1312 "	229,270	22,060	72,813	148	:	100	;	48	134,249	134,397	4,003
Mau (1514 "	203,181	37,816	75,453	151	:	149	:	4 53	89,711	89,902	4,178
Karwi (1314 ,,)	305,927	76,090	141,886	1,197	;	647	524	26	86,754	87,951	6,259
Badausa (1313 ,,	, 207,331	19,437	83,689	208	:	466	:	40	104,699	105,205	191
Girwan (1313 "	213,965	33,562	76,119	951	;	893	:	58	109,833	104,284	816
i							i			-	

TABLE VI.—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Banda.

					Rabi.					Kharif	rif.		
	Year.	•	Total.	Gram.	Wheat and gram.	Barley and gram.	Alsi.	Total.	Juar and arhar.	Cotton and arhar.	Til.	Bajra and arbar.	Kodon.
	Fashi.						E						
1309	:	:	73,609	55,748	11,842	921	8,577	61 265	32,556	8,864	10,537	1,533	3,323
1810	:	:	64,255	43,600	13,593	101	5,452	70,912	39,502	9,012	14,490	1,603	2,594
1311	:	•	:	व ज		1		70,639	41,114	6,032	16,734	1,925	2,647
1812	:	:	,91,260	38,739	160,68	884	10,617	35,301	18,744	{3,469	7,129	1,051	2,022
1313	:	:	61,239	57,167	3,097	108	221	66,280	42,799	4,303	12,836	1,283	2,640
1314	:	:	85,612	67,550	14,565	546	2,001	61,407	42,986	4,452	8,926	1,110	1,625
1316	:	•	38,680	24,444	6,874	599	. 771	71,246	47,110	4,496	12,569	1,344	2,108
1316	:	:	75,521	58,528	13,284	406	1,937	66,445	43,724	3,979	10,406	1,463	2,481
1317	:	:	83,595	52,220	24,994	438	4,242	699'99	36,505	2,873	18,315	1,992	2,694
1318	:	:	95,542	42,927	42,673	849	6,166	72,237	42,131	2,382	17,228	2,636	2,708
1819	:	:	120,189	48,852	56,296	1,843	10,444	34,274	14,872	727	8,238	2,693	9,971

TABLE VI-(continued) - Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Pailani.

TABLE VI-(continued)—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Badausa.

						Rabi.					Kharif.	arif.		
	Year.			Total.	Gташ.	Barley and graw.	Wheat and gram.	Barley.	Total.	Juar and arkar.	Rice.	Cotton and arhar.	Zil.	Kodon.
	Fasti.							4						
1309	:	:	:	60,512	52,454	8,608	2,716	430	56,561	26,064	9,030	9,713	6,932	2,665
1310	:	:	:	46,218	86,288	183	4,599	403	66,890	29,342	11,793	9,901	11,147	2,117
1311	:	:	:	57,342	35,219	6,040	13,789	801	62,799	30,367	8,444	7,521	11,541	2,523
1312	:	:	:	68,592	42,487	5,834	17,216	196	54,574	18,891	18,102	6,767	6,307	2,765
1313	:	:	:	93,520	27,527	2,796	1,947	299	:	:	:	:	:	:
1314	:	:	:	:	:	:	.:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
1315	:	;	:	17,687	10,183	2,641	2,719	1,105	65,741	36,020	6,765	5,712	13,124	1,751
1316	:		:	60,857	44,436	6,037	6,992	1,562	51,263	27,771	6,347	3,680	6,287	1,922
1317	:	:	:	60,527	39,382	5,127	11,891	1,226	63,919	24,268	14,748	3,056	16,031	2,560
1318	•	:	•	64,739	36,373	6,067	18,284	866	68,556	36,790	9,587	4,673	10,988	.3,168
1319	:	:	:	86,855	48,879	10,233	23,285	1,679	48,276	9,932	14,884	3,968	7,199	8,050
			-!								_			

Table VI-(continued).—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Baberu.

						Rabi.					Kharif.	rif.		
	Year	ar.		Total.	Gram.	Barley and gram.	Wheat and gram.	Alsi.	Total.	Juar and arhar.	Rice.	Cotton and arhar.	T.	Bajra and arhar.
	Fa !!	lt.												
1309	:	:	:	68,576	58,105	1,856	5,384	1,477	53,037	20,622	12,188	10,554	2,790	2,503
1310	;	:	:	65,128	40,893	380	14,802	868,4	64,066	25,722	15,558	10,777	4,677	2,427
311	:	:	:	74,680	24,567	3,984	36,622	7,198	03,686	30,073	9,733	7,395	5,434	8,648
312	:	:	;	88,834	25,206	4,651	44,783	10,355	48,759	16,310	18,513	6,827	1,694	1,884
1313	:	:	:	51,665	46,041	689	2,161	1,269	:	:	:	:	:	:
1314	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;
1315	:	:	:	18,860	12,495	863	3,846	435	67,894	35,469	7,803	7,462	5,227	4,521
316	:	:	:	13,890	58,239	1,893	8,294	2,586	62,930	30,457	6,893	6,850	4,224	4,489
1317	:	:	:	79,659	57,553	1,783	13,861	2,785	699,99	26,175	16,189	6,141	6,833	5,349
1318	:	•	:	84,044	32,474	3,430	38,618	6,559	76,532	33,802	13,928	8,574	4,145	5,618
819	:	:	:	106,951	42,134	5,276	44,152	12,400	39,867	19997	11,697	3,881	2,238	5,886

Table VI.—(continued).—Area in acres under in principal crops, Tahsil Kamasin.

						Rabi.					Kharif.	arif.		
	Year.	a:		Total	Gram	Barley and gram.	Wheat and gram.	Barley.	Total.	Juar a hd arhar.	Rice.	Cotton and arhar.	Bajra and arhar.	Кодоп.
	Faslė.							4						
1309	:	:	:	61,577	49,541	4,078	6,474	344	69,652	28,732	5,891	16,648	8,269	3,712
1310	:	:	:	54,707	40,131	362	8,277	488	80,08	35,351	6,337	17,010	9,760	3,636
1311	:	:	:	62,871	37,040	6,847	15,876	653	78,535	36,742	4,473	11,782	13,762	4,120
1812	:	:	;	78,033	39,377	9,475	25,952	974	64,019	29,605	8,079	11,688	6,251	3,536
1913	:	:	:	52,632	42,679	3,762	5,347	138	:	:	:	:	:	:
1814	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	;	:
1315	:	:	:	11,701	8,072	900	2,381	127	77,035	39,809	2,921	11,366	11,791	1,707
1916	:	:	:	55,434	44,030	3,430	5,648	460	76,334	39,076	2,851	7,768	11,989	2,722
1317	:	:	:	64,183	51,995	4,036	6,691	203	73,731	32.148	5,243	6,985	15,907	2,161
1818	:	:	:	64,079	89,758	7,625	13,931	512	83,088	40,063	4,919	10,871	14,821	3,130
1319	:	:	:	95,870	54,925	13,444	21,406	736	47,053	7,138	6,003	5,156	17,301	5,066

TABLE VI-(continued).—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Mau.

	Kodon.		4,506	4,449	4,489	5,379	4,714	:	:	3,643	4,458	4,875	6,466
	Bajra and arhar.		10,938	12,563	16,979	9,368	11,807	:	:	11,365	14,852	17,716	19,712
eif.	Cotton and arbar.		8,065	8,836	5,430	6,256	6,081	:	:	5,469	8,102	8,251	3,145
Kharif.	Rice.		3,542	4,031	2,225	3,948	3,819	:	:	. 1,445	2,648	2,163	2,102
	Juar and arhar.		16,291	19,523	19,043	18,682	20,983	:	:	22,814	19,212	21,773	6,887
	Total.		50,611	56,326	53,797	49,737	54,344	:	:	52,621	50,692	57,418	44,273
.	Alsi.	3	389	433	688	962	178	:	701	304	343	578	2,556
	Wheat and gram.		2,033	2,690	4,998	6,491	2,210	:	1,033	2,492	3,032	3,651	5,005
Rabi	Barley and gram.		3,448	395	7,862	10,486	4,204	;	570	3,825	4,645	8,710	12,028
æ	Gram.		30,243	25,089	25,662	25,443	28,290	:	7,034	22,825	27,657	29,553	92,079
	Total.		37,155	33,143	40,172	46,374	35,647	:	9,066	81,035	37,185	14,873	54,141
	1		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	ų		:	:	•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Year	Fasti	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:
			1309	1310	1311	1812	1813	1314	1315	1316	1317	1318	1819

Table VI-(continued). -Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Karwi.

	Kod.n.		5,846	6,843	7,450	6,630	6,196	:	:	5,047	6,275	7,225	8,766	
	ajra and arbar.		2,696	4,634	6,818	3,294	3,197	:	:	3,337	5,958	6,009	7,050	
if	Cotton and arhar.		12,183	11,934	7,937	7,930	8,821	:	:	5,587	4,600	6,641	6,150	
Kharif.	Rice.		6,692	7,168	5,074	8,029	8,659	:	;	3,767	6,439	6,375	7,893	
	Juar and arbar.		13,151	15,870	18,016	13,090	16,462	:	:	18,688	17,701	19,036	9,333	_
	Total.		49,103	55,637	53,718	45,299	52,004	:	:	43,195	52,792	58,283	49,695	_
	Barley.		251	551	244	1,065	372	:	165	499	803	1,322	2,039	
	Wheat and gram.		3,485	4,180	5,439	8,964	3,878	:	689	3,585	3,860	5,662	6,625	
Rabi.	Barley and gram.		7,405	281	10,847	15,369	6,633	;	1,788	9,978	8,649	11,962	16,152	_
	Gram.		28,510	19,455	18,565	19,530	22,679	:	3,595	18,715	19,302	18,261	20,691	
	Total.		36,108	82,773	86,938	48,201	34,527	:	6,561	34,242	34,234	39,411	49,299	
			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	`:	
	Year,	Fasti.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
			1309	1310	1311	1312	1313	1314	1315	1316	1317	1318	1319	

Table VI—(concluded).—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Giruun.

	Kodon.		2,400	2,150	2,418	2,778	:	:	1,908	2,816	2,404	2,185	5,996
	Til.		13,993	19,281	19,525	11,431	:	:	19,592	10,057	24,470	16,696	12,785
rif.	Cotton and arhar.		9,492	9,756	7,762	6,715	:	:	5,122	4,148	2,875	4,207	3,879
Kharif.	Rice.		5,572	7,092	6,735	12,636	:	:	6,975	7,263	12,848	11,155	12,898
	Juar and arbar.		28,213	27,555	29,401	16,017	:	:	31,169	27,316	24,816	30,468	12,056
	Total.		62,092	68,772	67,747	51,369	:	:	68,734	55,200	69,755	66,995	49,697
	Barley.	4	395	373	199	659	939	:	916	1,173	277	1,013	1,265
	Wheat and gram.		4,435	988'9	16,841	20,183	1,794	:	3,432	9,877	15,676	23,836	26,983
Rabi.	Barley and gram.		4,920	570	5,722	5,870	2,314	:	2,758	5,220	4,379	5,132	8,359
	Gram,		33,453	28,223	29,012	37,355	22,373	:	12,771	41,504	30,123	30,468	40,794
	Total.		44,668	40,061	54,813	67,543	27,731	:	21,063	29,082	53,2.9	63,487	80,951
			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:
	٠	·i.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:
	Year	Fast	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
			1309	1310	1311	1312	1313	1314	1315	1316	1317	1318	1319

Table VII.—Criminal Justice.

	nder—	Excise Act.	15	8	42	21	န	30	23	21	22	17	92	\$
	Cases under-	Opium Excise	14	<u>-</u>	1	67	۳-1	:	4	671	ಣ	63	4	4
	Keeping	the peace.	13	83	133	144	225	258	162	503	273	257	117	164
		liveli- bood.	12	40	22	25	63	98	N	34	23	22	20	23
ect of—	Orimina1	trespass.	11	115	16	85	81	109	125	105	138	98	49	62
over in resp	Receiving	stolen property.	10	99	40	22	26	42	72	27	31	98	47	77
Number of persons convicted or bound over in respect of-	Robbery	and dakaiti.	6	9	41	en		3	ĸ	4	တ	es "	64	н
onvicte	i	Fheit.	80	166	109	86	75	132	11.7	100	161	115	7.1	81
persons	Crmina	iorce and assault.	7	25	49	53	33.	29	.20	. to	19	98	31	16
mber of	Cattle	theft.	9	12	10	89	9	14	98	4.1	69	58	52	14
NA.		Kape.	ō	ė	4	9	H	:	63	:	:	:	:	:
	Grievous	hurt.	4	14	ଚ	4.9	48	16	45	13	52	32	23	24
	Offences	anecting life.	3	18	32	34	23	16	œ	9	o.	νΩ	12	11
		guillity, (chapter VIII).	2	179	184	173	194	150	127	97	7.7	125	02	192
				:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Year.		-	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	1908	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911

Table VIII. - Cognizable crims.

			Number gat	r of cases ed by pol	investi- ice.	Num	ber of per	sons—
	Year.		Suo molu.	By order of Magis- trate	Sent up for trial.	Tried.	Acquit- ted or dis- charged.	Con victed.
	1		2	8	4	5	6	7
1901	••	5 5	1,118	62	795	1,410	849	909
1902	••	••	1,099	28	799	1,403	885	880
1903	••		939	8	571	1,176	416	760
1904	••	••	924	12	568	1,403	434	669
1905	••	••	1,039	*(00)	590	1,351	581	769
1906	••	••	1,224	ह्यमव व	688	1,478	619	859
1907		••	867	••	464	1,247	675	570
1908	••	••	1,036		578	1,012	285	727
1909	••	••	946	••	561	858	226	6 32
1910	**	••	8 55	••	451	850	203	647
1911		••	940		562	1,146	423	623

Table IX. — District Banda. Revenue* demand at successive settlements

	_				
	İ	Mr. Humphries Settle- ment, 1905-1909	Rs.	1,48,591 1,44,613 1,30,960 1,28,635 98,062 94,925 1,28,516	9,65,654
		Mr. Cadell's Settle- ment, 1881.	Rs	2,07,115 1,75,140 1,57,130 11,47,945 11,01,515 11,40,363 1,40,363	11,27,950
		Mr. Mayne's revision, 1860.	R.	2,45,947 2,20,778 1,59,722 1,51,836 1,36,934 99,079 1,49,731	13,08,945
		Mr. Weight's Settle- ment, 1842-1858.	Rs.	3,16,198 2,32,214 1,92,318 1,92,318 1,57,517 1,13,576 1,93,226 1,98,235	16,29,264
	lent.	1834-1848.	B.S.	3,15,962 2,64,613 2,29,698 1,80,125 1,43,951 1,00,831 1,90,83	15,52,399
	Years of Settlement,	1831-1833.	Rs.	400,129 3,448,173 2,92,928 2,12,982 1,51,334 3,811,-1,51,334 3,811,-3,81	:
	Year	1826-1830.	Rs.	4,05,203 13,52,731 12,13,237 1,53,458 1,03,297 2,29,511	18,78,999
		1821-1825.	Rs.	4,18,160 3,29,029 3,29,404 12,41,091 11,55,123 1,05,505 2,28,409 1,28,435	20,05,206
		1816-1820, 1821-1825	R.	44,36,611 4,19,469 ¶3,47,244 ¶7,449,019 ¶1,58,552 1,07,371 2,44,500	20,92,345
		1810-1812 prolonged to 1815.	Rs.	22.28,371 3.42,126 2.72,144 1.89,444 1.14,859 97,398 1.95,357	15,34,776
		1806-1809.	Rs. "	2,10,725 3,(2,414 2,40,226 1,70,282 (9,197 (6,244 1,99,382 84,258	13,53,723
		ľahsils.		Banda § Pailani § Baberu § Girwan Badausa Badausa Karwi Kanasin Ka	Total

• This table shows the highest amounts imposed: they differ from those actually collected.

Thirty-nine villages of Khandeh were incorporated in this tahsil in 1817.

‡ Including 39 villages of pargana Kalinjar assessed in 1812.

§ Including the Simauni villages incorporated in these parganas in 1860. Tahsils as newly constituted in 1880.

Partially under direct management.

** Five hundred and eighty estates cut off, 1,092

were held under direct management.

TABLE X.—Revenue and cesses.

Pargana and	Where included in		Revenue fixed at	Cesses	Ē	Incidence per acre.	Incidence per acre.	First	Se-	Third		Fift
taheil.	Ain-i-Akbari.		settlement 1906-1908.	10 per cent.	Lotal	Culti- vated.	Total,	revision.	revi- sion.	sion.		sion, sion.
Ħ	Ø		ရာ	4	ν ο	9	7	80	6	01	п	12
	Sihonda	:	Bs.	R.	B.	Bs.	Bs.	Rs.				<u> </u>
Banda	Maudaha	:	1,48,365	14,440	1,63,202	1.03	.54	1,58,026				
	Khandeh	:		I								
Palani	Shadipur, Simauni	:	1,44,403	14,440	1,58,843	1-14	-62	1,48,953				
Baberu	Simauni Augasi	:	1,30,960	13,096	1,44,056	1.04	.56					
Kamasin			1,26,451	12,645	1,39,096	ģ	555					
Mau	Sarkar Bheighora	:	• 93,267	9,327	1,02,594	<u>;</u>	9					
Karwi			* 94,415	9,441	1,03,856	1.07	-32		<u>-</u>			
Badausa	Aguasi Rasan	:	5,98,002	9,800	1,07,802	.93	·47					
Girwan	Sihonda, Kalinjar	:	1,28,539	12,854	1,41,398	1.23	9					
	Total	:	+ 9,64,402	96,440	1,060,842	1.8	.51					

* Proposed revenue.

TABLE XI.-Excise

•					250011	•••	2000								
		•τ	quiqO	의	14	15	ଛ	25	8	36	26	26	82	97	26
Number of shops	SIB OI	٠,	Ding	17	83	82	88	83	46	76	92	12	70	5	70
Nu.	10r Sale of	LIY it.	nuo itiga	16	145	147	144	145	145	138	127	115	911	116	116
eceipts of	e la	•υ	aniqO	द	Rs. 148	144	154	165	176	167	181	176	193	234	308
ndence of recept per 10,000 of	population from	• 6	Drugs	14	Rs. 80	85	99	145	171	215	208	201	221	218	154
Incidence of receipts per 10,000 of	bobar	-p	npiri nlogi 1 Zgi	13	Rs. 667	752	743	827	857	619	410	936	272	335	4.1
	93.11		LajoT	12	Bs. 1,374	1,059	213	1,190	1,971	1,274	1,956	2,222	1,681	5,203	10,148
*9)	qiə	reo	IstoT	17	Rs. 55,354	61,760	62,748	71,624	75,787	63,055	50,681	44,118	45,404	4),753	71,054
Opium.	-đ	uo	anoO id	9	Mds. s. 18 39	19 19	20 23	21 30	23 9 ₄	22 11	22 30	23 34	25 5	23 6	17 33
Q			gioT Liso	ြာ	Rs. 1	9,056	9,700	10,339	450,11	10,537	11,4.7	11,103	12,143	4,760	:1,853
	aption	in maunds of-	Charas.	8	Mds. s. 12 9	14 19	20 21	20 16	12 24	9 24	11 4	8 23	14 15	13 30	98 0
Drugs.	Cousumption	in mau	kanja.	 	Vds. s. MAs. 0 29 12	0	0 10	٠ 0	:	0 5	:	:	:	:	:
	•1	la) ipte	То Эрэт	c	Es. 5,001	5,337	6,263	9,161	0,759	13,529	:3,155	12,667	13,915	13,722	12,790
in, i	nor.	t a t q	јі009 Я b п в	5	. E	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
spirit.	•[£	g ai	anoD noit anol	4	. E	:	:	:	:	:	13,304	11,203	11,168	12,783	28,336
Country	Country spirit. Receipts Gonzump- Gonzump- Gonzump- Hang an incorp. An a root. An a root. An a root. An a root. An a root. An a root. An a root. An a root.			8	Bs. 41,805	47,157	41,593	51,921	53,802	38,832	25,932	20,968	19,143	21,023	3,169
·10J u	ion	5ս ւ		24	Rs. 235	210	192	173	162	177	177	201	185	133	188
	Δ	:		1	1901-03	1902-03	1903-04	1904-05	1905.03	1905-07	1.07.08	1903-09	1900-10	1910-:1	1911-12

TABLE XII.—Stumps.

	Year.]		
				Non- Jud:cial.	Court-fee, including copie.	All sources.	Total charges,
	1	 		2	3	4	5
		 		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1901-02	••	••	••	13,214	45,448	59,47 6	1,031
1902-03		••	••	11,746	45,989	58,544	1,161
1903-04				10,379	45,156	56,433	1,091
1904-05			• •	9,319	41,650	51,93 5	1,065
1905-03	••		A	9,194	42,815	52,878	1,113
1906-07	••		PARTY	9,002	87,447	47,842	1,362
1907-08	• •		18	10,577	49,160	€0,€47	1,064
1908-09			, V	12,108	44,83 3	57, 691	1,021
1909-10			إبار	13,778	61,867	76,670	1,287
1910-11	• •		62	12,665	6 4,0 %	77,620	1,323
1911-13			distri	10,323	58,102	69,354	1,451
			सन	प्रमेव जयते			
							·
						:	
						,	
							1

TABLE XIII.—Incomedaz.

				Contected by companies.	ed by nies.	Profits of companies	ts of nies	OF	ier source	Other sources, Part IV.	<i>F</i> .		Objectio Pari	Objections under Part IV.
	Year.		Total receipts.	Aggog	1	Ages.		Under Rs. 2,000.	a. 2,000.	Over Rs. 2000.	1	Total charges.	Number	Wholl y
		. —	·	sees.	Твх.	.8003	lax.	Asses- sees.	Tax.	Asses- sees.	Tax.		filed.	success- ful.
	-		2	က	4	æ	9	Ŀ	œ	6	10	11	12	13
			Ra.			6	· C	4	ž		B.	Rs.		
1901-02	:	:	17,330	:	सन्ध			592	8,924	68	3,842	33	232	16
1902-03	:	:	17,297		मेव			584	8,645	3	4,006	003	197	61
1903-04	:	:	11,081	:	नय-			149	3,860	88	3,750	.:	121	23
1904-05	:	:	11,989	:	1	3	9	158	4,512	25	3,114	03	71	16
1905-06	:	:	12,709	:	:	:	:	138	3,644	46	4,377	12	7.4	1.7
1906-07	:	:	7,129	:	:	:	:	185	3,488	42	3,661	:	59	128
1907-08	:	:	7,216	:	:	:	:	147	3,886	65	3,249	:	99	19
1908-09	:	:	7,465	:	:	•	:	135	3,610	38	3,816	;	102	649
1909-10	;	:	7,495	:	:	:	:	146	3,955	33	3,446	:	78	82
1910-11	;	:	9,045	:	:	:	:	17.1	4,538	94	4,334	:	103	46
1911-12	:	:	9,032	:	:	:	:	208	606'7	41	4,069	:	8	122
			j											

			Tahsil	Banda.			Tahsil l	Pailani.	
		Un Rs. 2	der 3,000.	Rs.)ver 2,000.	Un Rs. 2	der 2,000.		ver 2,000
Year.		A sessees.	Tax,	Assessess.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax,	Assessees.	Tax.
1		2	8	4	5	2	8	4	5
			Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
1901-02	••	124	2,0 85	14	1,591	67	936	1	52
1902-03		123	1,946	15	1,517	78	932	1	52
1908-04		88	1,088	13	1,526	10	231	1	52
1904-05		87	1,040	15	1,726	11	265		••
1905-06		32	940	18	2,010	10	264	٠1	61
1906-07	••	27	715	13	1,276	11	26 6	ı	52
1907- 08		31	855	8	94 8	12	294	1	54
1908-09	••	28	786	10	1,234	12	353	1	55
1909-10		24	691	10	1,288	12	34 6	1	58
1910-11	••	44	1,114	13	1,731	16	420	1	55
1911-12	••	58	1,197	16	1,734	19	4 56		••

Table XIV—(continued).—Income-tax by Tahsils (Part IV only)

			Tahsil]	Baberu.			Tahsi ¹ I	Kamasi 1	1.
37		Ur Rs.	ider 2,000.	O Rs.	ver 2,000.		ider 2,000.	Q Rs.	ver 2,000.
Year.		Assessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Тах	Assesses.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.
[1		2	8	4	5	2	3	4	5
			Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
1901-02		48	725	3	199	45	625	1	78
1902-03		45	728	2	108	47	635	1	78
1903-04		15	435	2	108	10	237	1	78
1904-05	••	13	351	4	239	7	185	1	7 8
1905-06		13	844	4	239	7	164	1.	78
1906-07	••	13	374	4-214 4-	268	7	156	1	62
1907-08		19	882	4	268	7	163	1	62
1908- 09		12	318	5	331	6	120	ı	63
1909-10		12	303	4	266	8	148	1	63
1910-11		18	330	3	214	8	192	1	60
1911-12		14	319	3	236	19	420	1	60

TABLE XIV -- (continued) -- Income-tax by Tuhsils (Part IV only).

	Ì		Tahsi	l Mau.	-		Tahsil	Karwi.	
Year.			ıder 2,00 0.		ver 2,000.	Ui Rs.	nder. 2,000.	Rs.	over 2.000.
iear.		A ssessees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax,	Assessees.	Tax.	Авзовзеев.	Tax.
1		2	3	4	5	2	3	4	5
			Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs,
1901-02		71	1,105	4	264	98	1,4 68	11	1,185
1902-03		70	1,100	4	314	95	1, 4 11	12	1, 44 7
1903-04		17	475	4	,310	30	€93	11.	1,189
1904-05	••	15	436	5	391		Not avai	lable.	
1905-06	••	14	43 8	5	34 9	80	679	10	1,014
1906-07		14	421	7	505	80	710	9	1,077
1907-08	••	19	5 7 0	2	210	80	716	9	972
1908-09	••	16	404	6	581	2 9	727	Ø	988
1909-10	••	18	497	8	205	32	8 £8	6	728
1910-11	••	18	458	4	277	29	855	8	880
1911-12	••	24	573	3	242	80	840	7.	721
			ļ		:				
_									

Table XIV—(concluded).—Income-tax by Tahsils (Part IV only)

Year.		Un Rs. 3	der 3,000.	Rs. 9	ver 2,000.	Ur Rs, 2	ider 2,000.		ver 2,000.
Year.									
		Assesses.	Tax.	Assesses.	Тах.	Assesses.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.
1		2	3	4	5	2	8	4	5
			Rs.		Rs.	·	Rs.		$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{s}$.
1901-02		62	755			77	245	5	47
190 2- 03		59	470			72	1,153	5	48
1908-04		7	163			22	538	5	47
1904-05		7	170	1	68	24	617	3	37
1905-06		10	246	1	68	22	567	4	42
1906-07		8	22 8	નુસ્યાનુક 1	61	24	612	3	39
1907-08		6	188	4	243	27	602	3	4 6
1908-09		6	174	4	260	23	650	2	35
190 9-10		9	24 8	5	887	29	739	3	41
1910-1 1		14	872	4	337	32	787	5	78
1911-12		14	865	4	805	80	789	7	77

TABLE XV.—District Board.

				Receipts.	_						Ħ	Expenditure.	ture.				
Year.	Rduestion.	Medical.	Scientiflo,	Miscellane.	Civil works.	Pounds	Ferries.	Total ex- penditure.	Contribu- tions to provincial funds,	General ad- raininters. roit.	Education.	.[soibəM	Scientiflo,	Miscellane.	.extrow liviO	Pounds.	Dept.
1	64	80	4	a	9	-	8	6	10		12	[2]	41	15	16	1	18
	Ra.	E.S.	Rg.	Ra.	Ŗ	R.	Zi Si	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rš.	ж ж	Re.	묤.	Rs.	RB,	Rs.
904 1-02	3,679	79 3,28¢	ڼ	2	4,623	5,909	2,956	1,25,167	S. C. C.	1,761	81,214	12,530	558	128	74,204	2,947	1,825
1 €\$2-03	4,500	00 3,275	:	198	3,831	7,158	2,959	1,30,634		2,929	33,824 13,621	13,621	924	. :	74,504	3,192	1,570
1,003-04	4,299	99 3,355	: 10	311	4,759	6,236	3,565	1,47,088		2,812	35,444 13,580	13,580	198	22	90,794	2,500	1,564
904-05	4,5	4,547 3,571	:	381	5,453	9,118	2,344	1,45,350		2,347	35,954 14,130	14,138	698	74	87,887	2,555	1,525
1905-06	4,675	75 3,951	4	335	5,681	6,576	3,122	1,67,242		2,496	41,375 15,234	15,234	1,013	204	1,03,139	2,300	1,478
1906-07	4,918	18 3,669	رن ت	604	3,328	6,132	8,509	1,51,132	:	2,952	2,952 43,163 13,811	13,811	1,382	96	85,716	2,322	1,690
1807-08	5,170	70 3,527	:	283	3,937	9,411	8,918	1,53,673	:	4,020	4,020 47,571	13,518	2,714	259	80,532	2,799	2,265
1908-09	5,010	10 3,983	:	120	17,009	6,651	6,301	1,47,827	:	4,151	52,907	13,618	3,099	409	69,594	2,636	1,418
1909-10	7,315	15 3,952	oo en	225	1,146	13,773	6,454	1,41,158	:	3,794	3,794, 52,734, 13,344	13,344	3,320	50S	62,706	3,129	1,618
1910-11	45,072	72 12,111	1 610	861	30,801	7,985	6,183	1,40,108	:	3,947	46,890 20,371	20,371	3,125	51	61,178	2,380	1,645
1911-12	45,365	65 8,388	8 785	1,261	23,215	8,357	6,289	1,35,758	:	3,769	3,769 45,266 16,468	16,468	2,890	1,354	61,670	4,325	15

Table XVI. - Municipality of Banda.

													ev		
		.IstoT	18	Ę	21,162	25,422	28,522	33,778	30,617	30,4:9	29,816	34,556	33,868		
		ebase readio	1.7	i ii	2,555	3,293	4,446	8,798	3,326	2.738	3,016	6,063	5,642		
	etion.	Public instru	16	R.S.	1,919	2,066	2,232	2,729	2,619	2,523	2,463	2,432	2,352		
	.,	Public works	15	R.	1,669	27.72	4,548	7,445	0,4 0,6 0,6 0,6 0,6 0,6 0,6 0,6 0,6 0,6 0,6	3,739	4,823	3,130	3,056		_
Expenditure.	-aib bi	ns afratiqaoll səirsənəq	14	ក្ន	773	1,261	773	1,253	1953	1,247	1,549	1,253	1,253		
Expen	1	Сопветувноу.	13	Rs.	6,010	6,641	6,514	8,941	7,129	8.275	6,752	10,981	7,713		
	Water supply and drainage.	Mainten-	12	Bs.	128	1,346	:	1,002	583	320	215	604	2,030		
	Water and dr	Capital.	H	Rs.	3	: ;	:	• 6	2,20T	1,494	2,848	856	613		
	ļ	Public safety	10	B8.	4,190	4,058	4,217	2,704	2,0 2,0 2,0 3,0 4,0 4,0 4,0 4,0 4,0 4,0 4,0 4,0 4,0 4	4,156	2,786	2,717	5,128		
	bas noi sexat to	itsyteinimhA o noitoelloo	G	B.	3,918	4,C45	5,732	5,906	4.43 4.774	5,947	5,714	6,715	6,081		
		fatoT	ထ	Rs.	26,308	28,428	31,436	30,798	33,424 424	28.437	29,106	32,032	30,117		
	.8	Other source	स्यम्	B.	2,599	3,730	8,931	9,316	9,133	2,401	3,014	2,681	4,810		
		Говиз.	9	RE.	:	::	:	:	:	: :	:	:	:		
Income.		Rents.	5	윮	2,220	3,080	3,161	3,214	3,233	2,417	2,738	2,860	2,259	_	
		Other taxes.	41	S.	528	522	867	183	4.1	645	351	645	673		
	១៩ឧ ខររថ្ម	Tax on house.	63	Ks.		: :	:	:	: :	:	:	:	:		
		Octrol.	67	B.	20,961	21,096	23,477	24,079	27.287	22,974	23,003	25,846	8 8 8 8 8		
	⊈ ea r ,		H		1901-02	1908-04	1904-05	1905-06	1907-08	•	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12		

Table XVII. -Distribution of Police, 1911.

Than 1.		Sub- Inspec- tors.	Head- consta- bles.	Cons- tables.	Provin- cial chauki- dari force.	Town police,	Rural Police,	Road Police.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Banda	••	2	1	12	••	••	77	12
Khannah		1	1	9	••	••	44	4
Mataundh		1	1	10	••	••	42	10
Pailani	••	1	1	10			99	4
Tindwari		1	1	10	••	••	71	2
Baberu	••	1	1	12		••	75	••
Marka	••	1		2		••	55	
Kamasin	••	2	1	12		••	71	
Pahari	••	1	1	7	• •	••	67	
Mau	••	2	1	12	••	••	87	2
Rajapur	••	2	1	12	••	8	69	4
Karwi	••	2	1	12			61	6
Raipura	•••	1	1	7			55	4
Manikpur	••	1	सद्यम	- 9		••	43	4
Markundi		1	(destable	10			21	4
Badausa	••	2	1	12			95	8
Bisenda		1	1	10	••	.,	93	
Girwan	••	1	1	12		••	71	10
Naraini	••	1	1	12			1111	14
Outposts (1) Sit	apur	••	1	. 3		5	.	
(2) Ka	rtal	••	1	. 3				
(3) K al	i nj ar		1	3				
Civil Roserve	•••	6	11	102				
Armed Police	• •	1	26	124				
Tetal	••	82	59	432	••	13	1,307	88

TABLE XVIII.—Education.

			Total.		Second	lary edu	cation.	Prima	educ	sation.
Year.		colleges.	Scho	lars.		Scho	lars.		Scho	lars.
		Schools and colleges.	Males.	Females.	Schools.	Males.	Females.	Schools.	Males.	Females.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1901-02		147	5,255	29		1,018	••	135	4,190	29
1902-03	••	171	5,658	206	1227	1,016	••	160	4,642	206
1903-04	••]	174	6,088	198	39/19	1,026	••	163	5,062	198
1904-05		174	6,216	247	10	1,031	2	164	5,185	245
1905-06		185	6,652	255	10	1,119	2	175	5,533	253
1906-07	••	186	6,219	188	7	803	••	179	5,416	188
1907-08		203	7,518	31 6	7		••	196	6,687	316
1908-09		198	7,404	495	10	1,268	••	188	6,136	495
1909-10	••	192	7,417	338	10	1,314	••	182	6,103	838
1910–11	••.	159	7,018	809	7	1,099	••	152	5,919	309
1911-12	•• }	177	8,022	405	H 414	1,160	••	170	6,862	405
	į									
]	<u> </u>		1			<u> </u>	

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911.

Tahsil.	School.	Class.		Management.	Average attend- ance.
	Banda Town School.	Vernacular Secon	ıdary	District Board	209
	Luktara	Upper Primary		Ditto	36
j '	Mataundh	Ditto		Ditto	1 00
į,	Khandeh	Ditto		Ditto	تيها
	Mawai Khurd	Ditto		Ditto	1 4 4
i	Mahokhar Lawan	Lower Primary		Ditto	
! !	Gurah	Ditto		Ditto	i 60
1	Mawai Kalan	Ditto		Ditto	
İ	Kanna	Ditto Ditto	• •	Ditto	. 18
j	Tama o Inc.	Ditto	• •	Ditto	
ļ	Datron d.	Ditto	• •	Ditto	
	Tindwara	Ditto	• • •	Ditto Ditto	
į	Pachnehi	Ditto	• •	Ditto	حما
	Achrau n d	Ditto	55.	Ditto	
	Kahra	Ditto	i l	Ditto	1 00
1	Riwan	Ditto	Meda	Ditto	0.0
i	Riwai	Ditto	100	Titte	1
1	Khannah	Ditto		Ditto	1 00
	Jaurehi	Ditto	83576	Ditto	90
	Khinni Naka	Ditto		Ditto	00
[]	Katra Naka	Ditto	7197	Ditto	
	Aliganj Chichara	Ditto	11.41	Ditto	32
₽	Onichara	Ditto	X.M.	Aided by District	20
Banda	Bareha	Ditto	94M.4	Board.	ł
Ä,	Colvinganj Mis-	Ditto	3375	Ditto	30
	sion Branch.	Ditto			75
	Colvinganj	Ditto		Municipal Board.	
	Bhawanipura	Ditto		Ditto	22
1.	Chhaoni Mis-	Ditto	जयने	Ditto	18
	sion Branch.	-1110	Aldri	1,1000	25
	Model Girls'	Ditto		Maintained by Govern- ment.	26
	District Board Girls' school.	.s. Ditto	••	District Board	14
	Ichauli	Ditto		Ditto	27
	Gora Mughli	Ditto	• •	Ditto	42
1 (Colvinganj	Ditto		Municipal Board	16
	Khotla Naka	Ditto		Ditto	25
11	Collectorganj	Ditto		Ditto	25
	Bengali Purwa	Ditto		Ditto	9
	Girl School Hindu Mis-	Ditto	••	Aided by Municipa Board.	32
	Girl School Muhamma-	Ditto		Ditto	37
	dam Mission.				1
	Boys' Orphan- age School.	Ditto		Ditto	25
Pai∙ lani. **	Pailana Tindwari	Upper Primary Ditto		District Board Ditto	95 48

LIST OF SCHOOLS 1911-(continued).

Tabsil.	School,		Class.		Management.		Average attend- ance.
1-41	Sindan Kala	n	Upper Primary		District Board		78
ſ	Gagauli		Ditto		Ditto		37
- 1	Madanpur		Ditto		Ditto		116
- 1	Khaptiha		Ditto		Ditto		68
- 1	Paprenda		Ditto	••	Ditto		52
	Jaspura	,,	Lower Primary		Ditto		28
1	Benda		Ditto	• •	Ditto	• •	25
	Dighwat		Ditto	• •	Ditto	• •	20
Pailani-(concluded).	Piprahri		Ditto	• •	Ditto		49
70	Palra		Ditto	• •	Ditto	• •	29
77	Gadaria		Ditto	• •	Ditto	• •	23
₹	Pırsaunda		→ Ditto	• •	Ditto	• •	21
ं ड्<	Rampur		Ditto	• •	Ditto	• •	18
.11	Chandwara	••	Ditto	• •	Ditto	• •	93
g	Mungas		Ditto	g	Ditto	• •	24
: <u>;</u>	Bhujrakh	• •	Ditto		Ditto	••	80 81
- A	Atrahat	* •	Ditto	LEGI.	Ditto	 E	48
()	Jauharpur	••	Ditto	19.5	Aided by District Bo Ditto	aru	22
1	Skhuhala	••	Ditto		Ditto	••	21
1	Piprodar	••	Ditto Ditto		Ditto	••	28
	Garaula	•••	Ditto	3349	Ditto	::	13
	Rehunta	•••	Ditto	0.44	Ditto		31
[]	Ichhawar	• •	Ditto	11.0	Ditto	••	24
1	Sahada	••	Ditto	D.A.	Ditto	••	30
Ĺ	Amlaur	••	171600	120.50	21.00	••	•
	D. 2		Vernacular Secon	darv	District Board		197
ſ	Baberu	••	Upper Primary	4.43	Ditto	•••	79
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Baragaon Murwal	•••	Ditto	Calcul	Ditto		40
1	Sathi	• •	Ditto		Ditto •	• •	42
	Augasi	•••	Lower Primary	키시크	Ditto		16
	Parsauli	• • • •	Ditto		Ditto		37
ļ	Bhadedu		Ditto		Ditto	٠.	40
1	Pawaiya		Ditto		Ditto		14
1	Ingua	••	Ditto		Ditto	٠.	32
	Aliha		Ditto		Ditto	• •	28
	Palhri		Ditto ·	••	Ditto		21
	Kairi		Ditto	••	Ditto	••	58
- 1	Mau		Ditto	••	Ditto	••	31
ا نو		• •				•••	28 24
era.	Marka	••	Ditto	••	Ditto	••	249
3. beru.	Marka Majhiwan	•••	Ditto		Ditto	••	90
Babaru,	Marka Majhiwan Beonja		Ditto Ditto	••	Ditto Aided by District Bo	••	20 26
Babaru.	Marka Majhiwan Beonja Baberu G	irls'	Ditto		Ditto	••	20 26
Babaru.	Marka Majhiwan Beonja Baberu Gi School.		Ditto Ditto Ditto	••	Ditto Aided by District Bo District Board	••	26
Babaru,	Marka Majhiwan Beonja Baberu Gi School. Simauni	irls'	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	••	Ditto Aided by District Bo District Board Ditto	••	
Babaru,	Marka Majhiwan Beonja Baberu Gi School. Simauni Karrahi	irls'	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto		Ditto Aided by District Bo District Board Ditto Ditto	ard	26 38
Babaru,	Marka Majhiwan Beonja Baberu Gi School. Simauni	irls'	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	••	Ditto Aided by District Bo District Board Ditto Ditto Aided by Distr Board.	ard	26 38 89 33
Babaru.	Marka Majhiwan Beonja Baberu Gi School. Simauni Karrahi	irls'	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto		Ditto Aided by District Bo District Board Ditto Ditto Aided by Distr Board. Ditto	ard	26 38 89 33 27
Babaru,	Marka Majhiwan Beonja Baberu Gi Sehool. Simauni Karrahi Patwan Jarahra Pindayan	irls'	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	•••	Ditto Aided by District Bo District Board Ditto Ditto Aided by Distr Board. Ditto Ditto	ard ict	26 38 89 33 27 19
Babaru,	Marka Majhiwan Beonja Baberu Gi Sehool. Simauni Karrahi Patwan Jarahra Pindayan Sanda	irls'	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	•••	Ditto Aided by District Bo District Board Ditto Ditto Aided by Distr Board. Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	ard ict	26 38 89 33 27 19 27
Babaru.	Marka Majhiwan Beonja Baberu Gi School. Simauni Kurrahi Patwan Jarahra Pindayan Sanda Bhabhua	rls	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto		Ditto Aided by District Bo District Board Ditto Ditto Aided by Distr Board. Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	ard ict	26 38 89 33 27 19 27 35
Babaru,	Marka Majhiwan Beonja Baberu Gi Sehool. Simauni Karrahi Patwan Jarahra Pindayan Sanda	rls'	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto		Ditto Aided by District Bo District Board Ditto Ditto Aided by Distr Board. Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	ard ict	26 38 89 33 27 19 27

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911-(continued).

ahsil.	School.		Class.		Manageme	ent.	Average attend ance.
	Badausa		Upper Primary		District Board		60
()	Atarra		_Ditto		Ditto	• • •	137
11	Bisanda	::	Ditto	.,	Ditto	• •	125
- 11	Oran	::	Ditto		Ditto		47
- 11	Mahota		Lower Primary		Ditto		28
- 11	Turra	::	Ditto	•	Ditto	• •	29
11	Hastam		Ditto		Ditto	• •	23
1	Fatchganj		Ditto		Ditto	• •	26
1	Bahga		Ditto	• •	Ditto	• •	26
	Kurari	1	Ditto		D.tto		88
	Utarwan		Ditto	••	Board,	District	25
eĠ.	Pindkhar		$\mathbf{D}^{\mathrm{itto}}$		Ditto	• •	23
Badausa.	Garaun		Ditto	••	Ditto	•••	27
- 😇	Rasin	٠. ا	Ditto		District Board	••	47 80
Ã	Ballan		Ditto	ili em	Ditto	minimization in the	21
	Guragpur		Dittö	1 300	Aided by	District	41
			(2:50)	MEGH	Board.		1
1			2000	10.474	Ditto		88
	Jabrapur		Ditto	32000	Ditto	••	28
1	Adaipur Bhu	iaaai	Ditto		101000	••	1
	 Rauli Kaly pur	an-	Ditto	TY	Ditto	••	20
	Ghuretanpu	r	Ditto	11.0	Ditto	• •	25
	Tindura		Ditto	34.4	Ditto		27
İ	Atarra		Lower Primary	for	Ditto	••	25
(Girls.	WE	7		1
			TT D.	2008-6	District Board	٠.	60
(Girwan	••	Upper Primary	• •	District Dours	• • •	75
{	Kalinjar	• •	Ditto Ditto	924	Ditto	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	100
	Naraini	• •	Ditto	allelet	Ditto	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	37
i	Pangara	••	Ditto	• •	Ditto	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	50
	Bilgaon	• •	Lower Primary	••	Ditto	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	75
- 1	Kartal	• •	Ditto	••	Ditto		38
i	Sihonda Murwan Hu	ao :	1	••	Ditto		25
	pur.	8191TI-	Divid	••	2	••	
- 1	Barokhar		Ditto		Ditto		33
1	Mahua	•••	Ditto		Ditto		28
Girwan.	Chhibaun		Ditto		Ditto	••	52
- ¥ /	Parmai	••	Ditto		Ditto		20
遺)	Khurhand	•••	Ditto		Ditto	• •	75
9 [Gokhiya		Ditto		Ditto	• •	30
1	Sarha		Ditto		Ditto	5 ::	19
	Gorepurwa	••	Ditto	• •	Aided by Board	District	21
	Pukari		Ditto		Ditto		18
- 1	Nayagaon	•••	Ditto		Ditto	••	21
İ	Gurha Kala	n.	Ditto		Ditto	••	28
	Makri	• •	Ditto	• •	Ditto		14
j	Sahewa	•	Ditto		District Boar	d	2'
ļ	Masuri	•	Ditto		Ditto	••	3
'	Palhari	•	Ditto		Ditto	**	2:

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911—(continued).

Tahsil.	School.		Class.	-	Manager	nent.	Average attend- ance.
Girwan- (conold.).	Lahrehta	••	Lower Primary	••	Aided by Board.	District	20
£§(Mangawan		Ditto	••	Ditto	••	28
1	Bira		Upper Primary		District Boan	rd	85
	Sardhus	}	Ditto		Ditto	• •	106
	Audaba		\mathbf{Ditto}		Ditto	• •	41
1	Jamu		$\mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{i}}\mathbf{t}\mathbf{t}\mathbf{o}$	• •	Ditto		51
	Singpur	••	Ditto		Ditto		49
	Pahari	••	\mathbf{D} itto		Ditto	• •	50
	Lohra		Ditto		Ditto		42
	Ranipur	••	\mathbf{Ditto}		Ditto		32
- 1	Darsenda	••	Ditto		Ditto		40
- 1	Pachhaunha	ın	Ditto		Ditto	••	59
	Lakhanpur	•••	Lower Primary	À.,.	Ditto	••	42
	Parsaunja	•••	Ditto	25	Ditto	•••	40
	Bhadedu	•	Ditto		Ditto		89
#	Musiwan	•••	Ditto	100	Ditto	•••	27
ig J	Chhilohar	•••	Ditto		Ditto		29
ř	Sursen	•	Ditto		Aided by Distr	ict Board.	17
Kamasin	Ora	•••	Ditto	800	Ditto		37
14	Jambil	••	Ditto	U -40%	Ditto	•••	39
i	Hardauli	••	Ditto	4 11	Ditto		62
	Arki	••	Ditto	W. I	Ditto	••	20
	Sardhua G	irls'	Ditto		Ditto	••	86
ļ	Kamasin		Vernacular Secon	darv	District Boar	d	145
l	Narainpur	••	Lower Primary		Ditto	-	50
	Kalwara	••	Ditto		Aided by Board.	District	81
j	Sagwara	• •	Ditto	이이의	Ditto		21
-	Banthare		Ditto	••	Ditto	••	23
- 1	Panauta	• •	Ditto	• • •	Ditto	••	22
(Biharwan	••	Ditto	••	Ditto	••	18
	Rajapur	••	Vernacular Secon including Lower mary.		District Boar	d	252
	Mau	٠.	Ditto		Ditto	••	190
	Khandeha	••	Upper Primary	•••	Ditto		153
	Bargarh	••	Ditto	••	Ditt	••	96
	Chibon	•••	Ditto	••	Ditto	••	60
1	Hanna	•••	Ditto	••	Ditto	•••	75
,	Chhiulaha	••	Ditto	••	Ditto	••	48
Mau.	Katwara	•••	Lower Primary	••	Ditto	••	27
#)	Tikra	••	Ditto	••	Ditto	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	89
	Karondi	•••	Ditto	••	Ditto		19
}	Piprond	••	Ditto		Ditto	••	25
1	Mandaur	••	Ditto	••	Ditto	•••	17
]	Mawai Kal	an	Ditto	•••	Ditto	••	13
	Tari		Ditto		Aided by	District	17
ļ		••		••	Board.		**
	Lauri		Ditto	۲.	Ditto	7.	40
1	Nandi Kurr	wien	Ditto		Ditto		28
,				• •		• •	

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1911—(concluded).

Tabail.	School.	Class.		Managen	aent.	Average attend- ance.
	Rajapur Itwan	Lower Primary Lower Primary boys).	(for	Aided by Distr District Board		71 32
	Rajapur	Lower Primary girls).	(for	Ditto		28
اچ	Purab patai	Lower Primary		Aided by Distr	ict Board	24
Mau-(concld.)	Kharjurha	Ditto	••	Ditto	••	15
8	Barna	Ditto	••	Ditto		20
우신	Bhaironganj	Ditto		Ditto	••	24
_	Rupauli	Ditto	•••	Ditto	••	21
Ē,	Sikri ••	Ditto	••	Ditto	••	20
-	Deondaha	Ditto	••	Ditto	••	22
- 11	Ragauli	Ditto	• •	Ditto	••	16
	Pardawan	Ditto Ditto	••	Ditto Ditoo	••	25
	Basingha Khatwara	Lower Primary	tfor.	Ditto	••	28
\ \	Anatwara	girls).	fror	1000	• •	27
(Karwi Town School.	Vernacular Secon	idary	Ditto	••	164
H	Tarahawan	Upper Primary		Ditto	••	114
	Sitapur	Ditto	188575	Ditto	••	112
- 11	Khohi	Ditto		Ditto	••	50
	Bhaunri	Ditto	••	Ditto	••	113
- 11	Ainchwara	Ditto	17FH.	Ditto	••	66
	Manikpur	Ditto	6968	Ditto	••	70
	Nai Bazar	Ditto	Edd 5	Ditto	••	63
11	Raipura Asoh	Ditto	••	Ditto Ditto	• •	38
- 11	Pitring .	Ditto		Ditto	••	41
. !!	Robentie	Ditto	22.5	Ditto	• •	20
	Containe	Lower Primary	••	Ditto	••	21
	Nandi Taura	Ditto	जगर	Ditto	••	46
	Agraunda	Ditto	পাধ্ব	Ditto	••	28
- 11	Unai barna	Ditto	••	Ditto	-:	41
.	Chakond	Ditto	•••	Ditto	•••	20
Karwi.	Simaria	Ditto	•••	Ditto	• •	12
# <	Khoh	Ditto		Ditto	••	25
M	Ragaoli	Ditto	• •	Ditto	••	18
	Rukman Khurd	Ditto	• •	Ditto	• •	20
- 11	Unchadih	Ditto	••	Ditto	••	21
	Maraiyan	Ditto	••	Ditto	• •	22
- 11	Saraiyan	Ditto		Ditto		88
	Bhaunri Kashai	Lower Primary (for		District Board	a	15
-	Itwan	Lower Primary Ditto	••	Ditto Aided by	District	28
	Mainhai		••	Aided by Board. Ditto	District	26
- 1	Markundi	Ditto Ditto	• •	Ditto	••	18
1	Chhacharia	Ditto	••	Ditto	• •	15
	Hindu Mission Girls' School.	Ditto	••	Ditto	••	21 12
	Muhamma da n Mission Girls'	Ditto	••	Ditto	• •	16
_ {	School. Deorachh	Ditto	••	Ditto	••	21

ROADS, 1911.

MOADS, 12	·		4	
A.—Provincial.				
			Miles.	Fur.
(ii) Fatehpur, Banda and Saugar road, I (iii) Fatehpur, Banda and Saugar road, S			24 21	2 0
	Total	•	45	2
B.—LOCAL.				
I(a).—First class roads, metalled, by drained throughout.	idged and			
 (i) Banda to Hamirpur [vide II (a) (ii) Banda to Rajapur [vide II (b) iv 		••	5 1	4 0.
(ii) Banda to Rajapur [vide II (b) iv (iii) Banda to Nagode	and mil		-20	5
(iv) Branch road to Girwan tahsil	••		0	3.3
(v) Church road	λ		ĭ	6.6
(vi) Post office road	100		0	4.5
(vii) Mataundh railway feeder road	LEGES.	٠	1	6.3
(viii) Khurhand railway feeder road	(1015)°	•••	Ŏ	3.2
(ix) Atarra railway feeder road (x) Badausa railway feeder road	\$1000	••	0	2 1·5
(x) Badausa railway feeder road (xi) Tamlia railway feeder road	397/27	•••	ŏ	0.5
(xii) Karwi railway feeder road	999	: }	ŏ	1.5
(xiii) Dingwahi railway feeder road	H 11.		ŏ	4.4
(xiv) Banda railway leeder road	90.3	••	0	0.5
(xv) Karwi to Pahari	dh'ha	••.	-0	4.3
(xvi) Banda to Baberu [vide II (b) III			10	5
(xvii) From Public Works department	to Church r	1.	0 17	4.5
(xviii) Naraini to Kartal	22/12/1	••.	17	1.4
सत्यमेव	Total	••	62	1.5
		.]		
I(b).—First class roads, metalled, bridged and drained.	partially			
(i) Banda to Manikpur	• •	•• [61	2
(ii) Manikpur railway feeder road	••	•••	0	0.8
(iii) Atarra to Naraini	• •	••	9	6.2
	Total	••	71	1
II(a).—Second class roads, unmetalled drained throughout.	, bridged an	đ		
(i) Banda to Hamirpur		••	4	5
(ii) Banda North Circular road	••	••	5 13	0 0
(iii) Oran to Baberu	• •	••	11	0
(iv) Oran to Badausa (v) Paprenda to Pailani	••	••	10	Б
Irii Rohami ta Annaci	••	::	.10	ο υ ο
(vii) Naraini to Kalinjar	• •		15	2
	Total	••	68	7
الهواو والمواجعة والمستحدان والمستحدين والمستحدان والمستحدان والمستحد والمستحد والمستحد والمستحد والمستحد والمستحد والمستحدات والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحد والمستحد والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحد والمستحد والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحدد والمستحدد والم	-		-	and Spinish respectively.

ROADS, 1911—(continued).

	MOADS, 1911—(60%)		<u> </u>		
II(b).—	Second class roads, partially bridged	and drain	ed.		
				Miles.	fur.
(i)	Banda to Manikpur	••.		0	5
(ii)	Karwi to Rajapur (vide III ii)			6	0
(iii)	Banda to Baberu			13	0
(iv)	Banda to Rajapur [vide I (a) ii]	• •		10	0
(v)	Girwan to Khurhand	• •	•••	6	0
(vi)	Oran to Kamasin	••	••	15	0
(vii)	Mau to Bargarh	••		11	Q
(viii)	Dando to Kamasin	••	••	11	0
		Total		72	5
m::	1 January 1 hoofed on it countered to	مراجع المراجع المراجع	ا 3 ساد		
II.—Thu	d class roads, banked and surfaced b		j		
(i)	Banda to Rajapur [vide I (a) ii and	11 (0) 17.]	•••	39	0
(ii)	Karwi to Rajapur [vide II (b) ii]		••]	1 1	2
(111)	Rajapur to Saraiyan	343	••	18	2
		Total		68	4
rtr Tlas	ırth class roads, banked but not surf	aced mart	ialla		
LV DO	bridged and drained.	week, part	activy		
(i)	Khoh, Bhaunri and Mau road	17		25	4
		Total		25	4
V.—Fift)	i class roads, cleared, partially bridge	d and dra	ined.		
(i)	Banda to Tindwari]	15	7
(ii)	Manikpur to Manahaighati	••	•••	11	ċ
(iii)	Rajapur Chibun-Marka	••		26	ŏ
(iv)	Manikpur Bazar to railway station	••	••	1	ŏ
		Total		58	7
	VISixth class roads, cleared only	y .			
(i)	Karwi to Pahari and to Lakhanpur	••		24	5
(Ìi)	Mataundh to Inchauli	••	••	6	4
(iii)	Belgaon to Khurhand	••	••	5	4
(iv)	Alona to Paprenda	••	••	6	6
(v)	Baberu to Marka			13	0
(vi)	Karwi to Dewan Gaughati and to T	ikaria	••	14	2
(vii)	Kalinjar to Kalyanpur	••	••	22	0
(viii)	Karwi Tarahwan and Kamta road	••	••	12	0
	Manikpur to Sitapur	••	••	2 6	4
(i x)				Ph.	^
(ix) (x)	Oran to Atarra	••	••		Y
(i x)	Oran to Atarra Mau to Bargarh Badausa to Godharampur	••	::	6 13	0 4 5

ROADS, 1911—(concluded).

VI.	—Sixth class roads, cleared	only—(concluded).		Miles.	Fur,
`(xix)	Paira to Pailani Paprenda, Tindwari, Kan Pailani to Gugauli Rampur to Tikari Tindwari to Jauharpur Markundi to Itwan Tindwari to Palhra	nasin, R	ajapur road		5 49 9 8 7 9	0 1 0 0 0
(xxii) (xxiii) (xxiv) (xxv)	Girwan to Sihonda Khurhand railway station Banda to Khanna Rauli Kalyanpur to Kama Achiraund to Kapsa Ichauli to Kapsa Murwal to Bilgaon Kalinjar to Dharampur		 	••	4 0 14 9 4 4 6	0 4 0 8 5 0 6



Total .. 271 5

Grand Total .. 694 2.5

FERRIES.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	+ 11111		,	-
River.	Ferry.	Village.	Tahsil.	Management.	Income.
					Rs
	Sobada	Bobada	Pailani	Private	
f :	Mahabara	Mahabara	Do	Do.	.]
1		Manrauli kalan	Do	Do	
1	Baragaon	Baragaon	Do	Do	
1	Piprodar .	Piprodar	Do	Do	158
	Adri	Adri	Do Do	District Board Private	100
1.	Lasanra	Lasanra Benda	T).	District Board	56
1	Benda Angasi	A	Baberu	Private	
Jumna 📢	Samgara	Samgara	Do.	D o	
1	Bairahghat	Marka	Do	Do	İ
	Marka	Do.	Do	Do	1
1	Amerhi	Amerhi	Kamasin	Do,	1
1	Chillimal	Chillimal	Do	Do. District Board	2,600
-	Rajapur	Rajapur	Mau Do.	Dairecto	2,000
j	Ragauli Biawal	Ragauli Biawal	Do	Do	
(Kataia khadar	1,75,14177344	Do.	Do	
`	Mawai kalan	Mawai kalan	Do,	Do	İ
		9 (3.1)		_	1
1	Gurgaon	Sindhau kalan	Pailani	Do	1
1	Nari	Nari	Do	Do. District Board	129
	Pailani	Pailani	Do	TO COMPANY	128
	Amlor	Amlor Barehta	Do. Do.	Do.	1
	Barehta Khaptiha kalan	Marine Land Land Co.	3/3/2011 COMP	Do.	1
	Alona	Alona	Do.	District Board	12
	Marauli	Marauli	Banda	Private	
į	Ujrehta	Ujrehta	Do	Do	5 0
]	Achraund	Achraund	Do	District Board	78
Fan J	Durendi	Durendi	Do. Do.	Private	ļ
Ken 5	Gancha	Gancha	Girwan	Do	1
1	Madhopur Mawai kalan	Madhopur Mawai kalan	Do	Do	
	Bahadurp u r	Bahadurp u r	Do	Do	
1	Qazipur	Sihonda	Do	Do.	ì
1	Mau	Mau	Do	Do	1
	Gaursheopur	Gaursheopur	Do	Do	1
į	Jamwara	Jamwara	Do. Do.	Do	1
\	Bilharka	Bilharka	ъо.	Do	
5	Gurha kalan	Gurha kalan	Do.	District Board	40
Bagain }	Badausa	Badausa	Badausa	Private	
Paisuni	77	Karwi	Karwi	District Board	40
	Karwi	•••	· • • •		
	}			1	
	1				1
	1		·		

POST OFFICE, 1911.

<u> </u>	1		1
Tahsil.	Locality.	Class of office.	Management.
Banda	Banda Banda city. Inchauli Jaurahi Khannah Mataundh Gaurihar	Head office. Sub-office. Branch office. Ditto. Ditto. Ditto. Ditto.	
Pailani <	Pailani Jaspura Chilla Palra Piprenda Tindwari	Sub-post office. Branch post office. Ditto. Ditto. Ditto. Ditto.	
Girwan {	Girwan Kalinjar Khurhand Pangara	Sub-post office. Branch post office. Ditto. Ditto.	
Baberu {	Baberu Marka Murwal	Sub-post office. Branch post office. Ditto.	Imperial.
Badausa {	Badausa Atarra Bisanda Buzurg Oran	Sub-post office. Branch post office. Ditto. Ditto.	
Kamasin {	Kamasi n Pahari	Sub-post office. Branch post office.	
Karwi <	Karwi Manikpur Chitra kot Raipura Markhundi	Sub-post office. Ditto. Branch post office. Ditto. Ditto.	
Mau {	Mau Rajapur Bargarh	Sub-post office. Ditto. Branch post office.	

MARKETS.

Tahsil.		Town or v illage.	Market days.
Banda	{	Mataundh	Mondays and Thursdays, Sundays and Thursdays, Ditto, Mondays and Thursdays.
Pailani	(Gugauli Tindwari Pailani Gadariya Sindhan Kalan Kana Khera	Sundays and Wednesdays. Mondays and Thursdays. Ditto. Sundays and Wednesdays. Mondays. Sundays and Wednesdays.
Baberu	{	Baberu Hardauli Simauni Pindaran Baragaon	Tuesdays and Saturdays. Sundays and Wednesdays. Tuesdays and Fridays. Mondays and Fridays. Sundays.
Girwan	••	Girwan Sihonda Naraini Kartal Tarahti (Kalinjar) Gokhiya Bilgaon	Sunday. Daily. Tuesdays. Saturdays. Thursdays. Do. Saturdays.
Badausa	{	Badausa Fatehgani Baghela Bari Atarra Buzurg Bisanda Buzurg Oran	Tuesdays and Saturdays. Sundays. Wednesdays. Wednesdays and Saturdays. Mondays and Fridays. Eundays and Wednesdays.
Kamasin	{	Pachhaunhan Musiwan Bira Lakhanpur Jamu Kamasin	Mondays and Fridays. Ditto. Sundays and Thursdays. Tuesdays and Saturdays. Ditto. Daily.
Mau	{	Mau Rajapur Chibun Khandeha Purab Patai Bargarh	Sundays and Thursdays. Ditto. Tuesdays and Saturdays. Sundays and Thursdays. Mondays and Fridays. Saturdays and Tuesdays.
Karwi	{	Karwi Tarahuwan Bhaunri Manikpur Sitapur Khohi Ainchwara	Daily. Do. Mondays and Fridays. Daily. Do. Do. Do.

FAIRS.

Tahsil.	Locality.	Name of far.	Date.	Average attendance.
Banda.	Banda Do Do	Moharrem Ram Lila Kajulia Nau Durga	Not fixed Kuar (25th November) Bhadon (August) 1st October and April (Kuar and Chait) 22nd to 24th.	25,000 26,000 15,000 6,000
	Bahinga Chiobara Chamarkhannan Mohan Purwa Gusyari	Sidhhbaba Gadheriya Baba Bilandar Baba Simariya Devi Ghazi Miyan	January 12th Pus 20th (January). Ditto Baisakh (30th May). Baisakh (March)	£00 400 2,000 2,000 1,000
	Chandwara	Bhadon Dwadshi	Bhadon (27th September) 5 days.	5,000
Pailani	Gukhrehi	Barc Deo	Chait (30th April) Kastik (30th November).	4,000
	Niwaich Pailani Jahar Pir Terahi	Kaleshri Debi Pir Biyabani Brahm Kund Baman Dwadshi	Baisakh (30th April) Every Thursday Pus (January) End of Bhadon (September)	2,000 800 1,500 10,000
\	Baragaon	Jal-phag	September	8,000
$\frac{Ba}{beru}$	Baberu	Dasahra	October	10,000
Girwan, dauss.	Atarra Buzurg	Rahas	Kartik (24th 'November).	4,000
	Bhitaura	Batesvari Debi	Asarh (16th July) Aghan (16th December) Phagun (16th March).	500
	Barai Marpur	Rahas	Kartik (26th Novem-	200
	Gurha Kalau	Hanuman	ber). Baisakh (30th May) Kartik (30th Nov-	900
	Girwan	Rahas	ember,. Kartik (23rd November).	••
	Gokhiya Gurba Kalan Kalinjar	Lo. Mahabir Kalki (Nil Kanth)	Ditto April and May Kartik (80ch November).	2,000 6,000 5,000
	Khatri Kahar	Nau Durga	Kuar 20th to 24th (September—Octo- ber) and Chait.	2,000
	Murwan Nayagaon Bansi	Rahas Pawharya Debi Rahas	Kartik 27th Chait (23rd April) Kartik (80th November).	500 400 800
	Barsainda Buzurg.	Rahas and Nau Durga.	Kuar 22nd to 24th (September—Oc to- ber) and Chait (March),	250

FORESTS.

			TOTOLOGICA			
Tahsil.	Name of village in which forest is situated.		Area reserved and held by Government in full right.	Area reserved under the pach- pan paintalis agreement.	Remarks.	
		_	Acres.	Acres.		
,	Mau Khurd .		886			
(Unchadih .		414			
	Sakrauhan .		645			
	Ranipur Kalyan	n-	2,698	••		
	garh. Kathauta Mana	a-	2,250	••		
	niyan. Rajanhan .	.	4,619	••	Contains one forest exclud-	
	Deori		4,279		ed area. Contains two, Chak Deori	
į i	Gidurha	å	222	3	and Chak Jhil	
1		6	714	3/	A TITIT	
į	Nihi	- 1		2,110		
Į į	Mahuli .		865/1088590	949		
			4074436334469	2,671		
ĺ,	~~ " 1 "		U 1797 U W	728		
į į	C11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Y 12 U U U U U	69		
	- 36 0		1,140	• •		
Karwi	Chaunri .		4,037		Contains two	
1			AUT. (170 AV 57)	%	forests exclud-	
] !		- 13	THE STATE OF	2	ed areas.	
1	Chulha .		1,502	••		
1	Kulmar Parasin .		8,623	••	Contains one	
			सन्यमव जयत		forest exclud- ed area.	
	Donda .		5 ,4 16			
				908		
	Tikaria Janranha	ai		2,892		
		!	••	4,697		
		1	778	• •		
	Amchurnarwa .	1	4,217	••	One forest	
	Rukma Khurd .		133	••	excluded area.	
	Translate De Jul		731	}	ļ .	
-	Karka Padri .	••	1,238	••		
Ī		٠٠	2,243	••		
1	0.7 13 1	· ·	1,667	39		
	30.47-	• •	6,729		One forest	
-	MICOGORT	••	.,0		oxcluded area	
1	Rukma Buzurg .			1,978	Oxonada area	
\	Marayan Panwai	:: ri		1,886		
	TITUL CO JUST T CHILLY COL			,	1	
Badausa	Kalhua muafi .		6,182	••		
	Total .	}	55,816	18,982		

FAIRS-(concluded).

<u> </u>									
Tahsil. Locality.		Name of fair.	Date,	Average attend- ance.					
Girwan -(con-	Shah Paten	Devi Singhan	Chait (23rd April) Kuar (23rd October)	300					
Karwi.	Sitapur Lalapur Raipura	Diwali Ram Naumi Dit o Dasahra	Kartik (15th November). About 9th April April Kuar (October)	100,000 100,000 5,000 2,000					
Mau. Kamasin.	Jamrehi Do. Lakhanpur Kucharam	Mahabir Sankat Moohen, Sheo Ratri Basant Singh Bahni Devi	Ditto March February Chait and Kuar (April and October). Ditto	3,000 10,000 20,000 2,000 4,000					
	Lohra	Bir Baba {	From 80th Kartik to 15th Aghan. From 30th Baisakh to 15th Jeth.	15,000					
	Rajapur	Moharram Mahabir Sankat Mochan.	Not fixed Full moon of Kartik and Baisakh (November and May).	20,500					
. (Mau	Ditto	Ditto	1,500					
		सन्यमेन जय							